

DECEMBER 2020

ABB-free@home® – local REST API

Webinar – Competence Center Europe – Smart Buildings

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Agenda

Introduction

API – Application Programming Interface

ABB Developer Portal

Installation

Swagger: API Documentation & Design Tool



Introduction

Introduction

Motivation

- ABB-free@home® transforms the house or apartment into an intelligent home. Whether lighting, shading, room temperature, door communication or entertainment – comfort, safety and efficiency can be controlled intuitively
- The Smarter Home Developer Program has been created, so that this promise can be extended to other devices and services in the household
- This will give our customers the possibility to create a holistic smart home solution
- The "free@home local REST API" will be the next interface extending our open systems approach

Smarter Home Developer Program



New perspectives on networking for external developers. With the "Smarter Home Developer Program" ABB opens its systems for developers and partners.

Introduction

Goals

- Customers are able to interconnect additional systems and solutions with free@home and to use them in one ecosystem
 - free@home can be the central system and can be extended with additional devices or services from 3rd party or even ABB offerings
 - free@home can be connected to other central systems inside a building (like BMS)
- The local REST API only works on premise and inside the same building
 - No data leaving the building
 - Limited to be used inside the same building
- Giving our customers the feeling of one overall "smart home" regardless of source and matter





Introduction – USPs

Seamless integration into one system



Seamless integration into a professional installed smart home system

Add 3rd party systems and functions into free@home to sensors, panel displays, scenes and applications like timers or actions

Protecting customers' data



Easy to expand with other solutions due to open and standardized interface

Suitable for all markets globally where free@home is available

Targeting different building segments



Suitable for single family house, where tech-savvy enduser will integrate 3rd party solutions into free@home

Suitable for pre-fitted apartments, that come with free@home and other systems

(There must be a validation if the free@home REST API doesn't fit better to the needs in some cases)

Easy to expand



Easy to expand with other solutions due to open and standardized interface

Suitable for all markets globally where free@home is available

Introduction

Example use cases for end customers

Due to the local REST API tech savvy user or developer can develop own applications and can bring different solutions and services together with free@home

The integration of free@home into open Smart Home Hubs offers the possibility to enable many different use cases also to other end customers

Examples:

- Bring vacuum cleaner into free@home
- Control your smart robot mower
- Write and persist data inside a dashboard or google sheet



Introduction

Example use cases for professional partners

The integration of free@home into BMS offers the possibility to enable many different use cases

In this B2B cases it depends if the BMS manufacturer decides to integrate towards the local or cloud API of free@home because of different pros and contras

Examples:

- Hotels with multiple free@home systems installed
- Multi tenant apartment houses
- free@home and Energy Solutions like EV Charger and Solar



API – Application Programming Interface

API – Application Programming Interface

Questions

- APIs. What are they?
- What can I do with an API?
- Do I need to understand them?
- What are my customers constantly talking about?
- Do I really need to monitor APIs?
- How to get started?



API – Application Programming Interface

General Information

- APIs allow different systems to communicate with each other. It lets a mobile app talk to a social network, or a payments service work the same way across the web, TV, mobile and other platforms
- REST is a Representational State Transfer. It's a stateless, clientserver, cacheable communication protocol that usually uses HTTP



API – Application Programming Interface

Cloud vs. Local API

Cloud API / Web API

- Cloud-based API integrated in MyBuilding
- Controlled data-exchange with free@home to extend the Smart Home functionality
- Ideal for making Smart Home services available for free@home

Local API

 New interface for application programming (API) for ABBfree@home[®]





API – Application Programming Interface

Internal vs. Public vs. External API

Internal API / Private API

- A private API is intended for internal use only
- Example: free@home connection to MyBuildings

Public API / Partner API

- The API is shared with specific business partners
- This allows you to tap additional sources of income without compromising quality
- Example: free@home connection to HomeConnect, Miele, Sonos, HUE, etc.

