

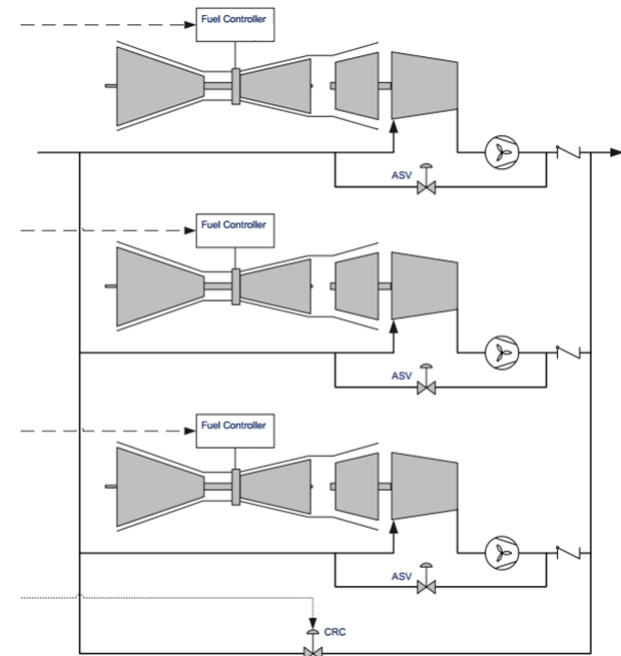


BU PA-IS, A&ES, November 2013

SmartSharing™ Adaptive Load Sharing Controller

Load Sharing In Gas Compression Stations

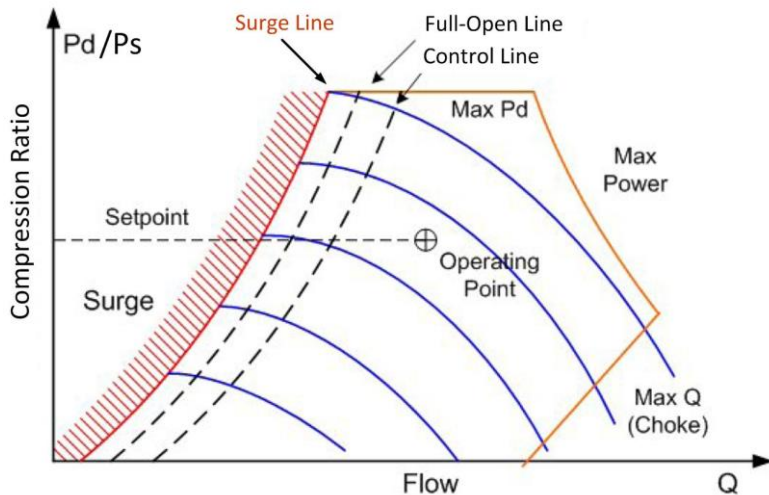
- When one machine is not enough to provide enough flow or pressure, multiple compressors/pumps are used in parallel
- The main goal of Load Sharing Control is to reduce compressors/pumps recycling, however these methods are mostly experience/empirical based and not very efficient on the long term
- *Main Goals:*
 - Reduce machine saturation
 - Less recycle
 - Less time spend in over-speed limit/temperature limit



