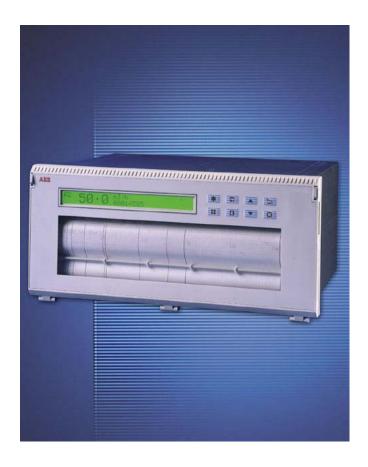
250mm Advanced Process Recorder

SR250A





ABB

The Company

We are an established world force in the design and manufacture of instrumentation for industrial process control, flow measurement, gas and liquid analysis and environmental applications.

As a part of ABB, a world leader in process automation technology, we offer customers application expertise, service and support worldwide.

We are committed to teamwork, high quality manufacturing, advanced technology and unrivalled service and support.

The quality, accuracy and performance of the Company's products result from over 100 years experience, combined with a continuous program of innovative design and development to incorporate the latest technology.

The UKAS Calibration Laboratory No. 0255 is just one of the ten flow calibration plants operated by the Company, and is indicative of our dedication to quality and accuracy.

Electrical Safety

This equipment complies with the requirements of CEI/IEC 61010-1:2001-2 'Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control and Laboratory Use'. If the equipment is used in a manner NOT specified by the Company, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.

Symbols

One or more of the following symbols may appear on the equipment labelling:

	Warning - Refer to the manual for instructions			Direct current supply only
Â	Caution – Risk of electric shock		\sim	Alternating current supply only
	Protective earth (ground) terminal		\sim	Both direct and alternating current supply
	Earth (ground) terminal			The equipment is protected through double insulation

Information in this manual is intended only to assist our customers in the efficient operation of our equipment. Use of this manual for any other purpose is specifically prohibited and its contents are not to be reproduced in full or part without prior approval of the Technical Publications Department.

Health and Safety

To ensure that our products are safe and without risk to health, the following points must be noted:

- 1. The relevant sections of these instructions must be read carefully before proceeding.
- 2. Warning labels on containers and packages must be observed.
- 3. Installation, operation, maintenance and servicing must only be carried out by suitably trained personnel and in accordance with the information given.
- 4. Normal safety precautions must be taken to avoid the possibility of an accident occurring when operating in conditions of high pressure and/or temperature.
- 5. Chemicals must be stored away from heat, protected from temperature extremes and powders kept dry. Normal safe handling procedures must be used.
- 6. When disposing of chemicals ensure that no two chemicals are mixed.

Safety advice concerning the use of the equipment described in this manual or any relevant hazard data sheets (where applicable) may be obtained from the Company address on the back cover, together with servicing and spares information.



Cert. No. Q05907



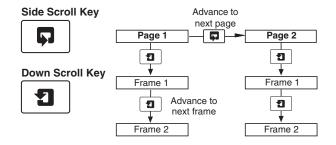


Lenno, Italy - Cert. No. 9/90A

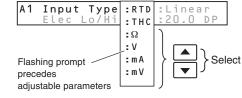
Stonehouse, U.K.



FRONT PANEL KEYS



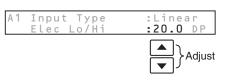




Adjusts parameter values

or

Flashing prompt identifies page selected



○Input Copy ○Input Adjust

----2

:00

Cursor



	● Input Set Up
Moves between	○Line Filter
pages in menus	

and...

between parameters in a frame

	口	╋╞╱᠄᠁	
Date	:Fri	:28	:Jan
Time	:14	:00	

Star Key



Hash Key

Multi-function keys. The function is dependent upon the frame displayed (e.g. Print, Edit, Acknowledge etc.)

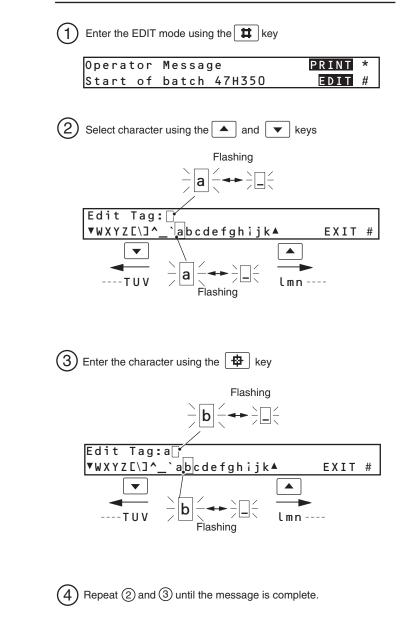


Pen Lift/Lower Key









(5) Press the \blacksquare key to exit the EDIT mode.

GETTING STARTED

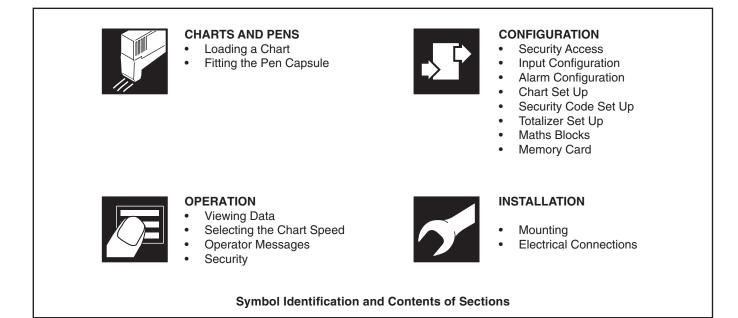
This Advanced Process Recorder is a 250mm strip chart recorder providing accurate and reliable recording of up to 24 channels. The instrument also provides a range of advanced processing capabilities such as flow totalization, math blocks, logic equations, configurable displays and full message printing.

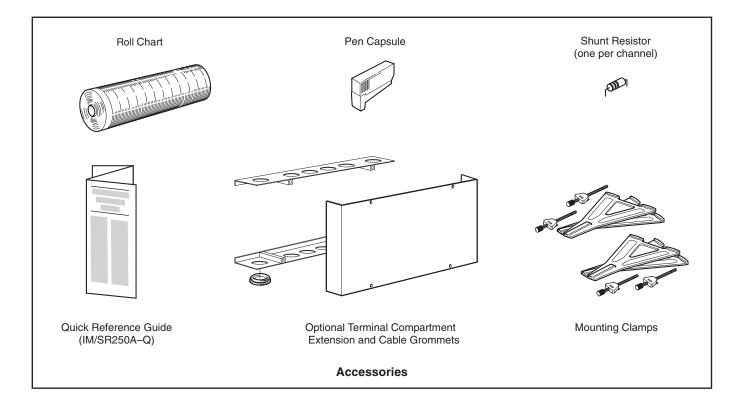
With the option to fit **PC** memory card data storage, RS485 **Modbus** communication and up to 18 alarm relays, the recorder becomes a very powerful signal processing tool.

To assist the operator in analyzing any process problem the advanced process recorder has a unique Cue and Review system, allowing the user to examine historical data anywhere on the chart at the push of a button.

The instrument can be supplied for panel mounting or for portable use. The front facia, rated IP65, is resistant to hosedown and dusty environments.

The manual is divided into 4 Sections containing all the information required to install, configure and operate the instrument.

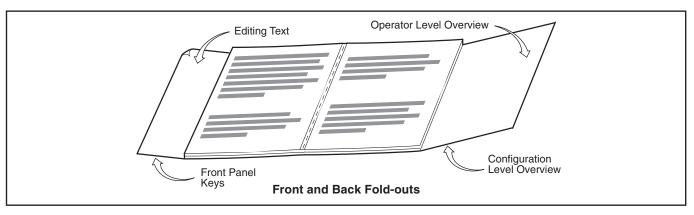




CONTENTS

GET	TING S	TARTED1
1	CHAF	TS AND PENS
	1.1	Loading a Chart3
	1.2	Fitting the Pen Capsule6
2	OPER	ATION7
-	2.1	Introduction7
	2.1	2.1.1 Operator Level Pages
		2.1.2 Operating Displays
		2.1.3 Warning Messages
	2.2	Instrument Start-up
	2.3	Operator Pages 1 and 29
		2.3.1 Viewing the Measured Values9
		2.3.2 Viewing the Date and Time10
		2.3.3 Selecting the Chart Speed 11
		2.3.4 Operator Messages 12
	2.4	View Signals Page13
	2.5	Totalizer Page
	2.6	Viewing and Acknowledging Alarms15 2.6.1 Process Alarm15
		2.6.2 Real-time Alarm
		2.6.3 Instrument Alarm
		2.6.4 Alarm Acknowledgement
	2.7	Security Access
	2.8	Memory Card Datalogging Page
	2.9	Process Review Page
	2.10	Print Messages Page21
	2.11	Chart Format
		2.11.1 Using 'Easy View'23
3	CONF	GURATION24
	3.1	Introduction24
		3.1.1 Entering Changes
	3.2	Analog Inputs25
		3.2.1 Input Set Up Page
		3.2.2 Input Copy Page
		3.2.3 Line Filter Page
	3.3	Alarm Configuration
	0.0	3.3.1 Process Alarms Page
		3.3.2 Real Time Alarms Page
		3.3.3 Alarm Acknowledge Page
		3.3.4 Power Failure Page
	3.4	Chart Level
		3.4.1 Chart Control Page 39
		3.4.2 Pen Alignment Page
		3.4.3 Chart Record Page45
	3.5	Output Modules
		3.5.1 Relay Output Module Page
		3.5.2 Hybrid Output Module Page51

	3.6	Operato	or Set Up Level	
		3.6.1	Operator Contents Page	
		3.6.2	Security Page	
		3.6.3	Operator Pages 1 and 2	
	3.7		Menu	
		3.7.1	Message Blocks Page	
		3.7.2	Print Values Page	59
	3.8	Totalize	r Level	61
		3.8.1	Introduction to Totalization	-
		3.8.2	Totalizer Set Up Page	
		3.8.3	Totalizer Print Page	
	3.9	Math Le	evel	
		3.9.1	Math Blocks Page	
		3.9.2	Logic Equations Page	
		3.9.3	Custom Linearizer Page	
		3.9.4	Delay Timer Page	84
	3.10		Card Level	85
		3.10.1	Using a PC to Format	
			Memory Cards	
		3.10.2	Memory Card Formatting	
		3.10.3	Datalog Page	
		3.10.4	Database Set Up Page	91
4	INSTA		N	94
	4.1			
	4.2		g	
	4.3	Access	to Terminals and Connections	96
	4.4		al Connections	
	4.5	-	Input Connections	
		4.5.1	Current and Voltage	
		4.5.2	Thermocouple	
		4.5.3	Resistance Thermometer (RTD)	
		4.5.4	Accessing the Analog Input links	
		4.5.5	Setting Analog Input links	99
	4.6	Transmi	tter Power Supply Connections	100
	4.7		nput Connections	
	4.8 4.9		Dutput Connections	100
	4.9 4.10	Dowor 9	Supply Connections	100
	4.10	4.10.1	AC Mains Connections	100
		4.10.1	24V AC/DC Supply Connections	
	4.11		rotected Input Board Connections	101
_			•	
5	-			-
	5.1		nables	-
6	CERT	IFICATIO	ON INFORMATION	103
	6.1	Certifica	ation Information	103
	X.			104



1 CHARTS AND PENS



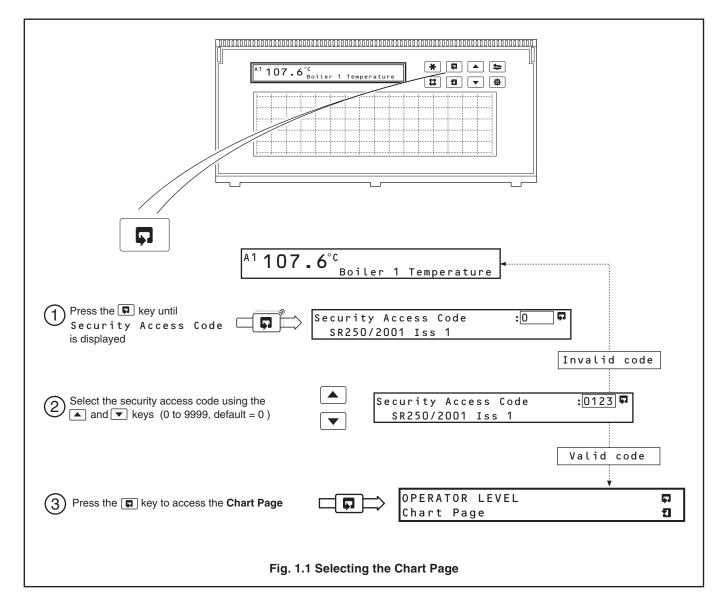
1.1 Loading a Chart

Caution.

- Channel values and text messages are not recorded during chart reloading and therefore cannot be printed when the chart reload is complete.
- All alarms and relays operate normally during chart reload.
- Do not operate the instrument without the chart cassette fitted.

Chart loading is a four-step procedure:

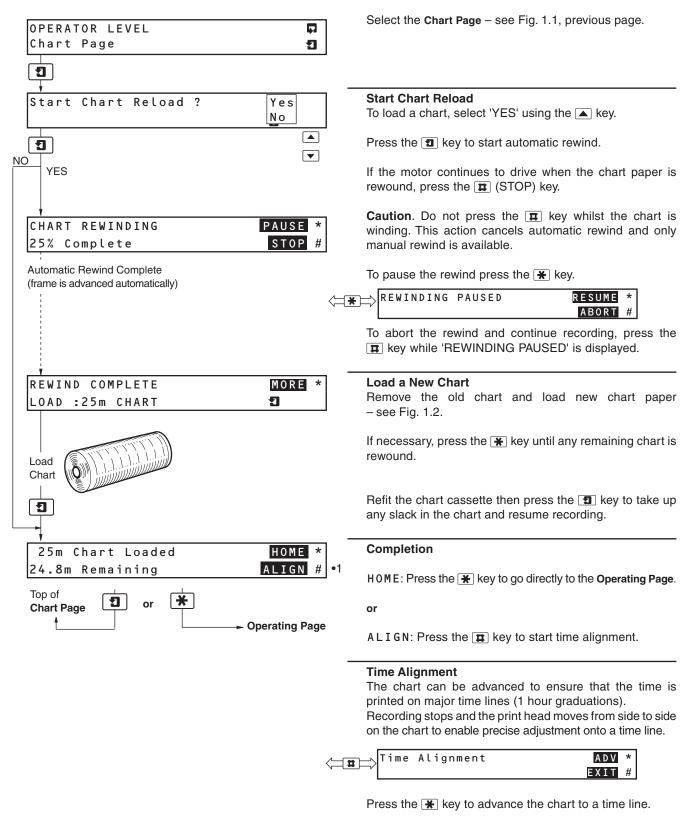
- a) Select the Chart Page This page see Fig. 1.1
- b) Start automatic rewind of the old chart Page 4
- c) Load the new chart Page 5 see Fig. 1.2
- d) Advance the chart to an appropriate time line Page 4





.1 CHARTS AND PENS

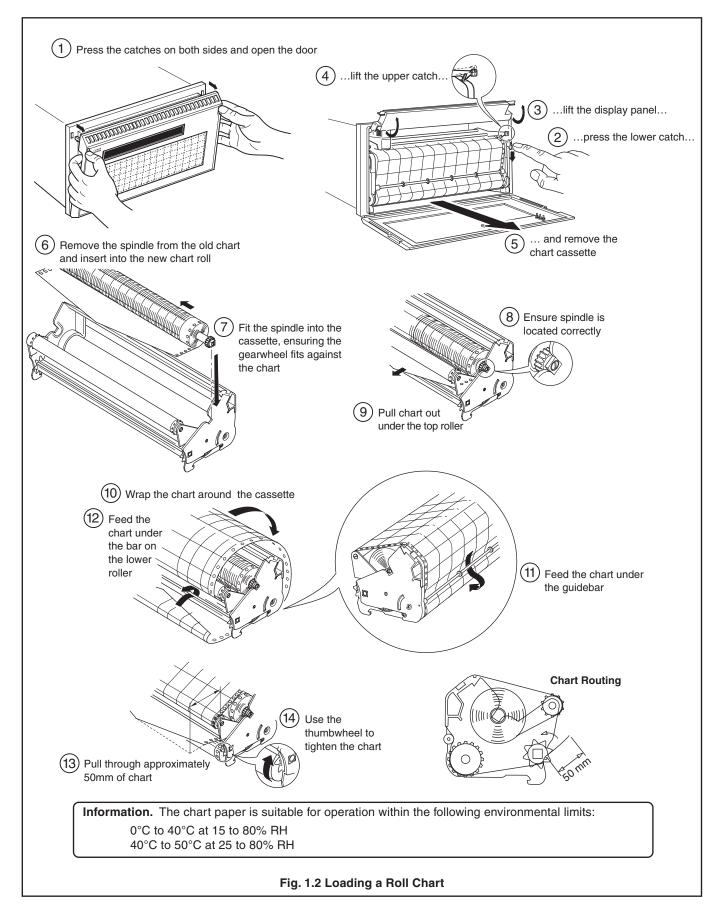
...1.1 Loading a Chart – Fig. 1.2



Press the **#** key to resume recording.