External API / Open API

- This API is available to everyone
- This allows third parties to develop apps to interact with your API and opens up opportunities for innovation
- free@home open for end customers

Slide 13



ABB

API – Application Programming Interface

Situation today

- free@home is already working with API solutions
- The usage of API solutions is not new
- But: the available solutions were limited to the integrated solutions of ABB and their partners
- Now the end customer can generate new use cases and integrations on his own



ABB Developer Portal

ABB Developer Portal

Introduction

- Whether you are looking to integrate our APIs into your application, website or service, you can find out how to do it at our ABB Developer Portal
- Our APIs enable you to create value added experiences with Smart Home and Smart Building solutions
 - Documentations
 - Tutorials
 - APIs
 - Products
 - Support
 - FAQ
- https://developer.eu.mybuildings.abb.com/



ABB Developer Portal

First steps

- To use the Cloud API an ABB MyBuildings account is needed
- Register on MyBuildings and send a request on the website to get access to the API



ABB Developer Portal

Documentations

- Interested users will find many documentations, tutorials and examples under the tab "Documentation"
- Details step-by-step guides for all available APIs

y	our application and use your service. Additionally you will find dedicated information about our cloud infrastructure, how to set up instructure (sour soor source) how to set up instructure (source) how to set users connect our cloud infrastructure, how to set up instructure (source) how to set up instructure (source) have up instruc
A	ABB Developer Portal and cloud authorization
	How to get started on the ABB Developer Portal
	OAuth2 Authentication How OAuth2 sample
A	ABB free@home cloud API
	free@home.cloud.API
	 Prerequisites for using the free@home cloud API
	Free@home_cloud_API concepts Eree@home_cloud_API concepts
	Free@home cloud API reference
A	ABB free@home local API
	free@home local API
	Prerequisites for using the free@home local API
	Free@home local API concepts Free@home local API concepts Free@home local API concepts
	Free@home local API reference
A	ABB KNX IoT Dashboard Server

ABB-free@home® – local REST API Installation

Installation

First steps

- The free@home local API is capable accessing the free@home system access points of end users when they are connected to the local network. For this, a few prerequisites must be met by the end user
- This API is capable of controlling a SysAP in the local network
- The end user needs an ABB-free@home smart access point with version 2.6.0 or later
- The free@home next App for a mobile device
- The end user must enable the local API in the SysAP settings of the free@home next app, found under:

More -> Settings -> Local API



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More	
A Notification center	>
] App Settings	>
(i) System information	>
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§ About ABB	>
ि Logout	>

Installation

First steps

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Settings	
System	
Localization	>
Backups	>
Geo locations	>
Migration	>
Service	>
onnections	
Network	>
free@home wireless	>
ntegrations	
Local API	>
Hue Bridges	>
Sonos	>

< Local API Service
The Local API allows you to monitor and control all your devices by a Local REST API or by a websocket. In addition, you can register new devices to make them visible in your free@home system. The documentation for this API can be found here:
Enable Local API by enabling this feature you are agreeing to the <u>terms of service</u>
Connection
When using the API, it is recommended to enable SSL in your REST client. You can download or generate the certificate here. Please note that regenerating the certificate will also restart the System Access Point. Generate certificate
Download certificate

08:54

Installation

First steps

- The free@home local API is capable accessing the free@home system access points of end users when they are connected to the local network. For this, a few prerequisites must be met by the end user
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C Local API	
The Local API allows you to monitor and c your devices by a Local REST API or by a w In addition, you can register new devices them visible in your free@home system. documentation for this API can be found https://developer.eu.mybuildings.abb.co	rontrol all vebsocket. to make The here: <u>m</u>
Credentials	
The following credentials can be used to o your system access point via local REST A Authentication type	connect to Pl:
Basic Auth User name installer	Ð
Password Your personally set password for logi app and the web interface.	n in the
Connection	
When using the API, it is recommended to in your REST client. You can download or the certificate here. Please note that rege the certificate will also restart the System Point	o enable SSL generate nerating o Access