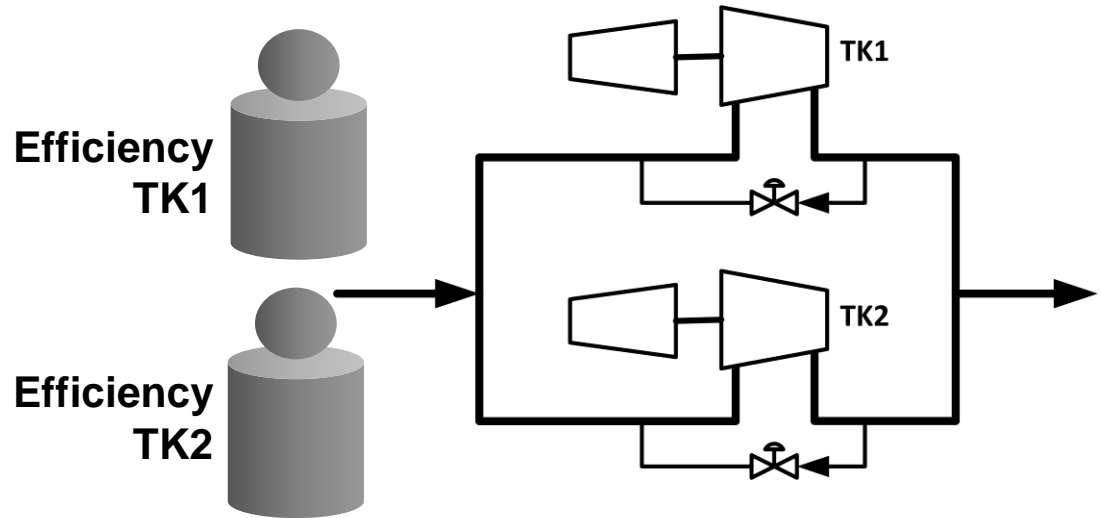
- Improve response time to reference change
- Improve fuel/power efficiency per Sm³ of compressed gas

Load Sharing Base Concept

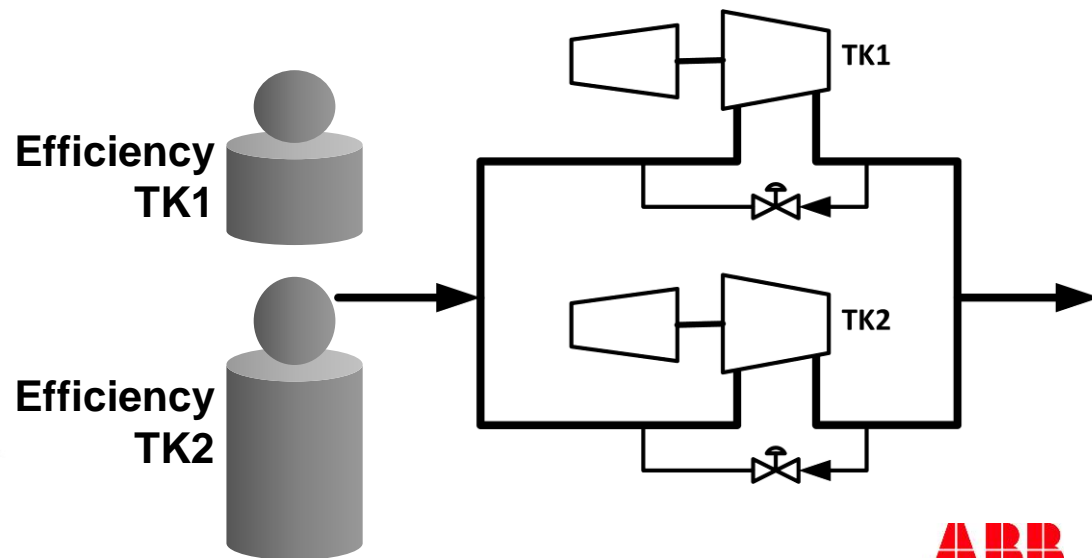
- Load Sharing is a complex problem, that requires information on:
 - “Weights” of machine’s efficiency
 - Operative Limits