...1.1 Loading a Chart – Fig. 1.2





..1 CHARTS AND PENS

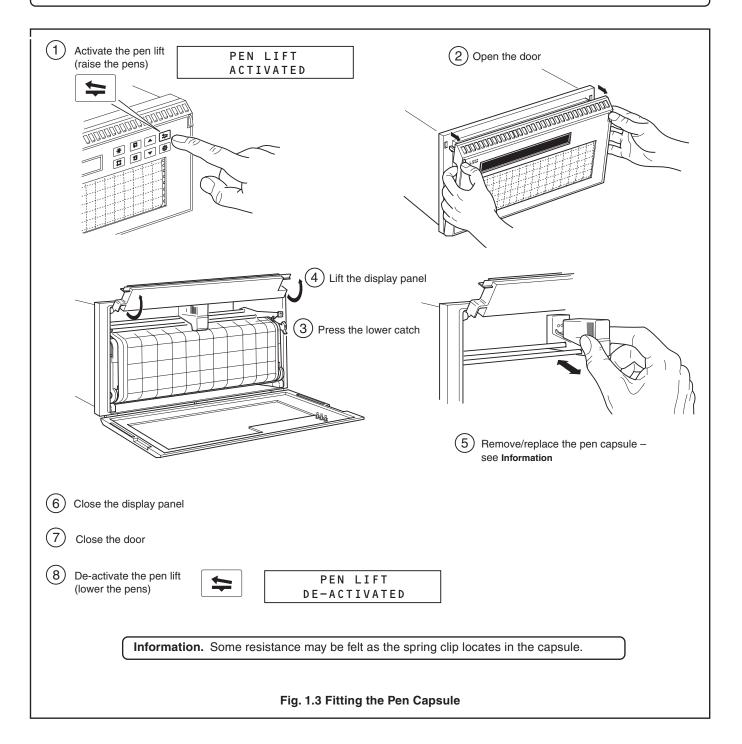
1.2 Fitting the Pen Capsule – Fig. 1.3

a) Switch on the power supply.

b) Fit a new capsule as shown in Fig. 1.3.

Information.

- After fitting a new capsule the ink flow takes a short time to achieve full color density.
- More ink is used if the input signal being recorded changes rapidly. To prolong the life of the pen capsule do not select an input range which is oversensitive. If the input signal is noisy, use the digital filter to reduce the effect of the noise see Section 3.2.1/ Input Set Up Page/ Filter Time.
- Two types of pen capsule are available, standard and high temperature. The high temperature capsule is designed for use by recorders operating at ambient temperatures consistently above 30°C (86°F).



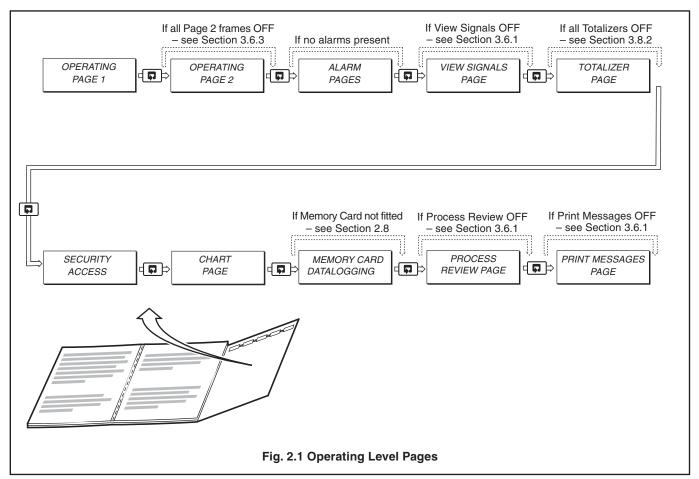
2 OPERATION



2.1 Introduction - Figs. 2.1 to 2.3

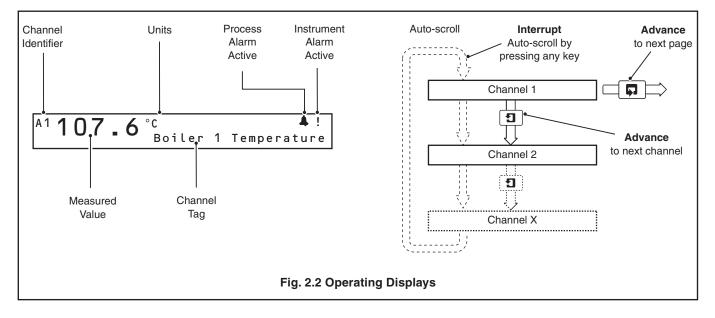
2.1.1 Operator Level Pages - Fig. 2.1

An overview of the Operator Level pages is contained on the back fold-out.



2.1.2 Operating Displays – Fig. 2.2

In the normal, day-to-day mode of the instrument, channel information is displayed seqentially (autoscroll active).

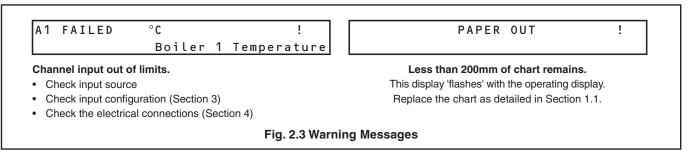




..2 OPERATION

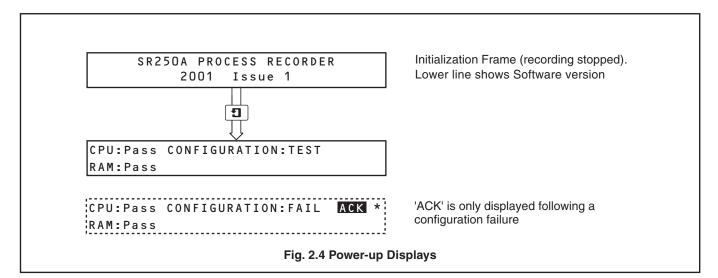
2.1.3 Warning Messages – Fig. 2.3

Warning messages provide instrument status and input warnings.



2.2 Instrument Start-up – Fig 2.4

On power-up the instrument carries out an automatic test of the CPU, RAM and Configuration. On completion a 'PASS' or 'FAIL' message is displayed. If a 'FAIL' message occurs press the 🛞 key to acknowledge the error and proceed as Table 2.1



Message	Action		
CPU:Fail	Contract the local convice organization		
RAM:Fail	Contact the local service organisation		
CONFIG : Fail	Power down and up. Press ACK * to clear the error. If message still displayed check the instrument configuration. If message still displayed contact the local service organisation.		



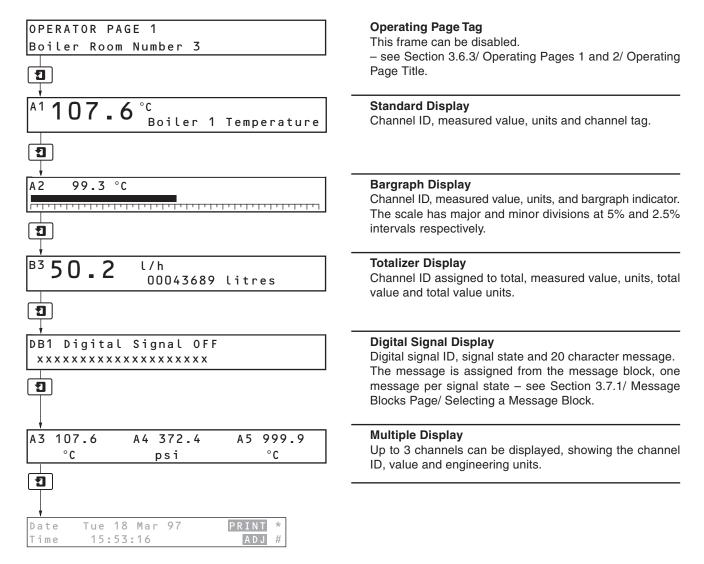


2.3 Operator Pages 1 and 2

Information. Operating pages 1 and 2 can be configured to display data from up to 12 analog inputs (A1 to D6, M1 to M8), the default setting is: Page 1 - A1 to A6, B1 to B6. Page 2 - C1 to C6, D1 to D6.

2.3.1 Viewing the Measured Values

Operator Pages 1 and 2 can be configured to display information in up to 5 different ways – see Section 3.6.3. In the normal, day-to-day mode of the instrument information for each channel is displayed sequentially (autoscroll). Press any key to interrupt the autoscroll sequence. To return to autoscroll, press the 🚼 key.





...2 OPERATION

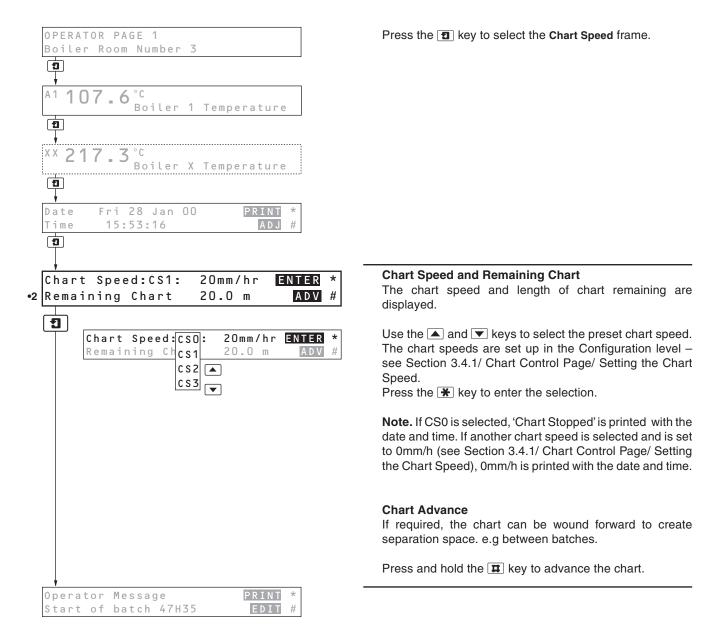
2.3.2 Viewing the Date and Time

Press any key to interrupt the autoscroll sequence.
Press the 1 key to select the Date/Time frame.
Date/Time The current date and time are displayed.
Press the \star key to print the date and time on the char
Press the 🔳 key to access the adjustment frame.
Adjusting the Date and Time Use the 🛋 and 💌 keys to adjust each parameter.
Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.
Press the 🔳 key to exit the adjustment frame.

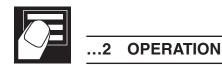
•1 The print facility is available only if enabled – see Section 3.6.1/ Operator Contents Page/ Operator Printing Enable.



2.3.3 Selecting the Chart Speed



•1 The 'Select Chart Speed' and 'Chart Advance' facilities are available only if enabled – see Section 3.4.1/ Chart Control Page/ Chart Speed Select or / Paper Advance.



2.3.4 Operator Messages

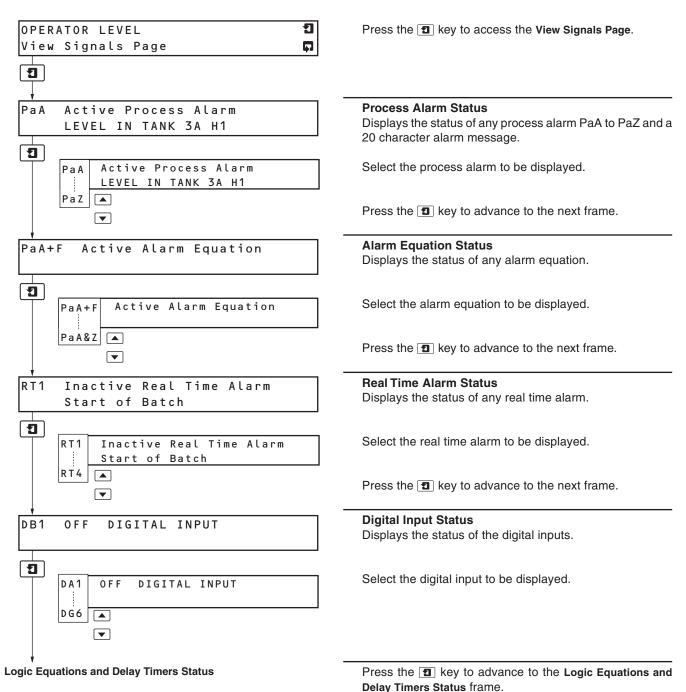
OPERATOR PAGE 1 Boiler Room Number 3	Press the 1 key to access the Operator Message frame.
A1 107.6 °C Boiler 1 Temperature	
1	
XX 217.3 °C Boiler X Temperature	
Date Fri 28 Jan 00 PRINT * Time 15:53:16 ADJ #	
Chart Speed:CS1: 20mm/hr ENTER * Remaining Chart 20.0 m ADV #	
•1 Operator Message PRI Start of batch 47H350 ED	NT * Operator Message The Operator Message is displayed. Press the * key to print the displayed message on the
1	chart. Press the I key to edit the message – see front Fold-out.

•1 The print facility is available only if enabled - see Section 3.6.1/ Operator Contents Page/ Operator Printing Enable.



2.4 View Signals Page

This page can be disabled – see Section 3.6.1/ Operator Contents Page/View Signals Page.

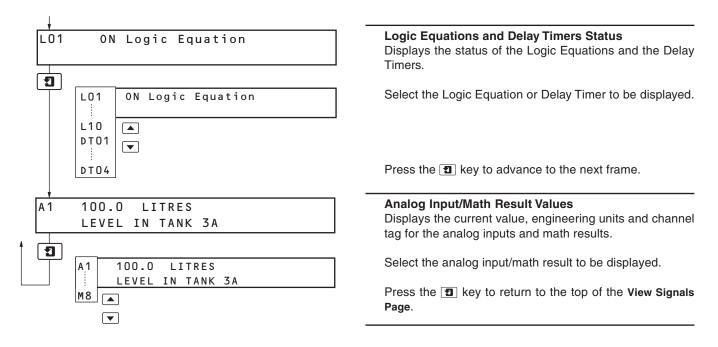


13



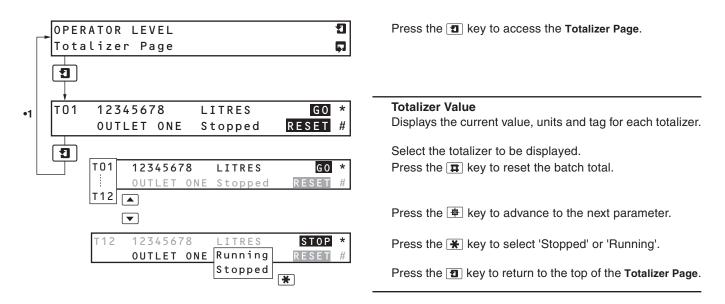
.2 OPERATION

...2.4 View Signals Page



2.5 Totalizer Page

This page is NOT available if all the Totalizers are switched OFF - see Section 3.8.2/ Totalizer Set Up Page/ Totalizer Type.



•1 If 'RESET' is disabled the 😰 key has no effect and 'RESET' is not displayed. If 'STOP/GO' is disabled the 💥 key has no effect and 'STOP' or 'GO' is not displayed – see Section 3.8.2/ Totalizer Set Up Page/ Front Panel Reset or/ Front Panel Stop/Go.

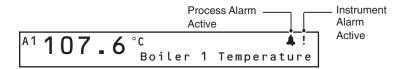
2 OPERATION..



2.6 Viewing and Acknowledging Alarms

Individual alarms are viewed in the Alarm Acknowledge Page. This page is displayed only when active or unacknowledged alarms are present.

There are 3 types of alarm – Process, Real Time and Instrument.



2.6.1 Process Alarm

Process alarms can be assigned to any analog input and are activated when a pre-defined trip level is exceeded – see Section 3.3.1. Up to 24 alarms can be configured (PaA to PaZ excluding I and O).

Alarm	Trip	Source	Alarm	Alarm
Ident	Value		Status	Acknowledge
PaA	200.	0 A 1	Active	ACK *
HI	GH TE	MPERAT	ΓURE	G-ACK #
Ī				ĭ'
Alar	m			Global Alarm
Tag	9			Acknowledge

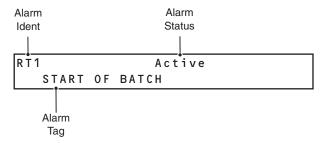
There are five types of alarm state:

Display State	Alarm Acknowledged	Alarm Condition Present	Notes
Active	No	Yes	-
Latched No No		No	Only if the acknowledge type is set to 'Latched'.*
Unack	No	No	Only if the acknowledge type is set to 'Normal'.*
Acknlg Yes Yes		Yes	_
Clear	Yes	No	Only if the alarm is displayed at the time it becomes inactive.

* See Section 3.3.3/ Alarm Acknowledge Page/ Acknowledge Type

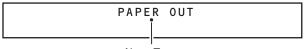
2.6.2 Real-time Alarm

Four real-time alarms can be configured to activate at a pre-defined time – see Section 3.3.2./ Real Time Alarms Page. These alarms can be configured to activate on an hourly or daily basis.



2.6.3 Instrument Alarm

Instrument alarms are generated to indicate a failure (or impending failure) within the instrument system, e.g. Paper out, Paper low.

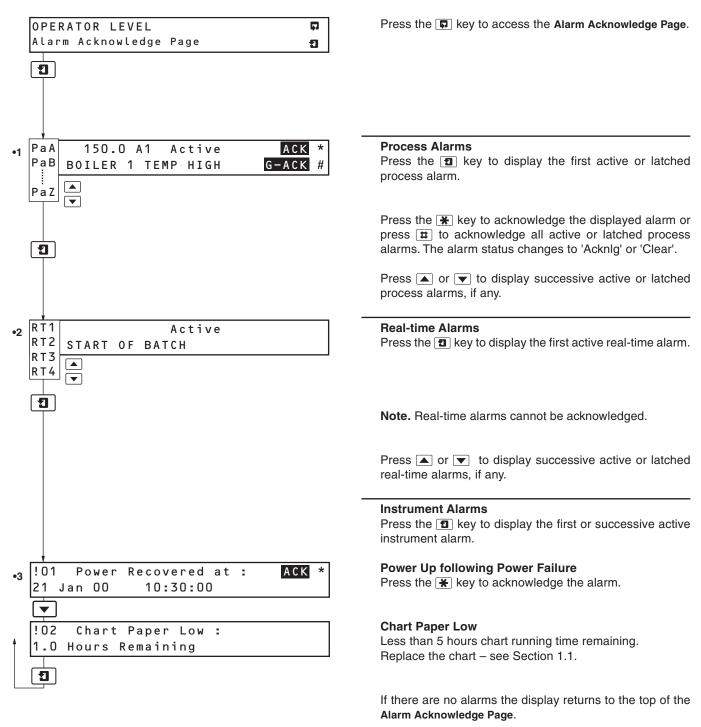






.2 OPERATION

2.6.4 Alarm Acknowledgement



- •1 If there are no active process alarms the display shows the first active real-time or instrument alarm.
- •2 If there are no active real-time alarms, the display either shows any active instrument alarms or reverts to the Alarm Acknowledge Page.
- •3 Not displayed if the 'Power Failure Indication' parameter is selected 'Off' see Section 3.3.4/ Power Failure Indication.