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Credentials

< Local API

Enable Local API

Authentication typ Basic Auth

installer

Connection

Point

by enabling this feature you are agreeing to the terms of servic

The following credentials can be used to connect to

Your personally set password for login in the

When using the API, it is recommended to enable SSL in your REST client. You can download or generate

Generate certificate

Download certificate

the certificate here. Please note that regenerating the certificate will also restart the System Access

app and the web interface.

your system access point via local REST API:

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Installation

First steps

- SSL certificate to generate an encrypted communication between free@home and your Raspberry Pi
- The generated certificate must be integrated into Node-RED
- Website will be displayed as HTTPS (Hyper Text Transfer Protocol Secure)

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< Lo	cal API	
~	Enable Local API by enabling this feature you as	e agreeing to the <u>terms of service</u>
Credent	ials	
The your	following credentials c system access point v	an be used to connect to ia local REST API:
	Authentication type Basic Auth	
	User name installer	D
	Password Your personally set pas app and the web interf	isword for login in the ace.
Connect	tion	
When in you the of Poin	n using the API, it is red our REST client. You car certificate here. Please certificate will also rest t.	commended to enable SSL download or generate note that regenerating art the System Access
	Generate	certificate
	Download	certificate

ABB-free@home[®] – local REST API Testing the API

Testing the API

Web interface

To test the API, the calls can be triggered via a web interface.
 This is available at

http://{IP-Address of the System Access Point}/swagger

	Authorize 🔒
	Î
free@home is the leading Smart Home System from ABB.	
Servers //fhapi/v1	Authorize 🔒
api Main API	~
GET /api/rest/configuration Get configuration	â
GET /api/rest/devicelist Get devicelist	â
GET /api/rest/device/{sysap}/{device} Get device	
GET /api/rest/datapoint/{sysap}/{device}.{channel}.{datapoint} Get datapoint value	Ĥ
PUT /api/rest/datapoint/{sysap}/{device}.{channel}.{datapoint} Set datapoint value	â
PUT /api/rest/virtualdevice/{sysap}/{serial} Create virtual device	
default	~
GET /api/ws Websocket connection	â

Testing the API

Web interface

 Enter the username and the password and select "Authorize" to authorize

The following credentials can be used to connect to your system access point via local REST API:
Authentication type Basic Auth
User name
Password Your personally set password for login in the app and the web interface.
×

Credentials

Testing the API

Web interface

- The status will be indicated as "Authorized" now
- You can use the available "get" and "put" commands in the web interface now

Available authorizations	×
basicAuth (http, Basic)	
Authorized	
Username: installer Password: *****	
Logout Close	
evice) (characint) Set datapoint value	

Testing the API

Web interface

- The status will be indicated as "Authorized" now
- You can use the available "get" and "put" commands in the web interface now
- To disconnect click again on "Authorize" and "Logout"

Available authorizations ×	
basicAuth (http, Basic) Authorized Username: installer Passwort: ******	Authorize
Logout Close	↑
Receptome API TO CASS hapliv/topenapi yani rec@home is the leading Smart Home System from ABB.	
ervers ithapi/v1 ~	Authorize 🔒
api Main API	~
GET /api/rest/configuration Get configuration	
GET /api/rest/devicelist Get devicelist	•
GET /api/rest/device/{sysap}/{device} Get device	₽
GET /api/rest/datapoint/{sysap}/{device}.{channel}.{datapoint} Get datapoint value	۵
PUT /api/rest/datapoint/{sysap}/{device}.{channel}.{datapoint} Set datapoint value	₽
PUT /api/rest/virtualdevice/{sysap}/{serial} Create virtual device	a
default	~
GET /api/ws Websocket connection	a

