Mälarenergi replaced resistors and slipring motors, which controlled district heating pumps, with four ACS1000 variable speed drive systems (each rated at 1765 kW (2365 hp)). Thus, the heat losses caused by the flow control method were reduced considerably and the production of electrical energy was increased by about 35 GWh per year.

**Background**
Mälarenergi AB is a city-owned electric power and district heating provider based in Sweden. It has over 700 employees, is owned by the city of Västerås and have a turnover of approx 3 billion SEK (over 300 MUSD).

**Plant efficiency**
The basic indicator for efficiency and environmental impact of power generation is the total efficiency achieved. The more effectively the plant is able to convert the fuel’s thermal energy – either to electricity or to heat – the higher is the efficiency of the plant. In recent years the focus has been on increased electricity production.

**Challenge**
When Mälarenergi installed its first equipment in the 1960s, the attitude towards energy was different than today. Energy was cheap and was amply available. However, the environmental pollution of recent years, has changed this awareness. EU directives, electricity certificates and the Kyoto protocol have all contributed to the need for a more environmentally friendly and efficient production of electricity and heat.

During the 1990s, Mälarenergi started to invest in a more cost-efficient and environmentally friendly electricity production by modernizing old plants, introducing biofuel and scrutinizing its energy consumption.

### Highlights
- Increased electricity production by more than 5 %
- Reduced CO₂ emissions
- Accurate pressure and better stability in the district heating network Mollibus rem
- Better utilization of the district heating
- Improved process control
- Payback on investment period: 1 year
In 2003 ABB made an energy analysis, which revealed that a lot of energy could be saved by upgrading the pump and fan applications with the latest variable speed control method.

Solution
ABB replaced the resistors and slip-ring motors, which controlled the district heating pumps, with four ACS1000 variable speed drive systems (each rated at 1765 kW), including drives, motors and transformers.

Benefits
After initial evaluation, Mälarenergi stated the following benefits:

Increased plant efficiency
Since the installation of ABB’s variable speed drives, the losses caused by the flow control method have been reduced considerably. The reduced production of district heat has been replaced by a higher production of electrical energy in the process that generates both heat and electricity.

The losses were removed from the district heating system, which increases the cooling water temperature difference across the heat exchangers in the district heating circuit. This results in an increase in saleable electricity of about 35 GWh/year.

Reduced CO₂ emissions
The increased plant efficiency results in a reduction of CO₂ emissions.

Accurate pressure and improved stability in district heating network
As the pressure of the district heating pumps, which supply customers with heat, has to be kept at a constant level, the differential pressure is continuously controlled. Previously this was done manually. Since the installation of the ACS1000 drives, and a new control system, the differential pressure is controlled automatically. This results in an accurate and more stable pressure in the district heating piping system and a lower temperature of the return water, which allows a better utilization of the heat by the consumers.

Reduced maintenance costs
The existing motors were old and in great need of maintenance. Had Mälarenergi not decided to replace them, they would have been forced to send them for an extensive maintenance overhaul.
The manual control of the differential pressure in the district heating piping system resulted in considerable fluctuations.

Since the installation of the ACS1000 variable speed drives and a new control system, the differential pressure has been controlled automatically, which resulted in a more accurate and stable pressure in the district heating piping system.

*Customer satisfaction*

At the time of the installation, Mälarenergi had seven ACS1000 and one ACS6000 drive from ABB installed at its facility. They control four district heating pumps (4 x 1765 kW), a boiler feed pump (5750 kW), an accumulator pump (800 kW) and a fan and a pump for a new bio-fuelled boiler.

Sven Olof Kindstedt, System Engineer at Mälarenergi, states: "In the beginning it was difficult for us to understand how much the overall efficiency would improve with ABB’s variable speed drive systems. But ABB managed to visualize this very well. Thanks to ABB’s level of technical competence we have today a more efficient operation, an improved heat rate of our plant, and better balance in the district heating network."

**ACS1000 key data**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inverter type</th>
<th>Three-level Voltage Source Inverter (VSI)</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Power range</td>
<td>Air cooling: 315 kW - 2 MW</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Water cooling: 1.8 MW - 5 MW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output voltage</td>
<td>2.3 kV, 3.3 kV, 4.0 kV, 4.16 kV (optional: 6.0 kV - 6.6 kV with step-up transformer)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum output frequency</td>
<td>66 Hz (optional: 82.5 Hz)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Converter efficiency</td>
<td>Typically &gt; 98%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of motor</td>
<td>Induction motor</td>
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</tbody>
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