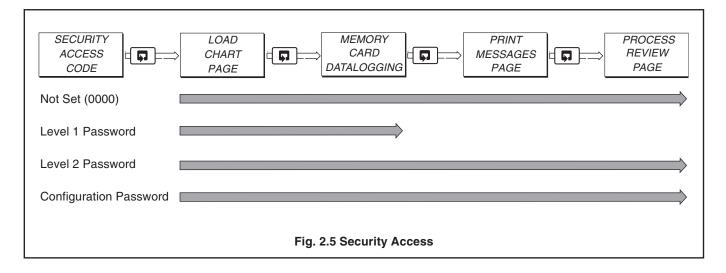
2 OPERATION...

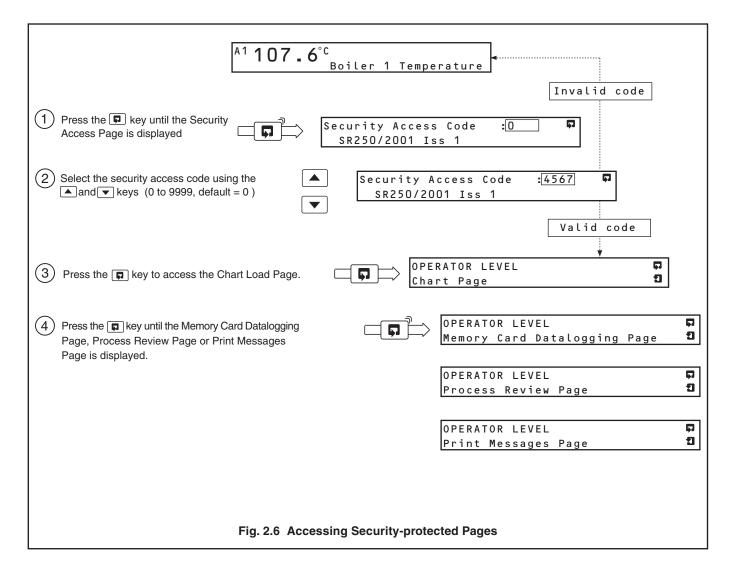


2.7 Security Access

Entry into the Memory Card Datalogging Page, Process Review Page and Print Messages Page is protected by Security Access Codes – see Fig. 2.5.

The Security Access Codes are set in the Configuration level – see Section 3.6.2/ Security Page.



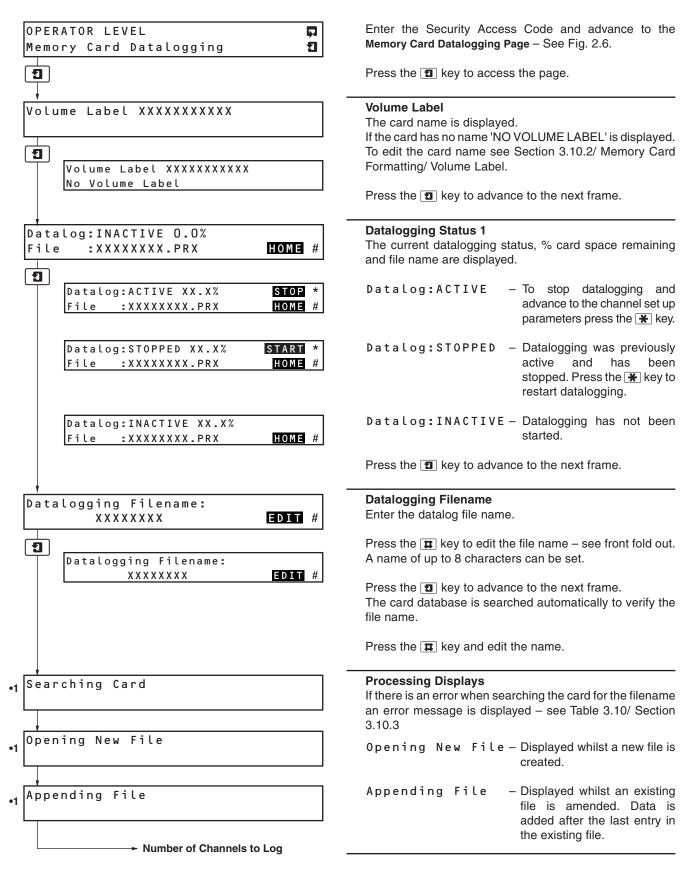




..2 OPERATION

2.8 Memory Card Datalogging Page

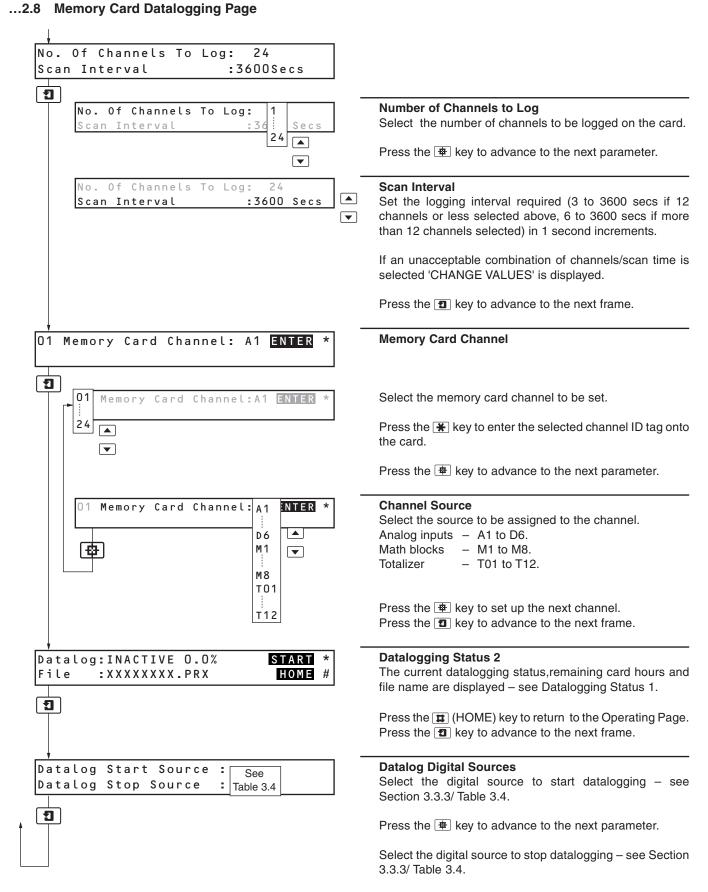
This page is displayed only if a Memory Driver Board is fitted.



•1 Not displayed if datalogging status is 'ACTIVE'.

2 OPERATION..





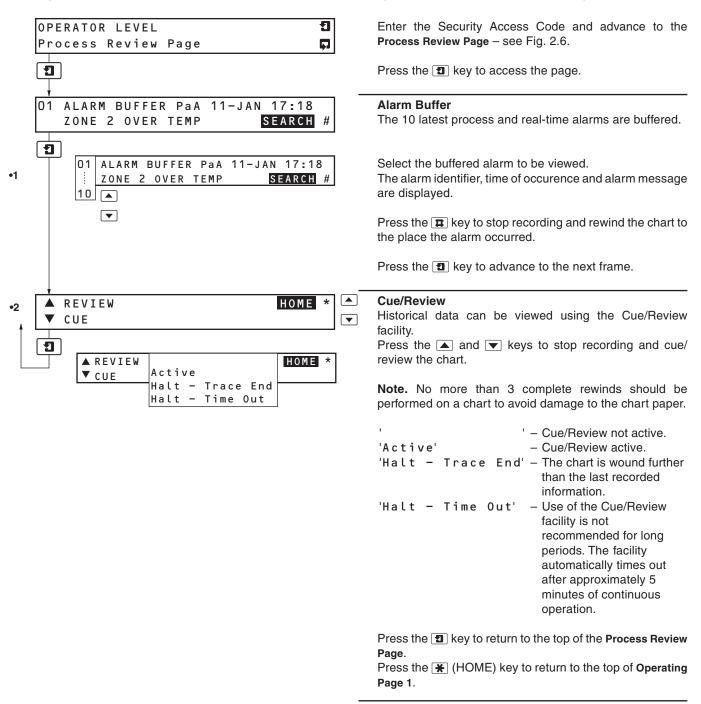
Press the **1** key to return to the Datalogging menu.



..2 OPERATION

2.9 Process Review Page

This page can be disabled - see Section 3.6.1/ Operator Contents Page/ Process Review and Print Messages.



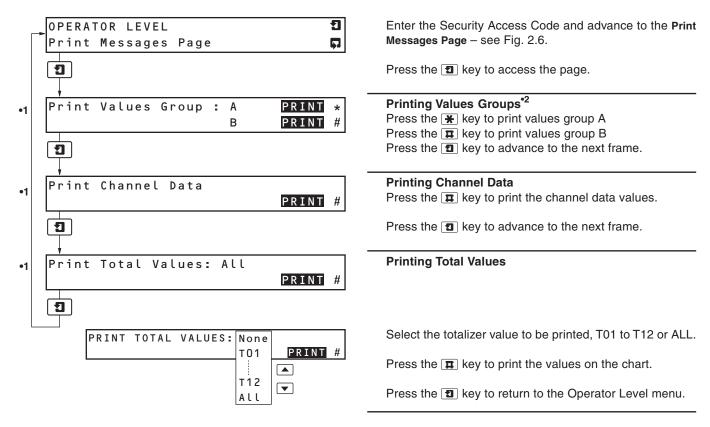
- •1 If a new chart is loaded, the alarms that occurred when the previous chart was in use are buffered and can be viewed as normal. However since the chart has been replaced, the 'SEARCH' facility is not available.
- •2 When Cue/Review is terminated, the chart is wound forward approximately 10mm and the current date and time is printed. Channel data is not buffered during Cue/Review and cannot printed when recording is resumed.

2 OPERATION...



2.10 Print Messages Page

This page can be disabled – see Section 3.6.1/ Operator Contents Page/ Process Review and Print Messages.



- •1 'PRINT' changes to 'WAIT' whilst the print request is acknowledged. The display reverts to 'PRINT' when printing of the selected parameter is commenced.
- •2 See section 3.7.2 for assignment of channels to groups.



...2 OPERATION

2.11 Chart Format – Fig. 2.7

In addition to displaying up to 24 traces, text messages can be printed on the chart at regular intervals such as date/time and scale, or as events occur such as process alarms.

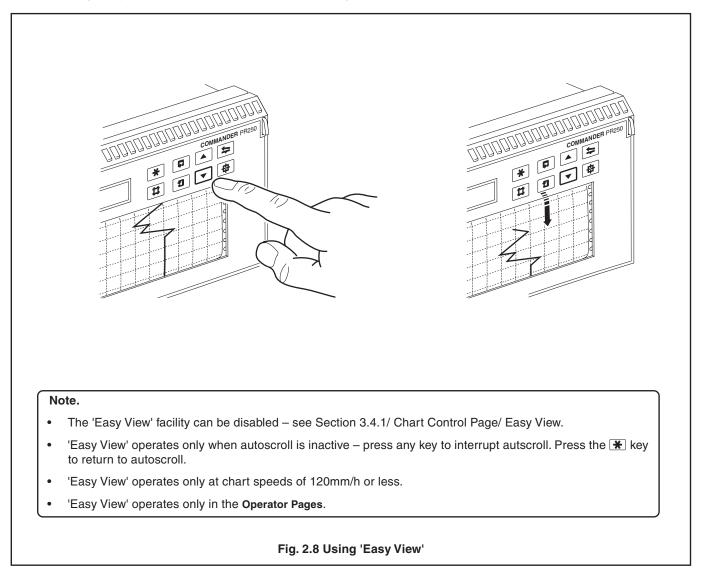
Note. When less than 2m (78.7 in.) of unused chart remains a colored stripe is visible along the left-hand edge of the chart. When the instrument has calculated that less than 200mm (7.87 in.) of unused chart remains, tracing of input channel values is suspended until a new chart has been fitted. The remaining chart is used for printing of alarm messages.

End of Chart Warning – colored stripe on last	<u>⊖</u>		1
2m of chart	0		
	O Tank Flow		Ltr/hr
Channel Tag, Units and Chart Scale – printed after —	○ 0 20	40	60 80
every second automatic time print (normally 120mm)	0		
	0		
Time, Date & Chart Speed (CS1 to CS3)- printed on	······································	JAN-00 120mm/h	
power-up and at approximately 240mm intervals	C ↑ Time • 12:00 24: Time	• † • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
OR	g Time I	Date Chart Speed	
Time, Date & Chart Speed (CS0)- printed on power-up	8 • 12:00 24 →	JAN-00 Chart St	opped
and at approximately 240mm intervals	g I		
	G Time I	Date Chart Speed	
Fime – printed on the nearest hour or half hour	8 		
after a minimum of 60mm of traces produced	ŏ		
	0		
	0 0		
Alarm Message – prints process alarm tag.	0		
	<u>∩</u> • 09.30 PaA	70.0 A1 Hi	gh Temperature
	O Time Alarm ID	Trip value Channel	Alarm Tag
Frace Identifiers –			
not printed above 240mm/h	~ (A	1 / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /	1
	0		
		A2 A3	
	0		A4
	·		A5
Event Marker	<u></u>		
	ě •		
Operator Message – printed on demand from the	0		
Operator Page or via a digital signal	<u>○</u> ŏ 08.00 24-Ja	n-00 Start of	Batch
oporator i ago or via a digitar orginar	0 0 0		
Fatalines Value assisted as descend from the Drint	0		
	0		
	0 07.50 TO1 0	0346257.45 Litre	s Inlet Flow
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time		1	1
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time		D346257.45 Litre Totalizer Value and U	1
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time ntervals	Time Totalizer ID	1	1
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time ntervals Values Group – printed on demand from the Print	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 $	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2	1
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time ntervals Values Group – printed on demand from the Print Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time	0 Time Totalizer ID 0 Time Totalizer ID 0 07.35 A1 1	Totalizer Value and U	nits Totalizer Tag
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time ntervals /alues Group – printed on demand from the Print Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time	0 Time Totalizer ID 0 Time Totalizer ID 0 07.35 A1 1	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2	nits Totalizer Tag
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time ntervals Values Group – printed on demand from the Print Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time	0 Time Totalizer ID 0 Time Totalizer ID 0 07.35 A1 1	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2 3.2°C B2	nits Totalizer Tag 30.7°C 55.7°C
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time ntervals /alues Group – printed on demand from the Print Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time	07.35 A1 1 0 Time Totalizer ID 0 07.35 A1 1 0 07.34 A3 4 0 07.34 C4 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2 3.2°C B2 0.0°C D6	nits Totalizer Tag 30.7°C 55.7°C
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time ntervals Malues Group – printed on demand from the Print Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time ntervals	07.35 A1 1 07.35 A1 1 07.34 A3 4 07.34 C4 1 07.34	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2 3.2°C B2 0.0°C D6	nits Totalizer Tag 30.7°C 55.7°C 25.0°C
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time Intervals Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time Intervals Channel Data – printed on demand from the Print	$\begin{array}{c c} & 1 & 1 \\ & 0 & 1 \\ & 1 & 1 \\ & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 &$	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2 3.2°C B2 0.0°C D6 Channel	nits Totalizer Tag 30.7°C 55.7°C 25.0°C
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time Intervals Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time Intervals Channel Data – printed on demand from the Print	$\begin{array}{c c} & 1 & 1 \\ & 0 & 1 \\ & 1 & 1 \\ & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ & 0 & 0 & 0 &$	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2 3.2°C B2 0.0°C D6 Channel 0.0°C	nits Totalizer Tag 30.7°C 55.7°C 25.0°C
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time Intervals Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time Intervals Channel Data – printed on demand from the Print	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2 3.2°C B2 0.0°C D6 Channel 0.0°C 0.0°C	nits Totalizer Tag 30.7°C 55.7°C 25.0°C
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time ntervals /alues Group – printed on demand from the Print Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time ntervals Channel Data – printed on demand from the Print	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2 3.2°C B2 0.0°C D6 Channel 0.0 °C 0.0 °C 0.0 °C 0.0 °C 0.0 °C	nits Totalizer Tag 30.7°C 55.7°C 25.0°C
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time ntervals Values Group – printed on demand from the Print Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time ntervals Channel Data – printed on demand from the Print	0 07.35 101 1 0 Time Totalizer ID 0 07.35 A1 11 0 07.34 A3 41 0 07.34 C4 11 0 1 1 0 Time Channel ID 0 A1 0.0 / 3 0 A2 0.0 / 5 0 A3 −2.5 / 1 0 A4 2.5 / 1	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2 3.2°C B2 0.0°C D6 Channel 0.0 °C	nits Totalizer Tag 30.7°C 55.7°C 25.0°C
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time intervals Values Group – printed on demand from the Print Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time intervals Channel Data – printed on demand from the Print	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2 3.2°C B2 0.0°C D6 Channel 0.0°C °C	nits Totalizer Tag 30.7°C 55.7°C 25.0°C
Totalizer Value – printed on demand from the Print Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time intervals Values Group – printed on demand from the Print Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time intervals Channel Data – printed on demand from the Print Messages Page	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2 3.2°C B2 0.0°C D6 Channel 0.0°C °C	nits Totalizer Tag 30.7°C 55.7°C 25.0°C
Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time intervals Values Group – printed on demand from the Print Messages Page, via digital signal or at preset time intervals Channel Data – printed on demand from the Print	0 07.35 A1 1 0 07.35 A1 1 07.34 A3 4 07.34 C4 1 07.34 C4 1 0	Totalizer Value and U 8.3°C A2 3.2°C B2 0.0°C D6 Channel 0.0°C Channel 0.0°C 00 0.0°C 0 0.0°C 0 0.0°C 0	nits Totalizer Tag 30.7°C 55.7°C 25.0°C

Fig. 2.7 Chart Format

2.11.1 Using 'Easy View' - Fig. 2.8

'Easy View' allows the operator to view the most recently printed area of the chart. To use the 'Easy View' facility, the autoscroll sequence must first be interrupted by pressing any key. With autoscroll interrupted, press the 💌 key. The chart is wound forward for a short distance and returns automatically to its original position a few seconds later. Channel values and text messages are buffered during 'Easy View' and are printed out when recording is resumed. To return to autoscroll, press the 💌 key.