Testing the API

Main API – Commands

- "Get configuration": Get configuration for all user registered System Access Points, this includes the schema for all devices, channels and data points, the floorplan and current user information
- "Get devicelist": Get list of devices for all System Access Points
- "Get device": Get configuration information for given device
- "Get datapoint value": Get the current value of a given datapoint
- "Set datapoint value": Set a new value for a given datapoint
- "Create virtual device": Create a virtual device inside free@home

api Main API	
GET	/api/rest/configuration Get configuration
GET	/api/rest/devicelist Get devicelist
GET	<pre>/api/rest/device/{sysap}/{device} Get device</pre>
GET	<pre>/api/rest/datapoint/{sysap}/{device}.{channel}.{datapoint} Get datapoint value</pre>
PUT	<pre>/api/rest/datapoint/{sysap}/{device}.{channel}.{datapoint} Set datapoint value</pre>
PUT	<pre>/api/rest/virtualdevice/{sysap}/{serial} Create virtual device</pre>

Testing the API

- All functions can be opened by clicking on the tab
- A complete description of the function with all linked parameters and possible responses will be displayed
- Function can be tested by clicking on "Try it out"

pi Main	API	Ň
GET	/api/rest/configuration Get configuration	
Get configi	iration for all user registered System Access Points, this includes the schema for all devices, channels and data points, the floorplan and current user information.	
The respor	ise body is a JSON object that uses the SysAP UUID of each SysAP of the requesting user account as key. The configuration of that SysAP is the corresponding value and is again a JSON object.	
You can fir	d further description and an example of the returned data model in the documentation and an example of this request in the samples.	
Parameter	s	Try it out
No parame	ters	
Response	S	
Code	Description	Link
200	Configuration	No lii
	Media type	
	application/json 🗸	
	Controls Accept header.	

Testing the API

- All functions can be opened by clicking on the tab
- A complete description of the function with all linked parameters and possible responses will be displayed
- Function can be tested by clicking on "Try it out"
- To start the application, click on "Execute"

api Main API		``
GET /api/rest/con	iguration Get configuration	
Get configuration for all user registe The response body is a JSON objec You can find further description and	ed System Access Points, this includes the schema for all devices, channels and data points, the floorplan and current user information. I that uses the SysAP UUID of each SysAP of the requesting user account as key. The configuration of that SysAP is the corresponding value and is again a JSON object. In example of the returned data model in the <u>documentation</u> and an example of this request in the <u>samples</u> .	
Parameters	C	Cancel
lo parameters		
Execute		

Testing the API

- All functions can be opened by clicking on the tab
- A complete description of the function with all linked parameters and possible responses will be displayed
- Function can be tested by clicking on "Try it out"
- To start the application, click on "Execute"
- The response will be displayed below

Get configuration	for all user registered System Access Points, this includes the schema for all devices, chann this a ISON object that uses the Sys&P II IID of each Sys&P of the requesting user account	els and data points, the floorplan and current user information.
The response bo	dv is a ISON object that uses the SvsAP I II IID of each SvsAP of the requesting user account	
	ay is a boot object that abes the object that abes	it as key. The configuration of that SysAP is the corresponding value and is again a JSON object.
You can find furt	er description and an example of the returned data model in the documentation and an exam	nple of this request in the samples.
Parameters		Cance
No paramotoro		
no parameters		
	Execute	Clear
Responses		
Curl		
curl -X GET "h	ttp://192.168.0.242/fhapi/v1/api/rest/configuration" -H "accept: application/json" -H "A	Authorization: Basic aW5zdGFsbGVyOm13Z3VybWExMzM3"
Request LIRI		
http://192.168	.0.242/fhapi/v1/api/rest/configuration	
Server response		
Code Det	ails	
LUUE DO		
200 Res	ponse body	
200 Res	ponse body	

Testing the API

- All functions can be opened by clicking on the tab
- A complete description of the function with all linked parameters and possible responses will be displayed
- Function can be tested by clicking on "Try it out"
- To start the application, click on "Execute"
- The response will be displayed below
- The "Get configuration" function will generate the complete configuration of your free@home system