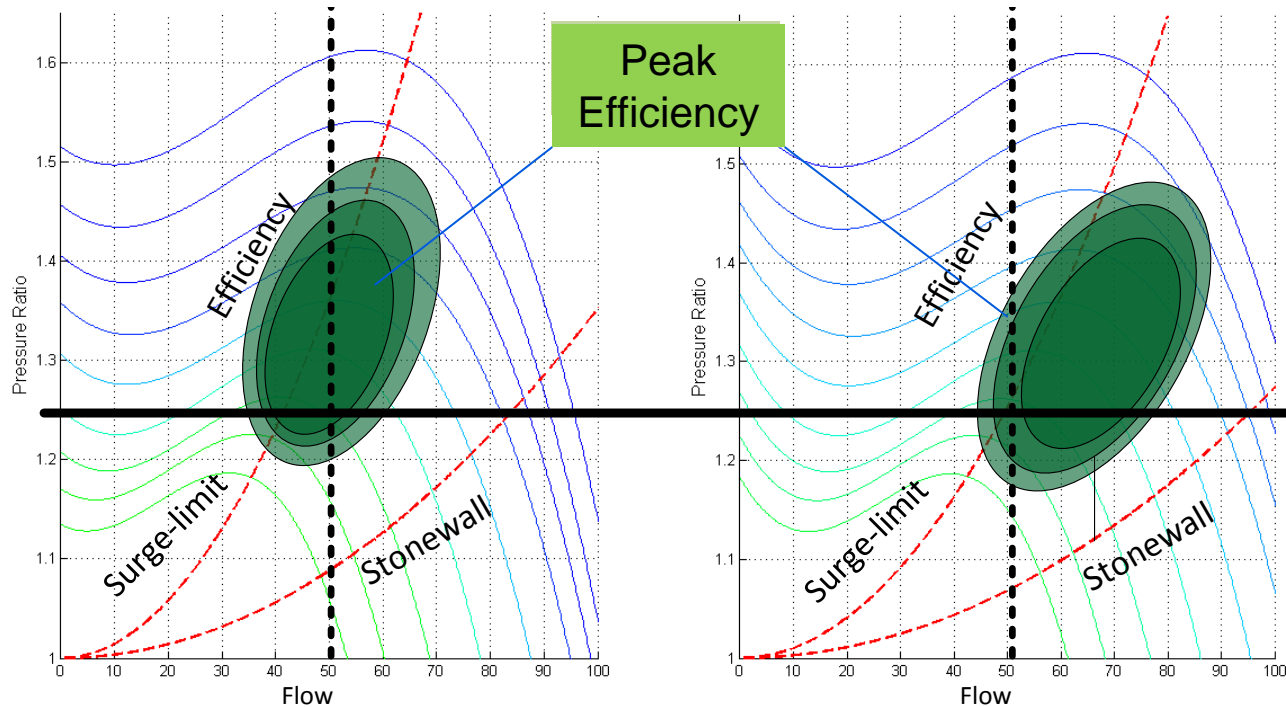
“Ideal Case” - Similar Machines, Similar Efficiency