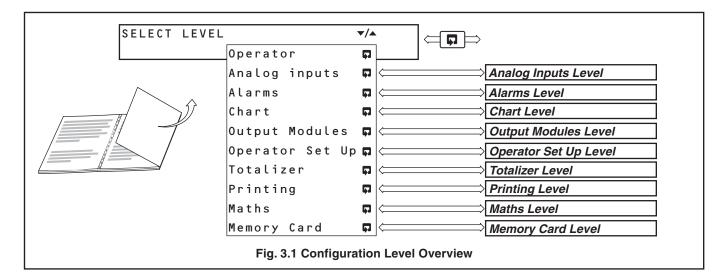


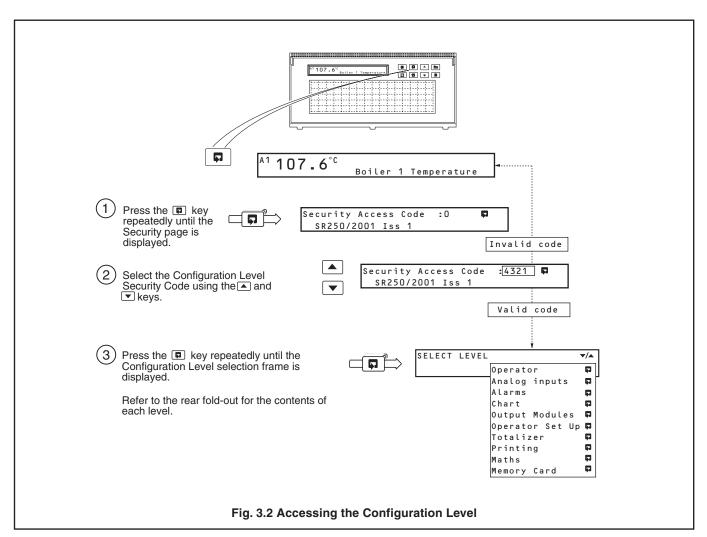
3.1 Introduction – Fig. 3.1

This Section contains information on the Configuration Level programming of the instrument. An overview of the configuration level pages is contained on the back fold-out. Configuration via a computer can be achieved using the PC configurator package.

3.1.1 Entering Changes

Tags and messages are entered at set parameters within the Configuration Level pages – see front fold-out. Changes to parameter values are saved automatically by advancing to the next frame.





3.2 Analog Inputs

3.2.1 Input Set Up Page

To set up the analog inputs carry out the appropriate procedures detailed in Table 3.1.

Where two or more channels use the same set up data, the Channel Copy facility can be used to configure multiple channels simultaneously – see Section 3.2.2/ Input Copy Page.

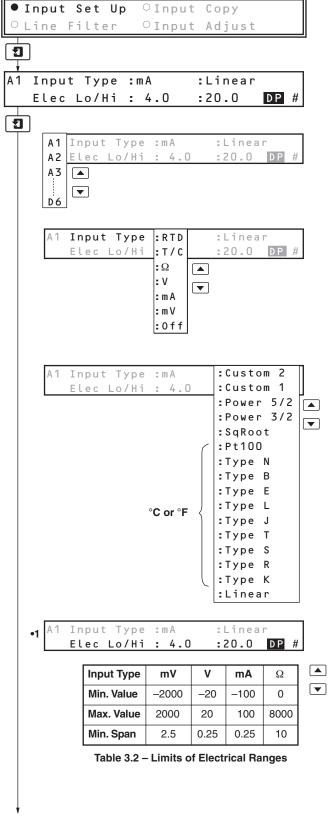
Input Type	Make Input Connections	Fit Shunt Resistor	Set Links	Select Input Type	Set Linearizer	Set Electrical Range	Set Engineering Range
Page Reference	97/98/100	98	99	26	26	26	27
RTD	1	X	Standard	1	1	—	1
T/C	1	×	Standard	\checkmark	1	_	1
Ω	1	×	Standard	\checkmark	√*	1	1
v	1	×	Voltage	\checkmark	√*	1	1
mA	1	1	Standard	\checkmark	√*	1	1
mV	1	×	Standard	\checkmark	√*	1	1
OFF	—	_	_	\checkmark	_	_	_

Table 3.1 Input Set Up Requirements



.3 CONFIGURATION

...3.2.1 Input Set Up Page



Engineering (Display) Range

•1 Not displayed if input type RTD or T/C are selected.

Press the 🔹 key to select 'Input Set Up' from the Analog Inputs menu.

Press the **1** key to access the page.

Input Set Up

Channel Selection

Select the channel to be set.

Press the 🖷 key to advance to the next parameter.

Input Type

Select the Input Type required. ('Off' is not applicable to channel A1)

Note. For thermocouple applications using an external fixed cold junction, select 'mV' input type.

Press the 🖷 key to advance to the next parameter.

Linearizer Type

Select the Linearizer Type required.

Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.

Electrical Input Range Low and High – Table 3.2

Press the **I** key to set the number of decimal places, (low and high values are set simultaneously).

Set the minimum (Lo) value of the electrical input signal within limits – see Table 3.2.

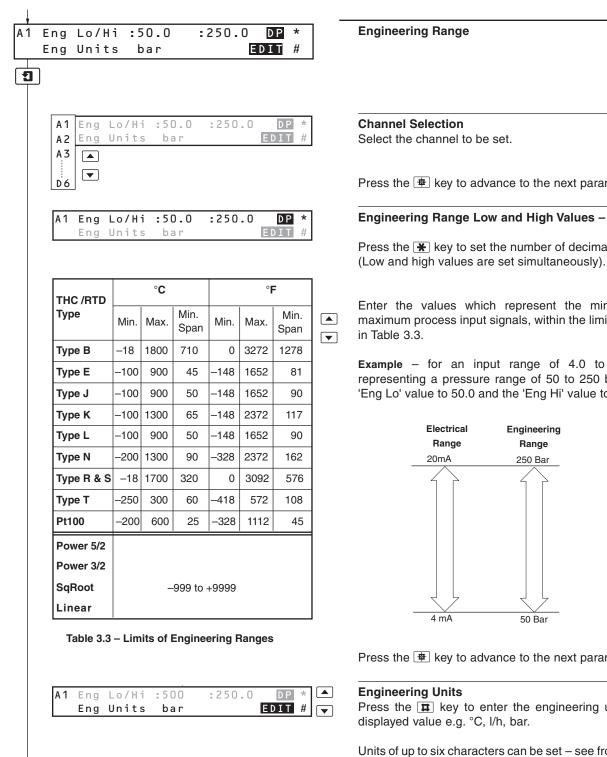
Press the P key to advance to the next parameter.

Set the maximum (Hi) value of the electrical input signal within limits – see Table 3.2.

Press the 🔹 key to set the next channel. Press the 🗊 key to advance to the next frame.



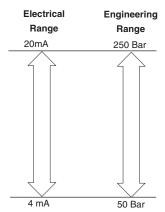
...3.2.1 Input Set Up Page



Press the 🗶 key to set the number of decimal places.

Enter the values which represent the minimum and maximum process input signals, within the limits specified in Table 3.3.

Example - for an input range of 4.0 to 20.0 mA, representing a pressure range of 50 to 250 bar, set the 'Eng Lo' value to 50.0 and the 'Eng Hi' value to 250.0.



Press the 🖷 key to advance to the next parameter.

Engineering Units

Press the **I** key to enter the engineering units of the displayed value e.g. °C, l/h, bar.

Units of up to six characters can be set - see front fold-out.

Press the **b** key to set the next channel. Press the **1** key to advance to the next frame

Channel Tag

Engineering Range

Channel Selection Select the channel to be set.

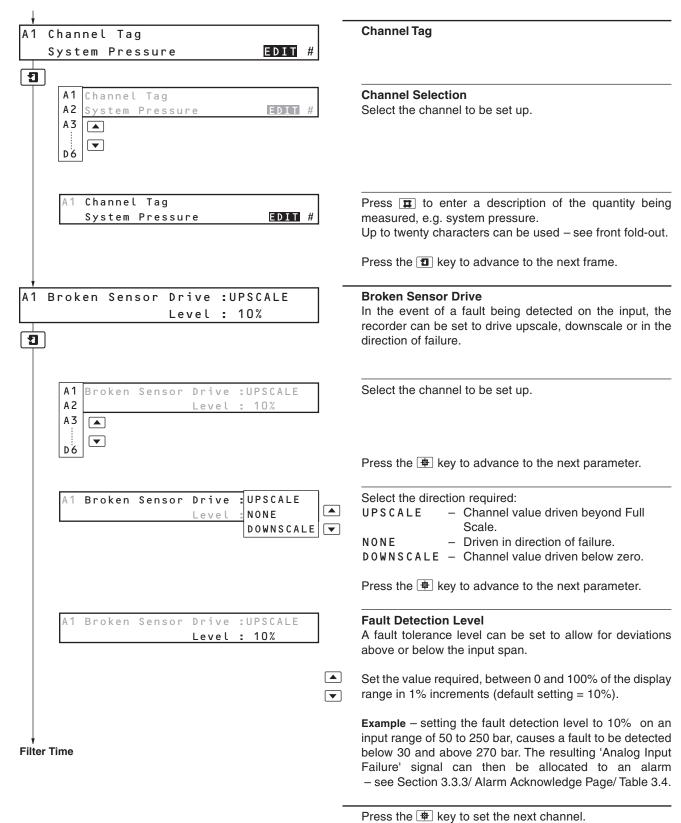
Press the 🖷 key to advance to the next parameter.

Engineering Range Low and High Values – Table 3.3



.3 CONFIGURATION

....3.2.1 Input Set Up Page



Press the **1** key to advance to the next frame.

3 CONFIGURATION...

Ę>

...3.2.1 Input Set Up Page

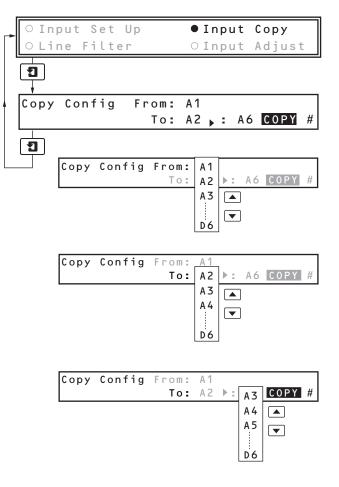
A1 Filter Time : 10 Sec	Filter Time
A1 Filter Time : 10 Sec	Channel Selection Select the channel to be set up.
	Press the 👜 key to advance to the next parameter.
Al Filter Time : 10 Sec	Filter Time The input filter averages the process variable input values over the time period set. Enter the time required, (5 to 60 seconds) or 'Off'.
	Press the 🖶 key to set the next channel. Press the 🗊 key to return to the Analog Inputs menu.



3 CONFIGURATION

3.2.2 Input Copy Page

The Input Copy facility allows the configuration data and channel tag for any channel to be copied to any other analog input channel.



Press the 🖶 key to select the 'Input Copy' from the Analog Inputs menu.

Press the **1** key to access the page.

Copying the Configuration

Copy Source Channel

Select the channel configuration to be copied.

Press the 😐 key to advance to the next parameter.

Copy Destination Channel

Select the channel to which the configuration is to be copied (or the lowest channel number in a range).

Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.

Select the highest channel number to which the configuration is to be copied.

Press the **I** key to activate the copy sequence.

Сору Active Сору Complete

The 'Active' frame is displayed for a short time whilst the copy sequence is carried out.

Press the 1 key to return to Analog Inputs menu.

3.2.3 Line Filter Page

The Line Filter is used to reject mains frequency pick-up on the input lines.

○ Input Set Up ● Line Filter	○Input Copy ○Input Adjust	Press the 👜 key to select the 'Line Inputs menu.
1		Press the 🔳 key to access the pa
Line Filter Frequ	iency : 50Hz	Line Filter Frequency Select the rejection frequency requ
Line Filter F	requency : 50Hz 60Hz	▲ ▼

e Filter' from the Analog

age.

uired, 50 or 60 Hz.

Press the 🔳 key to return to Analog Inputs menu.

3.2.4 Input Adjust Page

Information.

- Enables fine tuning and calibration of the input.
- System offset errors removed using Offset Adjustment.
- System scale errors removed using Span Adjustment.
- Offset/Span Adjustment used to carrying out a spot calibration.
- Reset removes any previously programmed offset or scale adjustment settings.
- Analog inputs do not require re-calibrating when the input type or range is changed.

Calibration

- a) Switch off the power supply to the instrument.
- b) Remove the analog input to be adjusted and connect an accurate signal source, suitable for simulation over the entire input range.

Note. For thermocouple inputs, connect the millivolt source using appropriate compensating cable – see Section 4.5, Table 4.1. For 2-lead resistance thermometers, connect the resistance box at the sensor end of the leads or the resistance must be added to the calibration values.

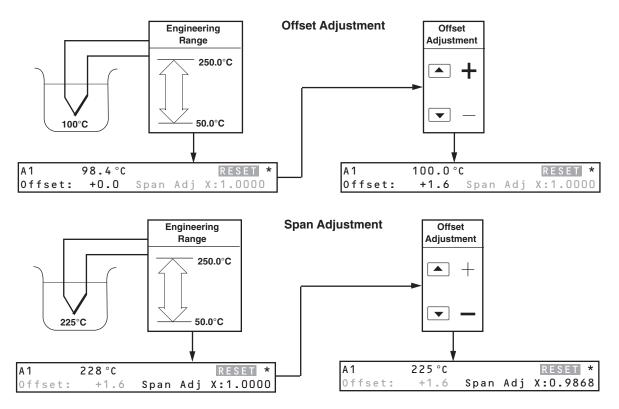
- c) Switch on the power supply to the instrument.
- d) Select the spot calibration point. As a general rule use:

Offset Adjustment for a spot calibration at < 50% of engineering range span.

Span Adjustment for a spot calibration at > 50% of engineering range span.

Fine Tuning

Use the Offset and Span adjustments to tune the instrument until the required value is displayed.





.3 CONFIGURATION

...3.2.4 Input Adjust Page

		Set				nput		·
O L I	○ Line Filter				● Input Adjust			
1								
A1 1000°C						RES	ET *	
Offs	еt	:	+1	Sp	an	Adj		
1								
	A1		1000	° C			R E S	SET *
	A2	fset	:	+1	Spa	n Adj	X:1	.0050
	A 3							
	D 6							

A 1		994°C			RESET *
Offset	1	0	Span	Adj	X:1.0000

200°C

800°C

+1

+1

Offset :

Offset

Press the 🖶 key to select 'Input Adjust' from the Analog Inputs menu.

Press the **1** key to access the page.

Calibration

Channel Selection

Select the channel to be adjusted (A1 to D6 depending on the number of inputs fitted).

On entry the default is 'A1'.

Adjusting the Input Signal

Press the 😿 key to reset the input offset and input span readings to their nominal values.

Electrical and resistance thermometer input

Apply an input signal corresponding to the spot calibration required.

For RTD inputs, use resistance values obtained from standard tables.

Thermocouple input

- a) Measure the ambient temperature at the output terminals of the input signal source.
- b) Using thermocouple tables, look up the millivolt equivalent of this temperature (1), and of the spot calibration temperature (2).
- c) Subtract (1) from (2) and set the input signal source to this value.

Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.

Offset Adjustment

Apply the input value corresponding to the spot calibration point and adjust the display to read the spot calibration point.

Example – If the display range is 0°C to 1000°C and a spot calibration is required at 200°C, set the input source equivalent to 200°C and adjust the display to read 200°C.

Press the 😐 key to advance to the next parameter.

Span Adjustment

Apply the input value corresponding to the spot calibration point and adjust the display to read the spot calibration point.

Example – If the display range is 0°C to 1000°C and a spot calibration is required at 800°C, set the input source equivalent to 800°C and adjust the display to read 800°C.

Example – If the c

RESET

RESET

Span Adj X:1.0000

Span Adj X:1.0050

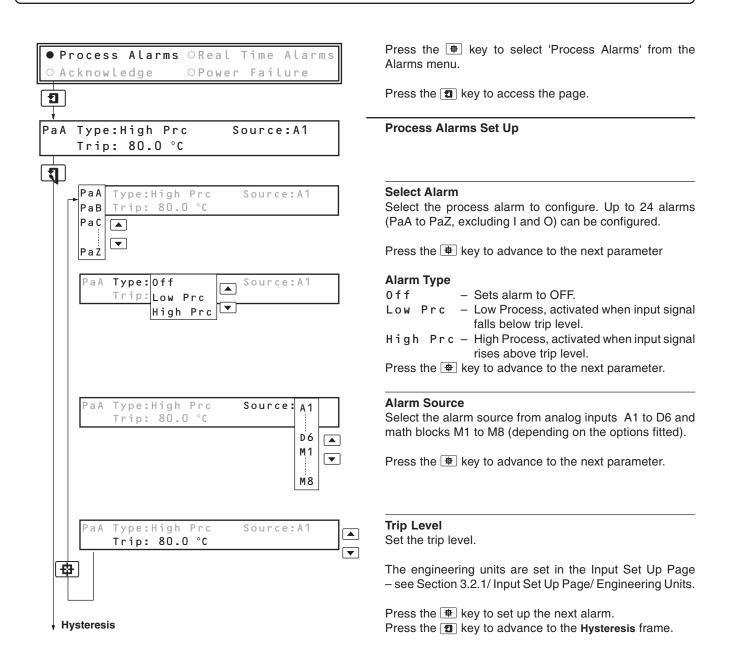
Press the **1** key to return to the Analog Inputs menu.