Testing the API

Main API – Get devicelist

- Get list of devices for all System Access Points
- This endpoint is similar to the /api/rest/configuration endpoint, but only provides access to the list of Device IDs that are known by each SysAP, not their corresponding configuration



Testing the API

Main API – Get device

- Get configuration information for given device
- This endpoint is similar to the /api/rest/configuration endpoint, but except for returning the full configuration of all SysAPs, it returns the configuration of a single device in a single SysAP only and therefore is much faster and requires less bandwidth
- The response body is a JSON object that maps the (single) SysAP UUID to an object that contains "devices" object (only) which in turn holds the specified device object (only)

GET /api/re	st/device/{sysap}/{device} Get device		
Get configuration information for given device.			
This endpoint is similar to the /api/rest/configuration endpoint, but except for returning the full configuration of all SysAPs, it returns the configuration of a single device in a single SysAP only and therefore is much faster and requires less bandwidth.			
The response body is a JS	ON object that maps the (single) SysAP UUID to an object that contains "devices" object (only) which in turn holds the specified device object (only).		
See also the documentation	n for the meaning of the contents of the device object.		
Parameters	Cancel		
Name	Description		
Sysap * required string (path) pattern: ^0{8}-0{4}-0{4}-0{4}-0{12}	SysAP UUID		
	۶۶ 0000000-0000-0000-00000000000		
device * required string (path)	Device Serial		
pattern: ^[0-9A-Fa-f]{12}\$	\$ BEED3F4B0001		
	Execute		

Testing the API

Main API – Get device

- Get configuration information for given device
- This endpoint is similar to the /api/rest/configuration endpoint, but except for returning the full configuration of all SysAPs, it returns the configuration of a single device in a single SysAP only and therefore is much faster and requires less bandwidth
- The response body is a JSON object that maps the (single) SysAP UUID to an object that contains "devices" object (only) which in turn holds the specified device object (only)



Testing the API

Comparison API vs. KNX – Where is the device located?



Testing the API

Comparison API vs. KNX – How is the device called and what is it?



Testing the API

Comparison API vs. KNX – Which functions/channels are available?



Testing the API

Main API – Get datapoint

- Get the current value of a given datapoint



GET /api/rest/datapoint/{sysap}/{device}.{channel}.{datapoint} Get datapoint value			
Get the current value of a given datapoint. See the documentation on datapoints for further information and the samples for an example.			
Parameters			
Name	Description		
sysap * required	SysAP UUID		
(patn) pattern: ^0{8}-0{4}-0{4}-0{4}-0{4}-0{12}\$	0000000-0000-0000-000000000000000000000		
<pre>device * required string (path)</pre>	Datapoint Serial. as obtained from e.g. a /api/rest/configuration call.		
pattern: ^[0-9A-Fa-f]{12}\$	BEED3F4B0001		
channel * ^{required} string (path)	Channel of a device. Selects a channel in a device, as obtained from e.g. a /api/rest/configuration call.		
pattern: ^ch[0-9A-Fa-f]{4}\$	ch0000		
<pre>datapoint * required string (path)</pre>	Datapoint Serial. Selects a datapoint in a channel of a device.		
pattern: ^[io]dp[0-9A-Fa-f] {4}\$	idp0000		
	Execute	Clear	



Testing the API

Comparison API vs. KNX – How is the device called and what is it?



ABB-free@home[®] – local REST API

Testing the API

Main API – Set datapoint value

- Set a new value for a given datapoint

Server response	
Code	Details
200	<pre>Response body { "00000000-0000-0000-0000-0000-00000-0000-0000</pre>
	}