“Real Case” – Similar Machines, Different Efficiency



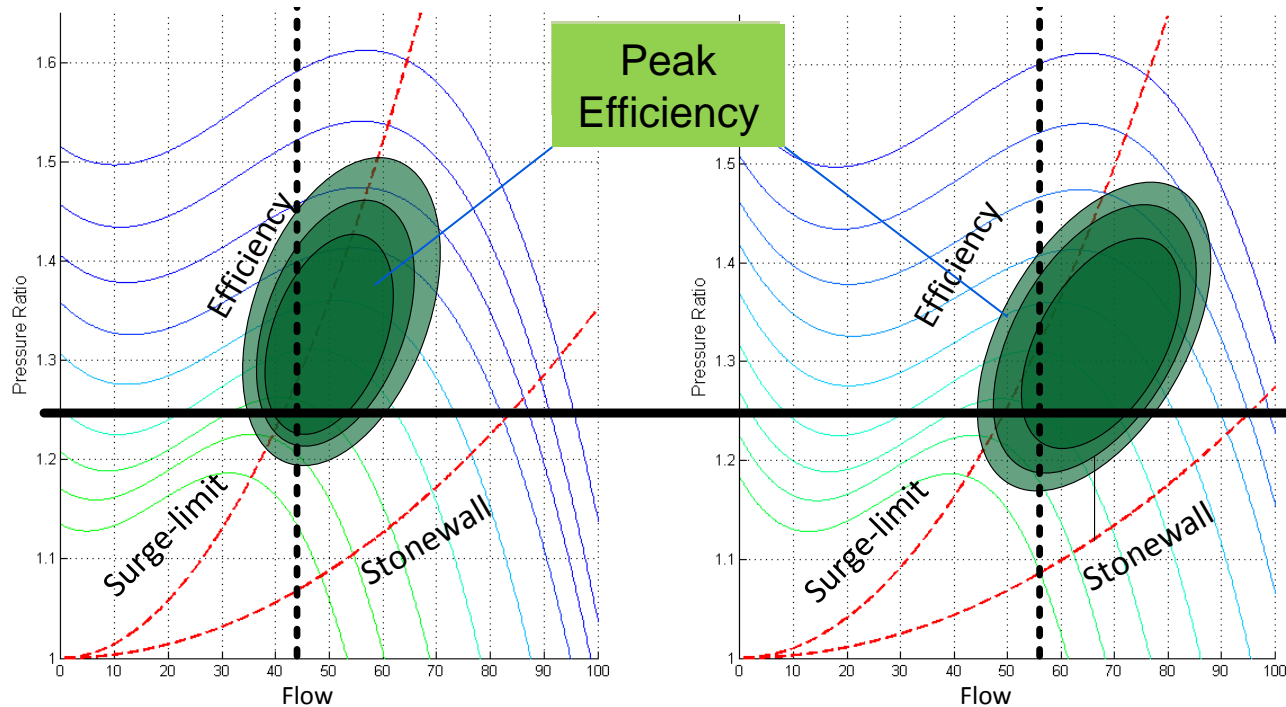
Load Sharing Equal Sharing



Machine #1 Production 0.5 CMm³/h
Machine #2 Production 0.5 CMm³/h
Fuel Consumption 2000 Cm³/h
Total Production 1.00 CMm³/h

Load Sharing

Performance Based Sharing



Machine #1 Production 0.45 CMm³/h
Machine #2 Production 0.55 CMm³/h
Fuel Consumption 1900 Cm³/h (-5%)
Total Production 1.00 CMm³/h

Same production
Less consumption

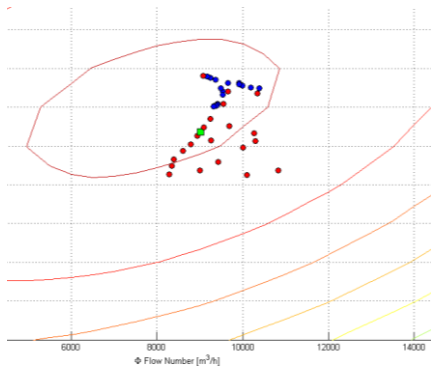
Load Sharing

What is needed

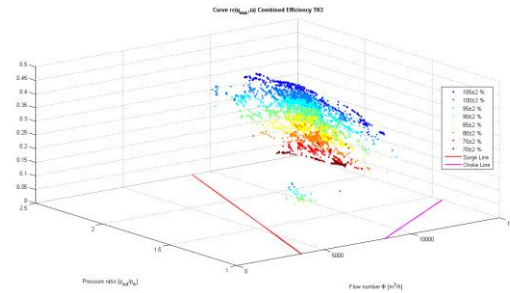
- Nowadays in order to define the efficiency “weights” and the operative limits it is needed:
 - A site survey of an expert of compressors/turbines
 - An extensive data collection
 - Several days for commissioning and testing
- However the efficiency and the operative limits change due to:
 - Different environmental conditions (seasons, day/night)
 - Wear and tear, maintenance activities, aging
 - Changes in the plant or in the pipeline
- Due to these causes, the tuning becomes quickly obsolete and the improvements fade away.
- How to respond to these changes? *With Adaptive Load Sharing!*