3.3 Alarm Configuration

3.3.1 Process Alarms Page

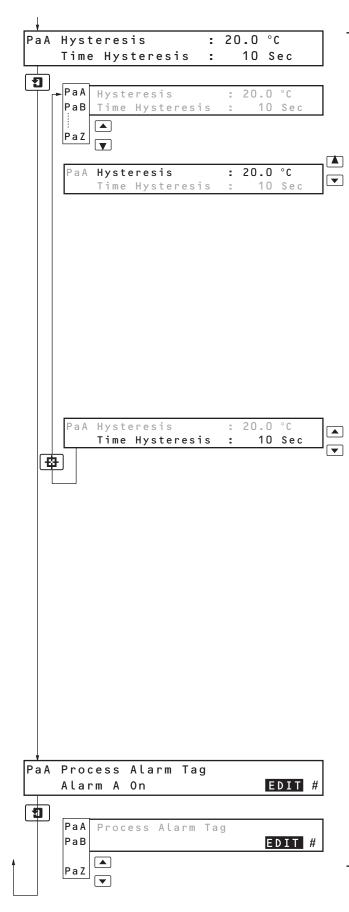
Information.

- 24 Process alarms identified PaA to PaZ (excluding I and O).
- High/low process alarms.
- Alarms assignable to any analog input.
- Adjustable level and time hysteresis values to prevent oscillation of alarm state.
- 20-Character alarm tags can be printed on the chart as the alarm becomes active.





...3.3.1 Process Alarms Page



Hysteresis Set Up

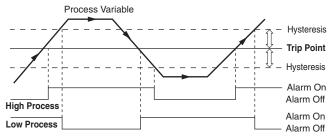
Select Alarm Hysteresis

Select the alarm to configure.

Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.

Hysteresis

Set the hysteresis value in engineering units. The alarm is activated at the trip level but is only de-activated after the signal has moved into the safe region by an amount equal to the hysteresis value.

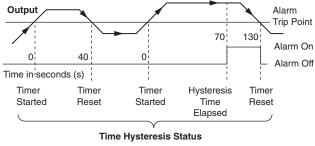


Use the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.

Time Hysteresis

Set the hysteresis value between 0 and 9999 seconds. The alarm is activated when the input signal has been in an alarm condition continously for a time greater than the 'Time Hysteresis' value.

The alarm is de-activated as soon as the input signal moves into the safe region – the time hysteresis value has no effect during alarm de-activation.



Time hysteresis set to 70s, with a high process alarm

Press the 🔹 key to set up the next alarm. Press the 🗊 key to advance to the next frame.

Process Alarm Tag Select the alarm to configure.

Set an alarm description of up to 20 characters – see front fold-out.

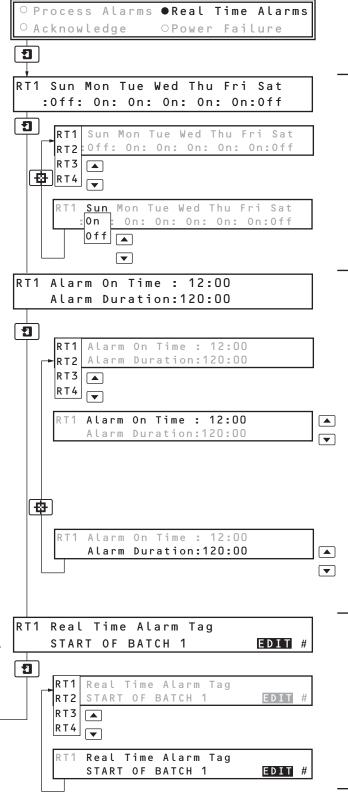
Press the skey to set up the next alarm. Press the **1** key to return to the Alarms menu.



3.3.2 Real Time Alarms Page

i Information.

- Four programmable real-time alarms.
- Programmable start times and durations.



Press the $\textcircled{\ensuremath{\blacksquare}}$ key to select 'Real Time Alarms' from the Alarms menu.

Press the **1** key to access the page.

Real-time Alarms

Alarm To Configure

Up to four alarms (RT1 to RT4) can be configured, each being assigned 'On' days, 'On' time and duration. Press the 😐 key to advance to the next parameter.

Alarm On Days

Select which days the alarm is required to be active. Press the 🖷 key to move between days. Press the 🖶 key to set up the next alarm. Press the 🗊 key to advance to the next frame.

Alarm On Time and Duration

The last alarm to be configured is displayed.

Select Alarm

Select alarm to configure.

Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.

Alarm On Time

Set the alarm on time between 00:00 and 23:59. Alternatively, hours can be set to ** allowing the alarm to be activated at a specific minute each hour. **Example** – to activate the alarm at 15 minutes past each hour set **Alarm On Time** to **:15.

Press the 🔿 key to advance to the next parameter.

Alarm Duration

Set the alarm duration between 00:00 and 167:59 (hr:min).

Press the 🖶 key to set up the next alarm. Press the 🗊 key to advance to the next frame.

Real-time Alarm Tag

The last alarm to be configured is displayed.

Select Alarm

Press the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys to select Alarm Tag to edit.

Real-time Alarm Tag

Press the **II** key to enter an alarm description of up to 20 characters – see front fold-out.

Press the \blacktriangle and \bigtriangledown keys to set up the next alarm or Press the 1 key to return to the Alarms menu.



3.3.3 Alarm Acknowledge Page

Information.

- Three operator acknowledge options for Process alarms.
- Global alarm acknowledgement from internal or external digital source.

● Process Alarms ○Real Time Alarms ● Acknowledge ○Power Failure	Press the 🖶 key to select 'Acknowledge' from the Alarms menu.
Acknowledge Type: Normal Source: None	Alarm Acknowledge
Acknowledge Type: Latch Source: Normal None	 Acknowledge Type Select the type of alarm acknowledge facility required: Latch – Alarm condition is latched and the alarm state remains active until acknowledged in the Operator Level Alarm Ack Page and the alarm condition is cleared. Normal – Alarm state remains active until the condition is removed. Acknowledge facility available. None – Alarm state remains active until the condition is removed. Acknowledge facility not available.
Acknowledge Type: Normal Source: See	Press the key to advance to the next parameter. Global Acknowledge Source Select the source to be used to acknowledge all alarms –

See Select the source see Table 3.4

Press the **1** key to return to the Alarms menu.

3 CONFIGURATION...



...3.3.3 Alarm Acknowledge Page

Source [Description	Source	Description	Source	Description
Digital Inputs *		Process Alar	m Combinations – see Note 1	Operator and Warning Messages	
"NONE" -	-	"PaA+F "	OR of Process Alarms A, B, C, D, E, F	"CS 0 "	Chart speed 0 selected
"DA1" [DA1	"!PaA+F "	NOR of Process Alarms A, B, C, D, E, F	"CS 1 "	Chart speed 1 selected
"!DA1 "	NOT DA1	"PaG+M "	OR of Process Alarms G, H, J, K, L, M	"CS 2 "	Chart speed 2 selected
"DB1" [DB1	"!PaG+M "	NOR of Process Alarms G, H, J, K, L, M	"CS 3 "	Chart speed 3 selected
"!DB1 "	NOT DB1	"PaN+T "	OR of Process Alarms N, P, Q, R, S, T	"P Out "	Paper Out
"DC1" [DC1	"!PaN+T "	NOR of Process Alarms N, P, Q, R, S, T	"P Low "	Paper Low
"!DC1 " N	NOT DC1	"PaU+Z "	OR of Process Alarms U, V, W, X, Y, Z	"Pwr F "	Power Failed
"DD1" [DD1	"PaU+Z "	NOR of Process Alarms U, V, W, X, Y, Z	"Clkbat"	Clock battery low
"!DD1 " N	NOT DD1	"PaA+Z "	OR of all Process Alarms	"MODBUS"	Modbus Digital Input
"DE1" [DE1	"!PaA+Z "	NOR of all Process Alarms	"Penlft"	Pen lift activated
"!DE1 " N	NOT DE1	"PaA&F "	AND of Process Alarms A, B, C, D, E, F		
" DE2 " [DE2	"!PaA&F "	NAND of Process Alarms A, B, C, D, E, F	Logic Equation	on Results
"!DE2 " N	NOT DE2	"PaG&M "	AND of Process Alarms G, H, J, K, L, M	"EQN 01 "	L01
То		"!PaG&M "	NAND of Process Alarms G, H, J, K, L, M	"EQN 02 "	L02
" DG6 " [DG6	"PaN&T "	AND of Process Alarms N, P, Q, R, S, T	"EQN 03 "	L02
"!DG6 " N	NOT DG6	"!PaN&T "	NAND of Process Alarms N, P, Q, R, S, T	"EQN 04 "	L04
		"PaU&Z "	AND of Process Alarms U, V, W, X, Y, Z	То	
* See Section 4.4	4 for input	"PaU&Z "	NAND of Process Alarms U, V, W, X, Y, Z	"EQN 10 "	L10
designation	4 Ior Input	"PaA&Z "	AND of all Process Alarms		
designation		"!PaA&Z "	NAND of all Process Alarms	Delay Timer	
				"DT 1 "	DT1
Process Alarms	;	Real Time Ala	arme	"DT 2 "	DT2
"PaA" A	A			"DT 3 "	DT3
	ATO	"RT1 "	1	"DT 4 "	DT4
"PaB" E		"!RT1 "	NOT 1		DI4
	NOT B	"RT2 "	2		
"PaC " C		"!RT2 "	NOT 2	Totalizer Wra	
"!PaC " N	NOT C	"RT3 "	3	"TW 01 "	T01
		"!RT3 "	NOT 3	"TW 02 "	T02
"!PaD " N	NOT D	"RT4 "	4	"TW 03 "	Т03
"PaE " E	E	"!RT4 "	NOT 4	"TW 04 "	T04
	NOT E	A mala m lumuut	Failure	To	
"PaF" F	=	Analog Input		"TW 12 "	T12
"!PaF " N	NOT F	"AA1 "	A1 Fail		
То		"AA2 "	A2 Fail	Totalizer Cou	int Pulse
"PaZ "Z	2	"AA3 "	A3 Fail	(only assignat	ole to digital
"!PaZ " N	NOT Z	"AA4 "	A4 Fail	output, relay c	or totalizer)
		"AA5 "	A5 Fail	"TC 01 "	T01
		"AA6 "	A6 Fail	"TC 02 "	T02
		To	-	"TC 03 "	T03
		"AD5 "	D5 Fail	"TC 04 "	T04
		"AD6 "	D6 Fail	To	
		Math Block F	ailure – see Note 2	"TC 12 "	T12
		"MB 01"	M1	Modhing	
		"MB 02"	M2	Modbus	
		"MB 03"	M3	"MDB-01 "	Modbus Digital I/P 01
		To		To	
		"MB 08"	M8	"MDB-24 "	Modbus Digital I/P 24

Notes.

1) Process alarms set to OFF are not included in the combination when the equation is calculated.

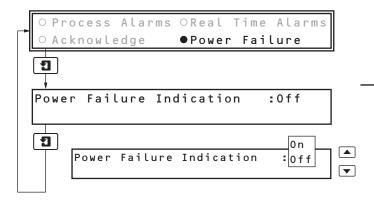
2) Displayed when the output exceeds the engineering span by $\pm 10\%$.

Table 3.4 Digital Sources



3.3.4 Power Failure Page

This page allows the power failure indication to be displayed in the Operator Pages.



Use the 🖶 key to select 'Power Failure' from the Alarms menu.

Power Failure Indication

Select 'On' to enable display of the Power Failure alarm in the Alarm Acknowledge Page and an instrument alarm in the Operating Pages.

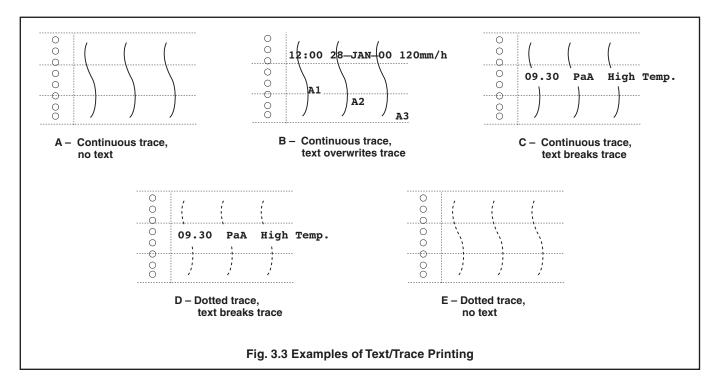
Press the **1** key to return to the Alarms menu.

3.4 Chart Level

3.4.1 Chart Control Page

Information.

- Set up to three independent chart speeds (plus chart speed 0 stopped) selectable from Operating Level or by digital signal.
- Enable/disable printing of text, enable/disable alarm printing.
- Selectable text print speed, fast or slow.
- Auto pen-drop returns the pen capsule to an operating state after a 5 minute delay to ensure recording is not inadvertently left disabled.
- 'Easy View' feature allows quick access of latest printed information.



Print Mode	Chart Speed (mm/h)			
Finit Mode	0 to 240	241 to 500	501 to 1500	
A – Continuous trace No Text	Auto print: OFF Alarm print: OFF	Auto print: OFF Alarm print: OFF		
B – Continuous traces Text overwrites trace	Print speed: Slow			
C – Continuous trace Text breaks trace	Print speed: Fast	Print speed: Fast		
D – Dotted trace Text breaks trace	_	_	Print speed: Fast	
E – Dotted trace No Text	_	_	Auto print: OFF Alarm print: OFF	

Table 3.5 Text Printing Options



....3.4.1 Chart Control Page

Chart Control OPen Alignment Chart Record	Press the 車 key to select 'Chart Control' from the Chart menu.
3	Press the 1 key to access the page.
CS1 Chart Speed : 20mm/h Source : None	Chart Control Page
CSO Chart Speed : 20mm/h CS1 Source : None CS2	Selecting the Chart Speed Select a chart speed (CS0, CS1, CS2 or CS3).
	Note. Chart speed CS0 is preset to 0mm/h. If CS0 is selected, 'Chart Stopped' is printed on the chart with the date and time)
	Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.
CS1 Chart Speed : 20mm/h Source : None	Setting the Chart Speed Set a speed between 0 and 1500mm/hr.
	Note. If the selected chart speed (other than CS0) is set to 0mm/hr, then 0mm/h is printed on the chart with the date and time.
	Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.
CS1 Chart Speed : 20mm/h Source See Table 3.4	Chart Speed Source Select the source required to initiate a change to the chart speed set above – see Section 3.3.3/ Table 3.4.
Text Printing	Press the 1 key to advance to the Text Printing frame.

Example.

If a chart speed of 120mm/h is required when digital input DA1 is active, and at all other times, the required chart speed is 20mm/h:

- Set chart speed 1 to 20mm/h
- Set chart speed 1 source to '! D A 1' (NOT D A 1)
- Set chart speed 2 to 120mm/h
- Set chart speed 2 source to 'D A 1'

Select chart speed 1 and start recording. When DA1 becomes active the chart speed changes to 120 mm/h. When DA1 becomes inactive the chart speed returns to 20mm/h.

25

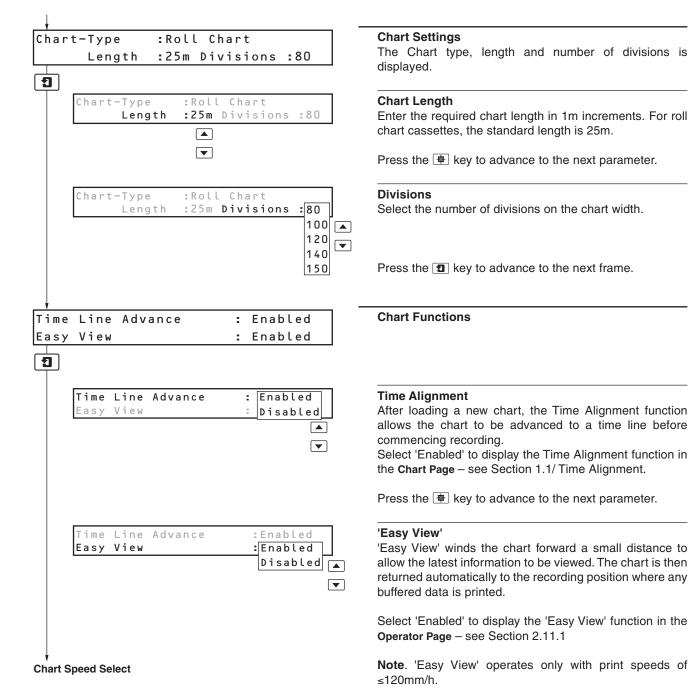


uto Print :On Alarm Print:Off Print Speed:Slow	Text Printing		
Auto Print : On Alarm Print:Off Off Print Speed:Slow	Auto Print Select the Auto Print mode 0 n – Enables automati speeds, scales an 0 f f – Disables automati	c printing of ti d channel Identi c printing.	ifiers.
	Press the 귤 key to advan	ce to the next p	arameter.
Auto Print :ON Alarm Print:On Print Speed: Off	Alarm Print Select 'On' to enable the p	rinting of alarm r	nessages.
	Press the 😐 key to advan	ce to the next p	arameter.
Auto Print :ON Alarm Print:OFF Print Speed:SFast Slow V	Alarm and Operator Mess With chart speeds ≤240n following effect: Fast – Interrupts char operator messa Slow – Prints alarms or traces.	nm/h the select t traces to pr ge.	ions have th rint alarms o
	Print speed options.	Object Org	
	Parameter to Print		ed (mm/h)
		1 - 240	241 - 1500
	Process Alarms Real Time Alarms	Slow/Fast Slow/Fast	
	Scales (Test Print)	Fast	- Fast
	Operator Message	Slow/Fast	-
	The print speed for messag Scales, Chart speed cha predefined and cannot be s Slow ≤ 240mm/h. Fast > 240 mm/h.	nge and Trace	
	Scales, Chart speed cha predefined and cannot be Slow ≤ 240mm/h.	nge and Trace selected, ie.	Identifiers) i

Press the **1** key to advance to the **Chart Cassette Type** frame.