PUT /api/rest/datapoint/{sysap}/{device}.{channel}.{datapoint} Set datapoint value			
Set a new value for a given datapoint. See the documentation on datapoints for further information and the samples for an example.			
Parameters		Cancel	
Name	Description		
<pre>sysap * required string (nath)</pre>	SysAP UUID		
pattern: ^0{8}-0{4}-0{4}-0{4}-0{4}-0{12}\$	0000000-0000-0000-000000000000000000000		
<pre>device * required string (path)</pre>	Datapoint Serial. as obtained from e.g. a /api/rest/configuration call.		
pattern: ^[0-9A-Fa-f]{12}\$	^{\$} BEED3F4B0001		
channel * required string (path)	Channel of a device. Selects a channel in a device, as obtained from e.g. a /api/rest/configuration call.		
pattern: ^ch[0-9A-Fa-f]{4}\$	3 ^s ch0000		
<pre>datapoint * required string (path)</pre>	Datapoint Serial. Selects a datapoint in a channel of a device.		
pattern: ^[io]dp[0-9A-Fa-f] {4}\$	f ¹ idp0002		
Request body	text/plain	~	
New value			
50			

Testing the API

Main API – Virtual devices

- Create a virtual device inside free@home
- You can choose a serial number freely
 - BinarySensor
 SwitchingActuator
 CeilingFanActuator
 RTC
 DimActuator
 WindowSensor
 ShutterActuator
 WeatherStation
 Weather-TemperatureSensor
 Weather-BrightnessSensor
 Weather-RainSensor
 CODetector
 FireDetector

Parameters			Cancel
Name	Description		
sysap * required string (nath)	SysAP UUID		
pattern: ^0{8}-0{4}-0{4}-0{4}-0{4}-0{12}\$	0000000-0000-0000-0000-000000000000		
serial * required string (noth)	serialnumber for virtual device (choose freely)		
pattern: ^[a-zA-Z0-9\] {1,64}\$	abcd12345		
Request body ^{required}		application/json	~
Optional description in JSON			
<pre>{ "type": "SwitchingActua" "properties": { "ttl": "180", "displayname": "Virtua } }</pre>	or", 1 switch"		

Testing the API

Main API – Virtual devices – TTL

- TTL = Time to Life
- Timelife of the virtual device in seconds
- To mark a virtual device as unresponsive (or ready for removal), reregister the device with a TTL value of zero
- To avoid re-registering of the virtual device at regular intervals, the API user can specify a TTL value of -1



Testing the API

Use cases with virtual devices

- You can register a garage door opener in your home automation system as virtual device to control and monitor it from there
- Use virtual switch actuators for internal actions (logic functions)
- Use virtual switch actuators to control 3rd party systems like Gardena or Velux via free@home
- Integrate weather data from Netatmo
- Integrate a nest thermostat into free@home
- Etc.



Testing the API

Deleting virtual devices via free@home

- Virtual devices can be deleted via the free@home menu
- Device configuration → select the virtual device, which should be deleted →
 Maintenance → Reset and "Delete external device"

DEVICE MAINTEN	ANCE		
Device statu	S		
Software version Proxy of	0.1		
 Reboot the dev Reset Delete external 	 Reboot the device Reset Delete external device 		
×	🗸 Ok		

Testing the API

WS - Websockets

- WebSocket is a computer communication protocol, providing full-duplex communication channels over a single TCP connection
- Used to push, send and receive data to and from browsers (example: chat applications like Telegram, Whatsapp, etc.)
- Here we use websockets to send and receive data to and from the System Access Point

GET	/api/ws Websocket connection	
This end fail.	point is used to open a websocket connection. In order to use this endpoint, you must use a websocket implementation and use the "wss://" protocol schema instead of "https", a normal http request on the term of	this URL
When the	websocket has been opened successfully, the client will receive events from the free@home cloud for all registered SysAPs in the account of the requester.	
Also note documer	that this call can NOT be tested by using the swagger ui frontend (the "Try it" button). You must use a websocket implementation for this request, the portal does not support this. See the websocket set tation for an example.	ection in
Paramet	ers	Try it o
No parar	neters	
No parar Respons	reters res	
No parar Respons Code	eters ies Description	Lir
No parar Respons Code 101	inters	Lii
No parar Respons Code 101 401	neters neters neters neters Description Switching protocols (websocket success). This response code is sent to indicate that the connection is upgraded from an HTTP to a websocket connection. You should normally not see this response code, the library/code that implements the websocket should have handled this. Authentication information is missing or invalid	Lit