Load Sharing

Patented Technology: Performance Identification



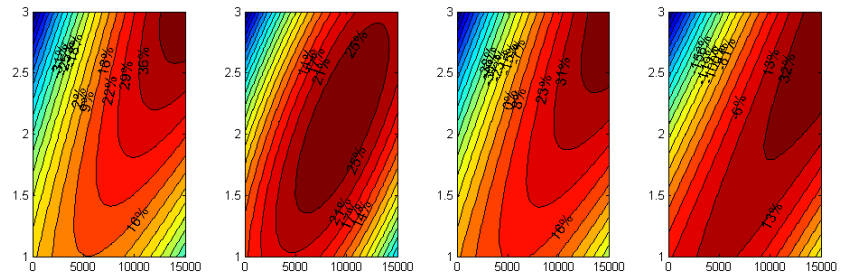
Data Computing



Performance Identification

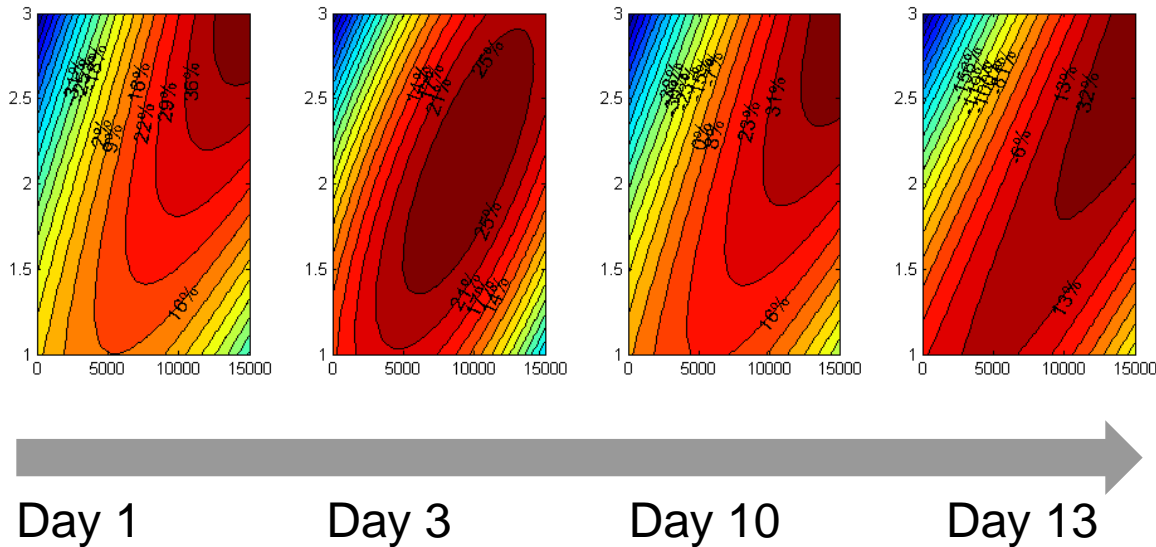
Process Measurements:

(Pressures;
Temperatures; Flows;
Speeds; ..)



Load Sharing

Patented Technology: Performance Identification



The technology tracks the performance drift caused by Slow changes (aging, wear and seasons)

and

Fast changes (day/night, maintenance, washing)

Performance “weights” and operation limits are constantly updated, in order to have always a clear and fresh picture of machine status and performance