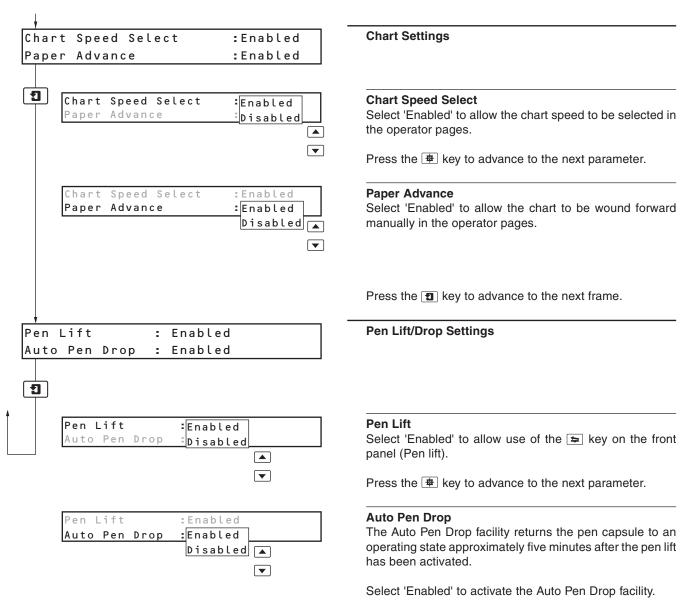


...3.4.1 Chart Control Page



Press the **1** key to advance to the **Chart Speed Select** frame.

...3.4.1 Chart Control Page



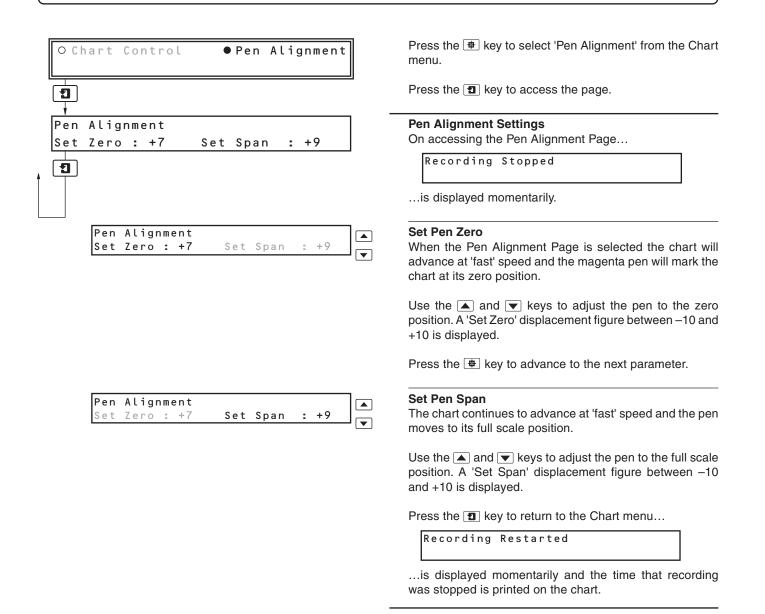
Press the **1** key to return to the Chart menu.



3.4.2 Pen Alignment Page

Information.

- Allows accurate adjustment of pen position on the chart.
- Can be used to remove the effect of inconsistencies in chart manufacture.



3.4.3 Chart Record Page

Information.

- Two pen function options, Trend or Event.
 Trend chart trace represents analog input or math result.
 Event 3-position event marker.
- Ten programmable zones.
- Trace can be set to change color when a digital input or alarm is active.

○ Chart Control ○ Pen ● Chart Record	Alignment	Press the 🔹 key to select 'Chart Record' from the Chart menu.
1		Press the 1 key to access the page.
01 Trace Primary Color:Ma	agenta	Trace Primary Color
01 Trace Primary Color:	Magenta	Select Trace Select the trace to be set.
		Press the \blacksquare key to advance to the next parameter.
01 Trace Primary Color:	Nono	Trace Primary Color
	Magenta Red	Select the primary color of the pen.
Set next trace	Black Green Blue Brown Z-trace	Traces 1 to 6 can be allocated any single color, traces 7 to 24 can be allocated any single color or their designated Z-trace color – see Table 3.6.
Trace Secondary Color		Caution . On multi-channel applications, consideration should be given when allocating trace colors. If one color is used significantly more than others, the ink is used more quickly.

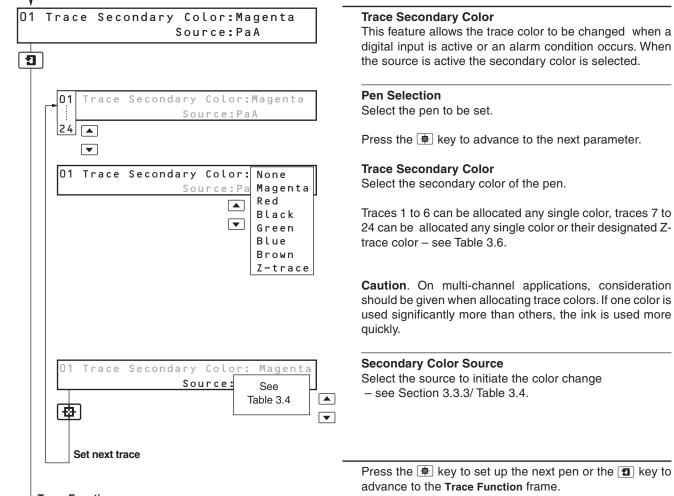
Press the P key to set up the next pen or the P key to advance to the next frame.

Trace Number	Z-trace color	Trace Number	Z-trace color
01)	13	Magenta/Green
02		14	Blue/Red
03	Z-trace	15	Black/Brown
04	not available	16	Magenta/Black
05		17	Black/Blue
06		18	Brown/Green
07	Magenta/Red	19	Green/Red
08	Black/Green	20	Magenta/Blue
09	Blue/Brown	21	Red/Brown
10	Red/Black	22	Red/Black/Green/Magenta
11	Green/Blue	23	Blue/Brown/Magenta/Red
12	Magenta/Brown	24	Black/Green/Blue/Brown

Table 3.6 Z-trace Colors

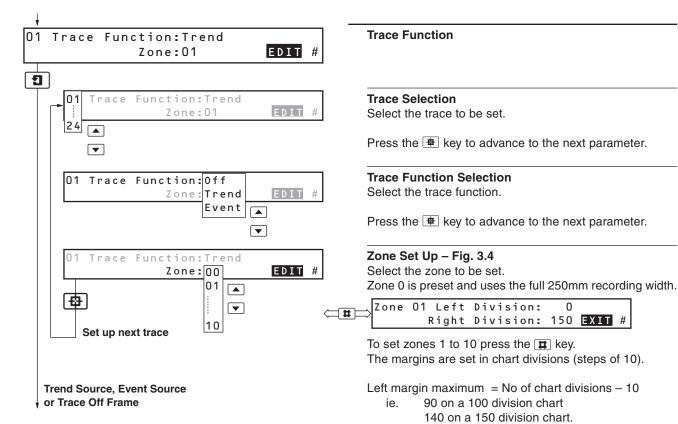


...3.4.3 Chart Record Page



Trace Function





Right margin minimum = 10 + left margin.

Note. The number of divisions on the chart is set in Section 3.4.1/ Chart Control Page/ Chart Settings.

Press the **T** key to return to the **Trace Function** frame. Press the **1** key to advance to the next frame.

Notes.

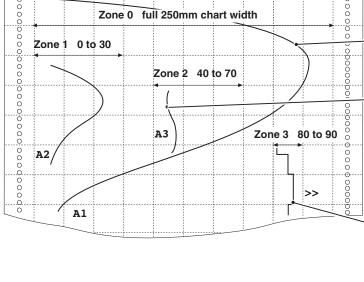
Trend traces recorded in zone 0 use the full 250mm recording width, where the left division represents the chart Lo and the right division the chart Hi - see Chart Scale Lo/Hi in the Trend Source frame.

Trend traces recorded in zones 1 to 10 use only the portion of the chart dictated by the margin settings, where the left margin represents the chart Lo and the right margin the chart Hi.

Event traces recorded in zone 0 are positioned at 10.4mm intervals across the chart width according to the trace number, starting 5.2mm from the left edge. If an event source is active the trace deflects approximately 3mm in the relevent direction.

Event traces recorded in zone 1 to 10 are positioned centrally between the left and right margin positions. If an event source is active the trace deflects approximately 3mm in the relevent direction.







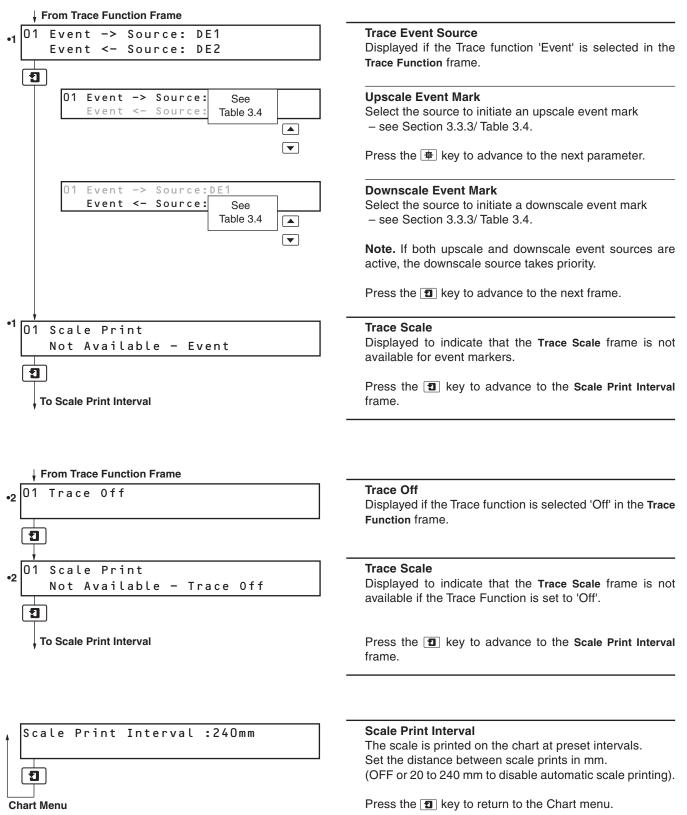
...3.4.3 Chart Record Page

From Trace Function Frame •1 01 Trend Source:A1 **Trend Source** Chart Lo/Hi: 0.0 100.0 bar Displayed if the Trace function 'Trend' is selected in the 2 Trace Function frame. 1 01 Trend Source:A1 **Trace Selection** Lo/Hi: 0.0 100.0 bar art Select the trace to be set. 24 Press the key to advance to the next parameter. 01 Trend Source: A 1 **Trend Source** 100.0 bar Chart Lo/Hi: 0 Select the channel to be recorded on the selected trace. D 6 Μ1 Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter. Μ8 Trend Source:A1 Chart Scale Lo/Hi 0.0 100.0 bar Chart Lo/Hi: 2 Set the Lo (minimum) and Hi (maximum) values of the chart scale. 日日 This range can be different from the engineering range of Set up next trace the signal being recorded (within limits -999 to +9999). The decimal point position is determined by the setting for the analog signal being recorded. Press the 1 key to advance to the next frame. 101 Trace Scale Print :0n TEST * **Printing the Trace Scale** •1 Source: Note. Scales are not printed in zones less than 10 divisions 1 wide. TEST 01 Trace Scale Print : On **Trace Scale Print** Source: Off Select 'On' to enable automatic printing of the trace scale. Press the 🖌 key to print a test sample of the scale on the chart. Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter. Trace Scale Print :On TEST Scale Print Source Source: Select the source to initiate a test scale print See - see Section 3.3.3/ Table 3.4. Table 3.4 **Scale Print Interval**

•1 Not displayed if 'Event' or 'Off' is selected in the Trace Function frame.



...3.4.3 Chart Record Page



^{•1} Not displayed if 'Trend' or 'Off' is selected in the Trace Function frame.

•2 Not displayed if 'Trend' or 'Event' is selected in the Trace Function frame.

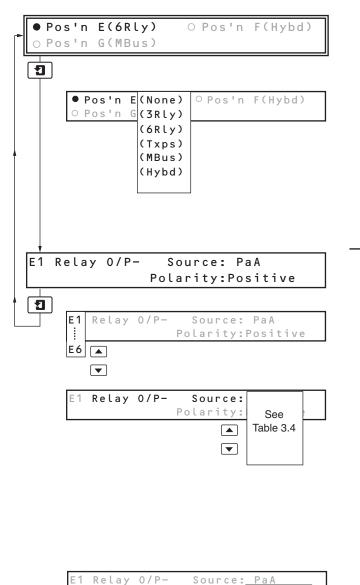


3.5 Output Modules

Information.

- Module types 3 Relay, 6 Relay, Transmitter PSU or Modbus serial link.
- · Automatic detection of module type fitted.
- Programmable sources and polarity of relay outputs.

3.5.1 Relay Output Module Page



Polarity: Positive

Negative

Select Module Position

Press the 🖶 key to select the module to be configured.

The type of module fitted in each position is displayed automatically:

- None No module fitted (No configuration required).
- 3RLy 3-relay outputs.
- 6RLy 6-relay outputs.
- Txps Transmitter PSU (No configuration required).
- MBus Modbus serial communications – *see IM/SR250–MOD*
- Hybd Hybrid digital input/output and analog outputs.

Press the **1** key to configure the module in the selected position.

Relay Output Module

Select Relay Output

Select the relay output to be configured (1 to 3 or 1 to 6, depending on the module fitted.

Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.

Select Output Source

Select the digital source which activates the relay output - see Section 3.3.3/ Table 3.4.

Note. If the relay is used to provide a totalizer count pulse, the maximum pulse frequency is 1.33Hz. Consideration should also be given to the mechanical life of the relay.

Press the **b** key to advance to the next parameter.

Select Output Polarity

The relay output can be set to energize for either an active or inactive digital signal:

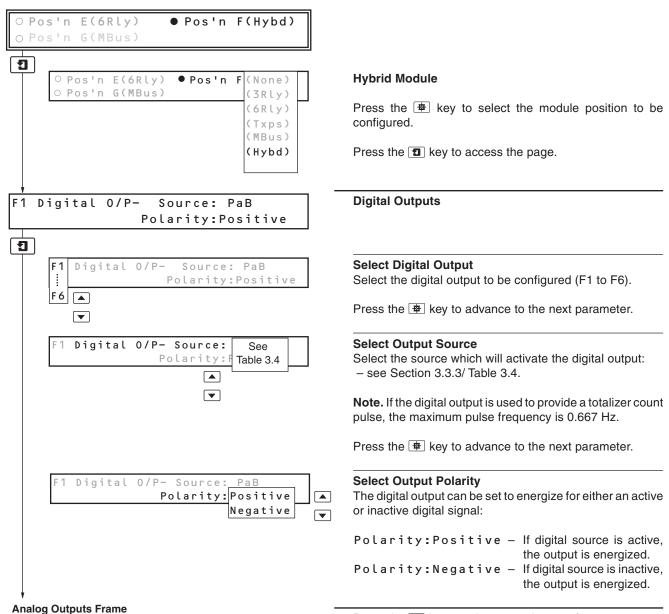
Polarity:Positive -	If digital source is active,
Polarity:Negative -	the output is energized. If digital source is inactive, the output is energized.

Press the 🖶 key to set up the next relay output. Press the 🗊 key to return to the Modules menu.

3 CONFIGURATION...



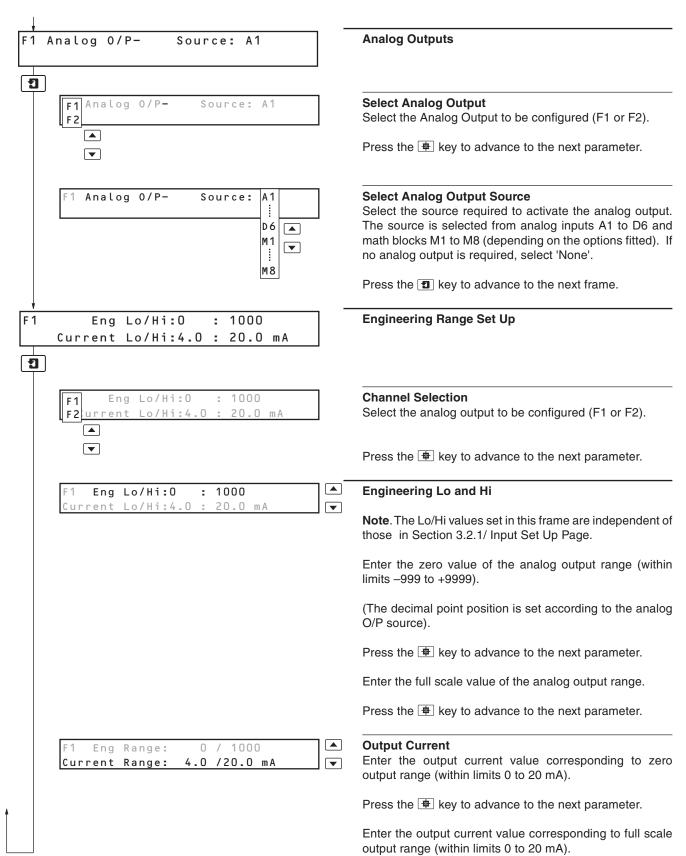
3.5.2 Hybrid Output Module Page



Press the **1** key to advance to the next frame.