Practical Examples

Installation

Preparation

- The following devices are needed to work with the free@home API:
 - System Access Point 2.0 SAP/S.3 (FW: 2.6.0. or higher)
 - Raspberry Pi + Power Supply + Housing
 - SD card with 4GB or more
 - Windows/MAC/Linux PC with SD card reader











Practical Examples

Integration free@home in Apple Home(Kit)

free@home can be integrated into Apple
 Home Kit with the local REST API





Practical Examples

Integration free@home in Apple Home(Kit)

- Setup your Raspberry Pi and install the Homebridge application
- Open <u>http://homebridge.local</u> or http://<ip address of your server>



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Practical Examples

Integration free@home in Apple Home(Kit)

- Open the Home app on your mobile device
- Tap the Home tab, then tap
- Add Accessories and scan the QR code displayed in the Homebridge user interface
- Follow the installation wizard to finish the integration





Practical Examples

Integration free@home in Apple Home(Kit)

- Open the Homebridge interface again and navigate to "Plugins"
- Search for "freeathome" and install the plugin
- Navigate to "configuration"
- Edit the config.json with your personal credentials



Homebridge Status Plugins Konfiguration Gerate	ும் :
free@home	\otimes
Nicht installiert Veri Homebridge Broadlink Heater Cooler homebridge-broadlink-heater-cooler v2.2.3 (2020-11-18)	ed Nicht installiert @henryspanka Homebridge Freeathome homebridge-freeathome v2.0.3 (2020-08-19)
INSTALLIEREN "D	Z INSTALLIEREN [©] Z
Nicht installiert @emptygal Homebridge Freeathome Platform homebridge-freeathome-platform v1.0.7 (2020-08-12)	ky Nicht installiert @securechicken Homebridge Freebox Player Delta homebridge-freebox-player-delta v1.2.0 (2020-11-07)
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Practical Examples

Integration free@home in Apple Home(Kit)

 The free@home devices should appear in your Home app now (this may take some minutes after the restart)



Practical Examples

Netatmo integration

- In this example an open hardware platform like a raspberry pi is taken and equipped with open-source software like "Node-RED"
- Inside free@home a virtual weather station is created which appear in free@home, but is not belonging to any physical auxiliary device
- Now the data from a 3rd party weather station is injected to the virtual weather station inside free@home
- On the righthand side you can see the data inside free@home next app. It appears as native weather station data
- Precondition: IoT Hub set up and running and a SysAP 2.0 with activated API



Practical Examples

Setup of the IoT Hub

- To integrate a 3rd party system to free@home an IoT Hub must be installed on your Raspberry Pi
- Possible IoT Hubs:
 - OpenHAB2: open IoT hub to network several systems and services with each other (free@home binding already included)
 - Node-RED: visual IoT logic editor for connecting several systems with the help of "flows"
 - Grafana: open web visualization to be able to easily build dashboards
 - influxDB: Database in the background to persist all values in the smart home



Practical Examples

Linking free@home and Netatmo

- 1. Integrate free@home in openHAB
- 2. Integrate Netatmo in openHAB
- 3. Create a virtual weather station in free@home (swagger interface)
- 4. Linking Netatmo and free@home via Node-RED





ABB-free@home[®] – local REST API

Practical Examples

Visualize data from free@home



Practical Examples

Visualize data from free@home

- In this example an open HW platform like a raspberry pi is taken an equipped with opensource software like "Node-RED, InfluxDB and Grafana
- This gives the possibility to easily gather and persist all data coming from the free@home system and to visualize it





Practical Examples

Smart robot mower integration

 In this example a smart robot mower can be started with virtual devices in the free@home interface





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