Load Sharing

SmartSharing™: Adaptive Load Sharing Controller



Process Variables

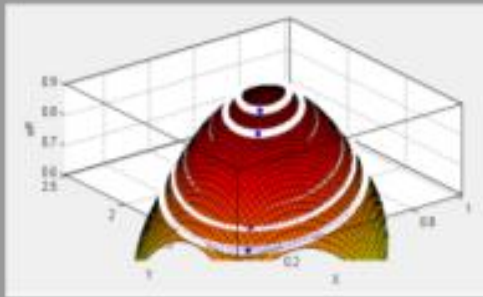


Process Variables

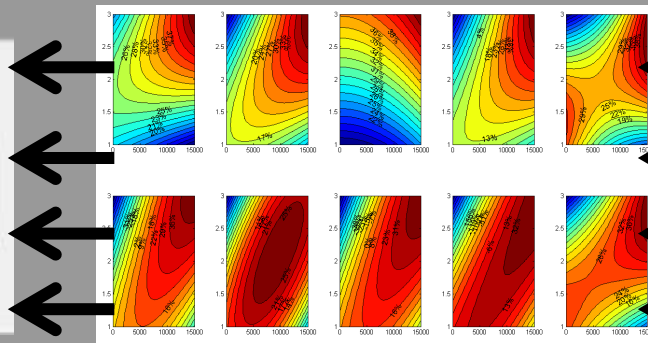
Control Action

Optimal Setpoint

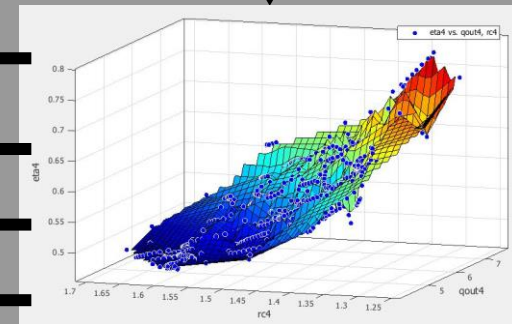
Process repeated for each machine



Optimization according to process limits



SmartSharing™



Machine Characteristics Identification

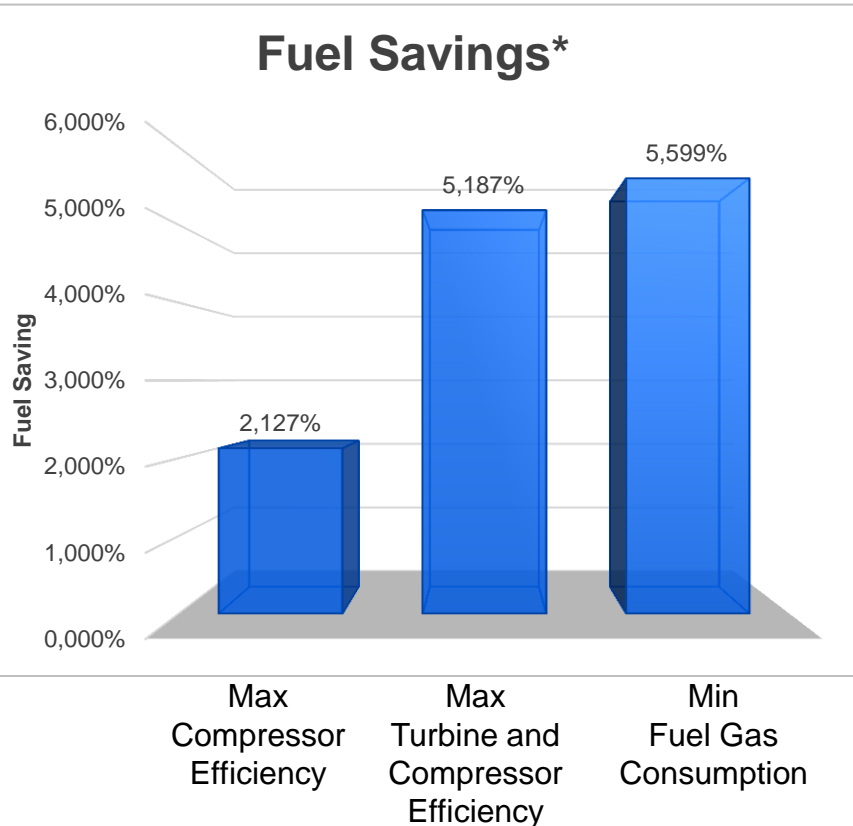
Load Sharing SmartSharing™



Load Sharing Controller - SmartSharing™

- Stand alone module – base configuration via embedded touchscreen HMI
- Easy integration in ABB and other suppliers DCS
- Communication with DCS by using common industrial interfaces: Modbus, OPC, Profibus, MMS
- Up to 10 machines monitored and optimized per controller
- Several optimization strategies selectable:
 - Maximum compressor efficiency
 - Maximum turbine and compressor efficiency
 - Minimum Fuel consumption
- Remote monitoring via web server (in development), access from PC or mobile devices

SmartSharing™ Potential Improvement



* Savings depending on plant and machine type

Typical Improvement

- Reduction of trips due to over-speed / high temperature
- Less recycle during normal operation
- Fuel savings depends on a case by case basis, however a preliminary study can be performed in order to estimate it before the investment
- Expected saving can vary from 1 to 6% in fuel gas or power consumption

Power and productivity
for a better world™