...3.5.2 Hybrid Output Module Page



Press the **1** key to return to the Modules menu.

♪

3.6 Operator Set Up Level

3.6.1 Operator Contents Page

Information.

- English, French or German language options.
- Operator Level Pages which are not required can be turned off.

● Operator Contents ○ Passwords ○ Op-Page 1 ○ Op-Page 2
1
User Language : English View Signals Page : Off
User Language : English
View Signals PagDeutsch Francais
User Language : English View Signals Page : Off On 🔺
▼ Process Review Page : On
Print Messages Page : On
Process Review Page : Off Print Messages Page : On
Process Review Page :ON Print Messages Page :Off On \\
↓ Operator Printing : Enabled Operator Message Source: PaA
Operator Printing Operator Message Source Disabled

Operator Printing : Enabled Operator Message Source: See Table 3.4 Press the 🖶 key to select 'Operator Contents' from the Operator menu.

Press the 1 key to access the page.

Operator Page

User Language

Select the language to be displayed.

Press the 🖷 key to advance to the next parameter.

View Signals Page

Select 'On' to enable the View Signals Page in the Operator Level.

Press the **1** key to advance to the next frame.

Process Review and Print Messages

Note. Disabling the Process Review Page will also disable the Cue/Review facility.

Select 'On' to enable the Process Review Page in the Operator Level.

Press the 🖷 key to advance to the next parameter.

Select 'On' to enable the **Print Messages Page** in the **Operator Level**.

Press the **1** key to advance to the next frame.

Operator Printing Enable/Disable

Select 'Enabled' to allow the Operator Message to be set up and printed (the message is set up in the Operator Level), and allow the operator to activate printing of the date and time.

Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.

Operator Message Source

Select the source required to activate printing of the Operator Message – see Section 3.3.3/ Table 3.4.

Press the **1** key to return to the Operator menu.

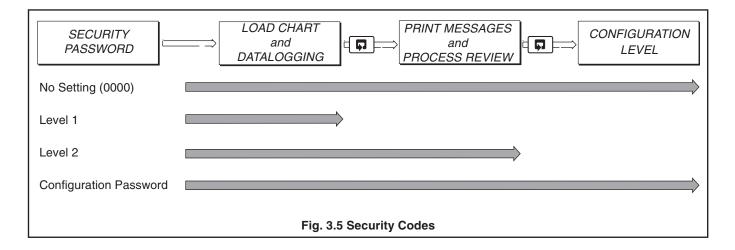


3.6.2 Security Page

This page is used to set the passwords for access to chart loading, datalogging, process review, message printing and configuration functions.

○ Operator Contents ● Security ○ Op-Page 1 ○ Op-Page 2	Press the 🖶 key to select 'Security' from the Operator menu.
	Press the 1 key to access the Page.
Level 1 Security Code 0000 Level 2 Security Code 0000	Set Level 1 and Level 2 Security Code The Level 1 Security Code allows access to the Chart Page and Memory Card Datalogging Page. The Level 2 Security Code allows access to the Process Review Page and the Print Messages Page.
Level 1 Security Code 4321 Level 2 Security Code 0000	Set the Level 1 Security Code to any number between 0000 and 9999. (Setting 0000 disables the security and allows unrestricted access to the Load Chart and Datalogging Pages).
Level 1 Security Code 4321 Level 2 Security Code 1234	Set the Level 2 Security Code to any number between 0000 and 9999. (Setting 0000 disables the security and allows unrestricted access to the Level 1 Pages, the Print Messages and Process Review Pages).
	Press the 1 key to advance to the next frame.
Configuration Security Code 0000	Set Configuration Security Code The Configuration Security Code allows access to the Load Chart and Datalogging Pages (Level 1), the Print Messages and Process Review Pages (Level 2) and the Configuration Level (Level 3).
	Set the Code to any number between 0000 and 9999. (Setting 0000 disables the security and allows unrestricted access to all levels).

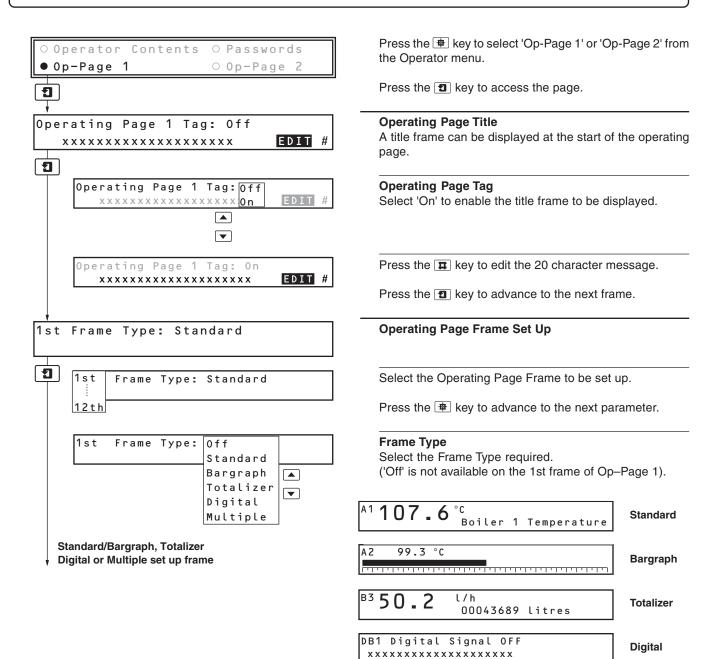
Press the **1** key to return to the Operator menu.



3.6.3 Operator Pages 1 and 2

Information.

- Two operating pages, each with 12 individually configured frames.
- 5 frame display options
- Operator Page 2 is not displayed if all the frames are set to 'Off'.



A3 107.6

'C

Press the 🖶 key to set up the next Operating Page Frame. Press the 🗊 key to advance to the set up frames.

A5 999.9

' C

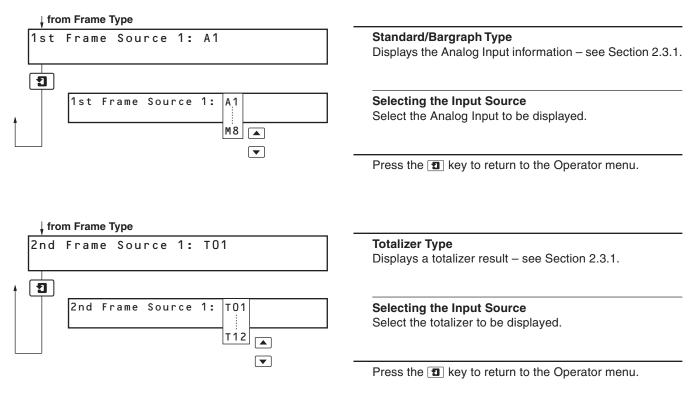
A4 372.4

psi

Multiple



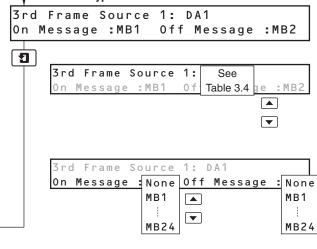
...3.6.3 Operator Pages 1 and 2





...3.6.3 Operator Pages 1 and 2

from Frame Type



Digital Type

The frame is allocated to a digital source. The messages displayed are selected from the message blocks – see Section 3.7.1/ Message Blocks Page.

Select the Digital source to be displayed – see Section 3.3.3/ Table 3.4.

Press the 😐 key to advance to the next parameter.

ON/OFF Messages

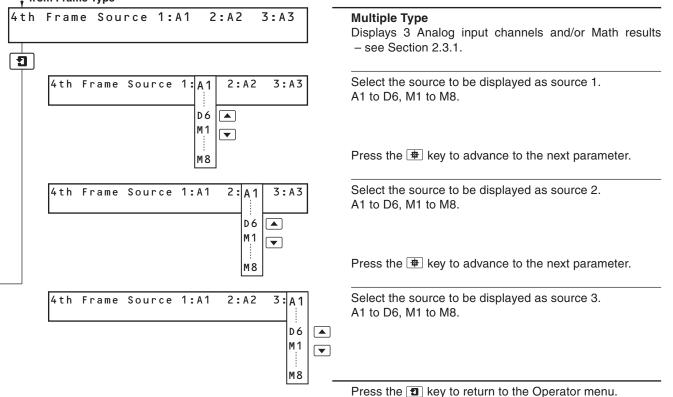
Select the message block to be displayed when the source is active.

Press the 😐 key to advance to the next parameter.

Select the message block to be displayed when the source is inactive.

Press the **1** key to return to the Operator menu.

from Frame Type



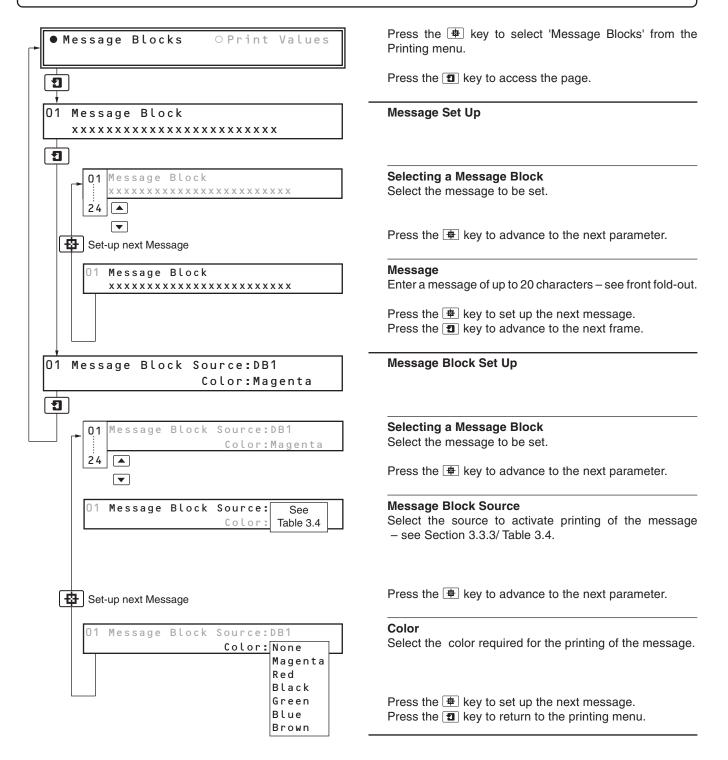


3.7 Printing Menu

3.7.1 Message Blocks Page

Information.

- Twenty four, 20-character Operator messages.
- Message printing can be triggered by internal or external digital signals.
- Programmable color of message.
- Time stamping for message.



3.7.2 Print Values Page

Information.

- Instantaneous values of the analog inputs and math results can be printed on the chart.
- Two channel value groups are available with independent print sources and automatic print times.
- Each analog signal can be assigned to either or both groups.

Analog input channel values and math block results can be assigned to a 'Values Group'. The instantaneous values of the channels in the group can then be printed, on demand, from the Operator Level – see Section 2.10/ Print Messages Page/ Printing Values Groups.

○ Message Blocks ● Print Values	Press the 푣 key to select the Print Values Page from the Printing menu.
	Press the 1 key to access the page.
A1 Print Values Group: A+B Color: Magenta	Print Values Group Set Up
A1 Print Values Group: A+B Color: Magenta	Channel Selection Select the channel to be assigned to a print values group. A1 to D6 or M1 to M8.
	Press the 💩 key to advance to the next parameter.
A1 Print Values Group: None Color: A hta B Set-up next channel A+B	Print Values Group Select the Print Values Group to which the channel is assigned.
	Press the \blacksquare key to advance to the next parameter.
A1 Print Values Group: A+B Color: None Magenta Red Black Green Blue Brown	Color Select the color of the printed value.
Print Values A	Press the 1 key to advance to the next frame.



...3.7.2 Print Values Page

Prin	t Values A Interval: 20 Min Source: None	Setting the Print Group A
9		 Print Interval Group A Select the time interval required between each set of printed values. The time interval is selectable from the
		 following values: 5 Min - On the hour then every 5 minutes 10 Min - On the hour then every 10 minutes 15 Min - On the hour then every 15 minutes 20 Min - On the hour then every 20 minutes 30 Min - On the hour then every 30 minutes 60 Min - On the hour every hour 120 Min - Every 2 hours (ie. 02:00, 04:0024:00) 180 Min - Every 3 hours (ie. 03:00, 06:0024:00) 240 Min - Every 8 hours (ie. 08:00, 16:00 and 24:00) 720 Min - Midday and midnight 1440 Min - Midnight 0FF - Disable Group A printing
	Print Values A Interval: 20 Min Source: See Table 3.4	Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter. Print Source Group A Select the source required to initiate printing group A – see Section 3.3.3/ Table 3.4.
		Press the 1 key to advance to the next frame.
Prin	t Values B Interval: 15 Min Source: PaA	Setting the Print Group B
		 Print Interval Group B Select the time interval required between each set of printed values – see group A above.
		Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.
	Print Values B Interval: 15 Min Source: See Table 3.4	Print Source Group B Select the source required to initiate printing group B – see Section 3.3.3/ Table 3.4.

Press the **1** key to return to the printing menu.

3.8 Totalizer Level

3.8.1 Introduction to Totalization

Information.

- Twelve, 8-digit totalizers which can be assigned as analog integrators to any channel or math result, or as digital counters assigned to any digital signal.
- Count up or count down.
- Count rates from 0.001 to 99.999 counts/second.
- External counter pulse can be used to energize relays or digital outputs
- Wrap function with external wrap pulse used to energize relays or digital outputs.
- Programmable preset and predetermined count values for (batch) flow total.
- Adjustable cut-off values.
- Operator Level reset and stop/go.
- Digital signal reset and stop/go.

The totalizer option provides integration of flow rates from input signals with linear, square law or power law characteristics. More than one totalizer can be allocated to a channel and these may be switched on or off as required.

The flow total for any channel can be viewed on the digital display and reset using the front panel switches and/or a digital signal. An additional internal 'Secure' total is also provided which can only be reset after gaining access to the **CONFIGURATION LEVEL**.

External counters with their own power supplies can be driven using relay and digital output module options.

External counter pulses up to 1.3 counts/sec can be assigned to any relay O/P - pulse duration 50mS

External counter pulses up to 0.6 counts/sec can be assigned to any digital O/P - pulse duration 750mS

Converting the Engineering Flow Rate – Example A and B

To calculate the count rate high, the engineering flow rate high must first be converted into units per second. The engineering range (display range) value is limited to 9999. In some circumstances the engineering flow rate high value may be greater than 9999 and the engineering range must therefore be scaled. In the calculation of units/second the actual engineering flow rate high value must be used.

Max. flow rate in Units/Second = <u>Actual Engineering Flow Rate High</u> Engineering Range Units (in seconds)

Calculating the Count Rate High – Example A and B

The totalized decimal point allows the totals to be scaled between 10^{-8} and 10^{0} ie. .00000000 and 00000000 with multiplication factors of x 10 and x 100 giving 000000000 and 000000000, the latter two increases in increments of tens or hundreds respectively.

Count Rate High = $\frac{\text{units/second}}{\text{counter factor}}$ } Must be within the limits of 99.999 to 0.001 pulse per second



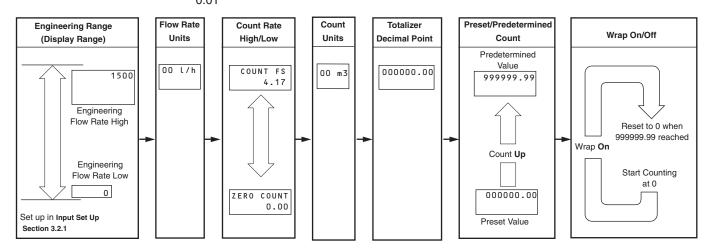
...3.8.1 Introduction to Totalization

Example A – Setting up:

- an engineering range of 0 to 1500 representing a range of 0 to 150,000 litres per hour
- measuring effluent discharge
- count every 0.01m³
- wrap function ON, front panel total automatically reset to 0 and continues counting when predetermined value is reached.

Range =
$$150,000 \text{ l/h} = 150\text{m}^3/\text{h}$$
 Units/second = $\frac{150}{3,600} = 0.0417\text{m}^3/\text{s}$

Totalizer count full scale = $\frac{0.0417}{0.01}$ = 4.17 pulses/s (OK, maximum is 99.999)

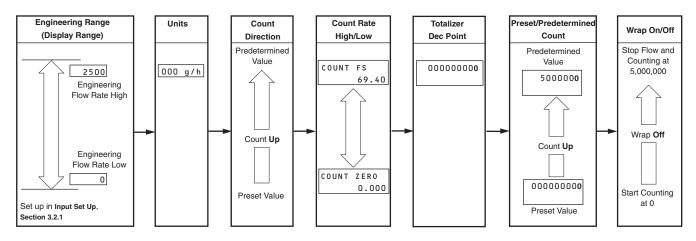


Example B – Setting up:

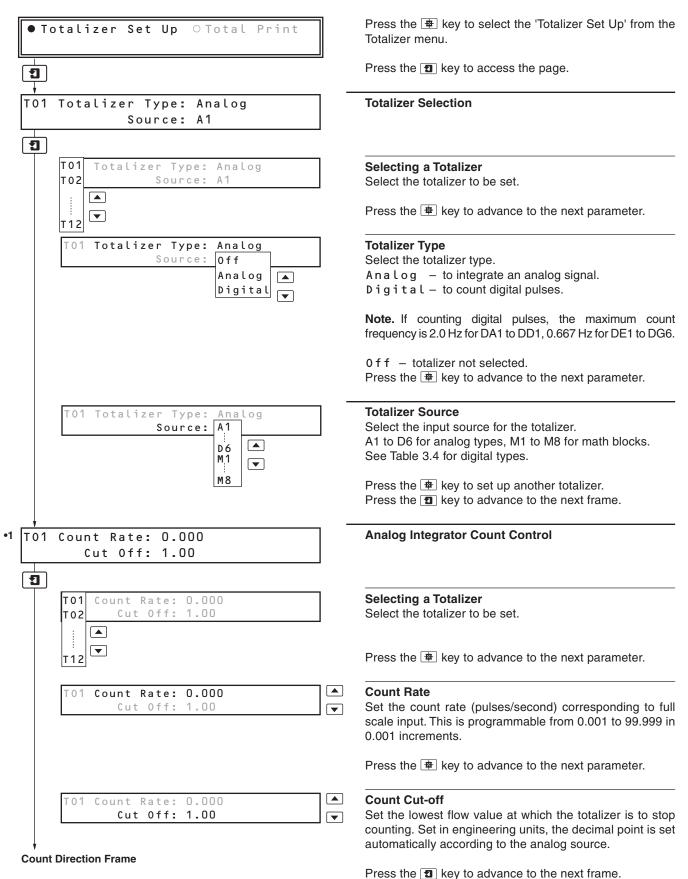
- an engineering range of 0 to 2500 representing a range of 0 to 2.5 million gallons per hour.
- filling a storage tank with a capacity of 5 million gallons.
- least significant digit of 1 gallon shown on totalizer display (viewed in the Operator Level, Totalizer Page).
- wrap function OFF, 1 second wrap pulse generated at predetermined value and combined in a logic equation to stop flow.

Range = 2.5 million gal/h Units/second = $\frac{2.5 \times 10^6}{3600}$ = 694 gal/s Totalizer count full scale = $\frac{694}{1}$ = 694 (too high, maximum is 99.999) Increasing count to every 10 gallons = $\frac{694}{10}$ = 69.4 (OK)

Set totalizer decimal point to x10 position to increment totalizer in 10 gallon steps.



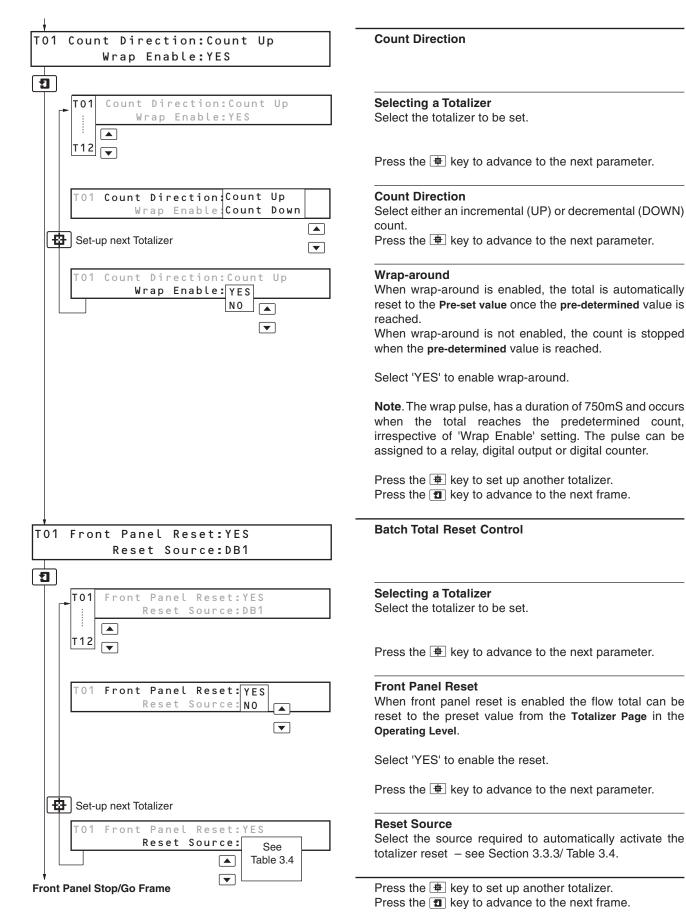




•1 Not relevant to Digital Counter.

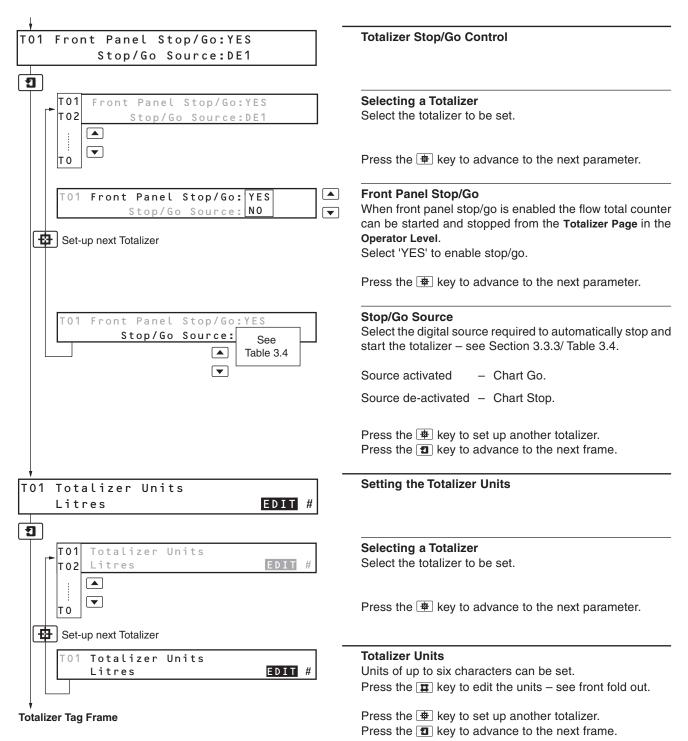


...3.8.2 Totalizer Set Up Page



64

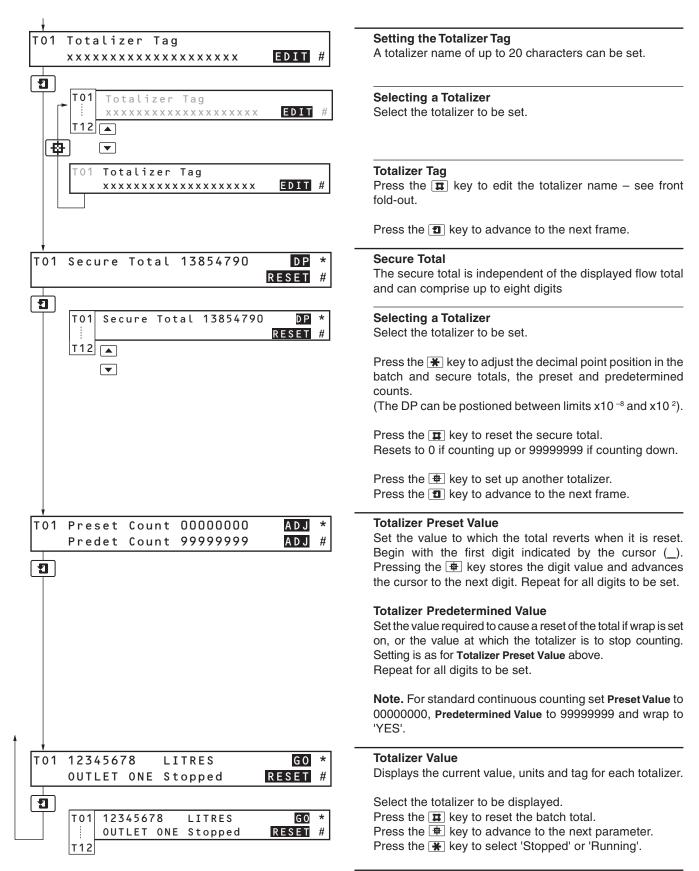
...3.8.2 Totalizer Set Up Page



65



...3.8.2 Totalizer Set Up Page



Press the 1 key to return to the Totalizer menu.

3.8.3 Totalizer Print Page

Information.

- Printing of totalizer identity, value and tag. •
- Printing of individual values triggered from internal or external digital signal. ٠
- Values can be printed via digital signal or at pre-configured time intervals. •

Note. Totalizer values are always 'fast' printed.

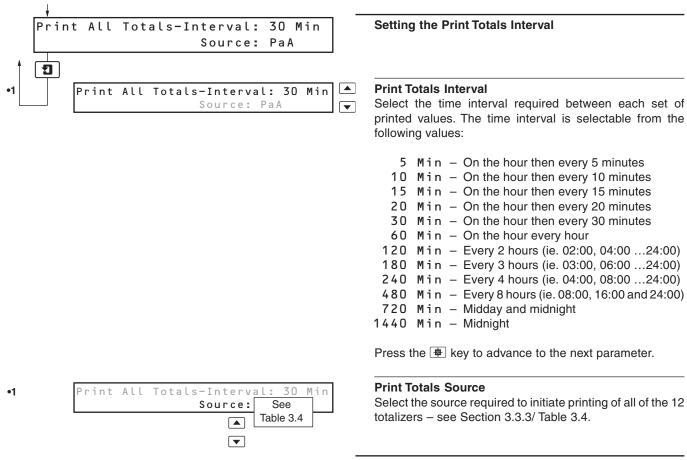
○ Totalizer Set Up ● Total Print	Press the 귤 key to select 'Totalizer Print' from the Totalizer menu.
3	Press the 1 key to access the page.
TO1 Print Color: Red Source: DF1	
To1 Print Color: Red Source: DF1 T12	Selecting a Totalizer Select the totalizer to be set.
T01 Print Color:None Source:Magenta Red Black Green Blue Blue Blue Brown	Press the 👜 key to advance to the next parameter. Print Color The totalizers can be printed in any of the available colors except Z-trace.
	Press the 👜 key to advance to the next parameter.
T01 Print Color: Red Source See Table 3.4	Print Pen Source Select the source required to initiate printing – see Section 3.3.3/ Table 3.4.
	Press the 🔹 key to set up another totalizer.

Print All Totals Frame

Press the **1** key to advance to the next frame.



....3.8.3 Totalizer Print Page



Press the 1 key to return to the Totalizer menu.

•1 Totalizers that are set to OFF are NOT printed – see Section 3.8.2/ Totalizer Set Up Page/ Totalizer Type.

3.9 Math Level

3.9.1 Math Blocks Page

Information.

- 8 programmable math blocks.
- Each math block can be configured for any math function, (i.e. relative humidity, mass flow, arithmetic (Standard), Fvalue, Time Average, Maximum or Minimum hold).
- Programmable engineering units and result tag for each block.

Note. The fault detection level on the math block result is preset to 10%, irrespective of the level set in the Input Setup Page – see Section 3.2.1

● Maths Blocks	OLogic Equations
○ Custom	○Delay Timer
•	
M1 Maths Function	: Standard
•	
	ion: Standard
	Ton: Standard
M8 🔺	
M1 Maths Funct	
mi mains runci	ion: Off Standard
	RH
	Mass Fl 1
	Mass Fl 2
	F-Val
	Time Avg Max Hold
	Min Hold

Press the 種 key to select 'Math Blocks' from the Math menu.

Press the \fbox key to access the page.

Math Block Selection

Selecting a Math Block

Select a math block to configure.

Press the P key to advance to the next parameter.

Math Function Type				
Select the math	fu	nction required:		
Standard	_	Arithmetic operations		
RH	_	Relative humidity		
Mass Fl 1	_	from volume flow		
Mass Fl 2 – from differential pressure				
F-Val - Fvalues from temperature				
Time Avg — Time average				
Max Hold – Maximum value held				
Min Hold – Minimum value held				

Next frame dependent on Math Function selected

Press the 1 key to advance to the next frame.

The next frame displayed is dependent upon the math function selected.



..3 CONFIGURATION

...3.9.1 Math Blocks – Standard

The standard math block consists of a series of up to 4 operands and 3 operators.

Operands can be any of the following: an analog input (A1 to D6), a math result (M1 to M8), a user definable constant (K1 to K16).

Operators can be any of the following:

- + (addition),
- (subtraction),
- x (multiplication),
- / (division),
- H (high select)
- L (low select)
- M (median)
- End (equation terminator)

Note.

The L and H functions return the lowest and highest input variable respectively and require at least 2 operands to be entered.

The M function returns the median of the input variables and requires 3 operands to be entered. The second operator is automatically set to M when using this function.

The 'End' function is an equation terminator and is entered when the equation does not require the full range of parameters.

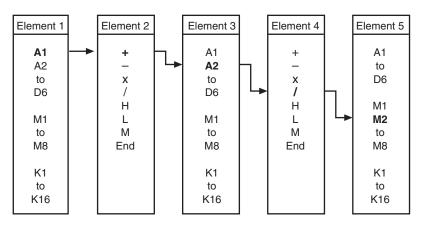
Note. The elements in each equation are calculated sequentially ie. elements 1, 2 and 3 are evaluated first and this result is then combined with elements 4 and 5. The resultant is combined with elements 6 and 7 to give the equation result.

To enter an equation involving brackets it is necessary to use another math block.

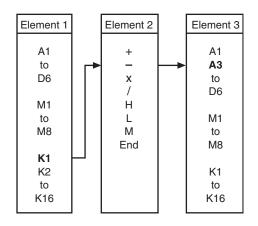
Example 1

To evaluate the equation:	$\frac{A1 + A2}{K1 - A3}$ proceed as follows:
Enter math block 1 as	M1 = A1 + A2 / M2
Enter math block 2 as	M2 = K1 – A3

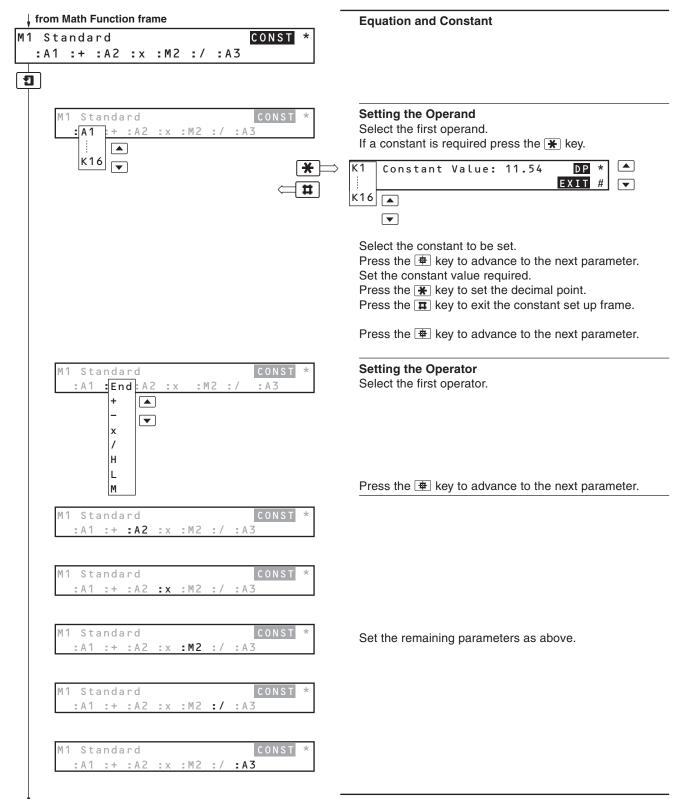
Math Block M1



Math Block M2



...3.9.1 Math Blocks – Standard



Eng Lo/Hi

Press the **1** key to advance to the **Eng Lo/Hi** frame.

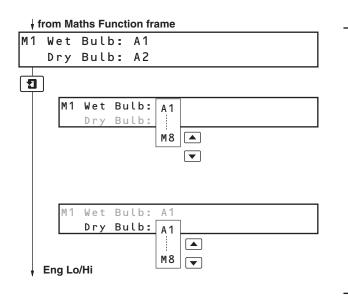


..3 CONFIGURATION

...3.9.1 Math Blocks – Relative Humidity (RH)

The relative humidity calculation requires two inputs, one from a wet bulb sensor and one from a dry bulb sensor. Both of these inputs are configured as variables. RH tables are based on the use of an aspirated pyrochrometer having an air velocity of at least 11.5 feet per second or 3.5 meters per second across the bulb sensors.

Inputs used for wet and dry bulb measurement must be in the ranges 0 to 100°C or 32 to 212°F. The result must be set to 0 to 100.0% RH.



Setting the RH Sensors

Wet Bulb Sensor

Select the input source to be assigned to the wet bulb sensor. The source is selected from analog inputs A1 to D6 or math functions M1 to M8.

Press the 😐 key to advance to the next parameter.

Dry Bulb

Select the input source to be assigned to the wet bulb sensor. The source is selected from analog inputs A1 to D6 or math functions M1 to M8.

Press the **1** key to advance to the **Eng Lo/Hi** frame.



...3.9.1 Math Blocks – Mass Flow 1 and 2

There are two types of mass flow calculations available.

Mass Flow 1 - uses a volume flow input as the basis for the calculation

The standard formula for mass flow 1 is as follows:

Mass Flow 1 = k V
$$\frac{P}{Pr} \frac{Tr}{T}$$

where:

k = Scaling constant

V = Input a (input from volume flow source)

P = Pressure (pressure input source)

T = Temperature (temperature input source)

Tr = Reference temperature (set as a constant)

Pr = Reference pressure (set as a constant).

The temperature units used by the input source must be specified as all calculations use absolute temperatures and conversion is made if the input uses °C or °F.

Mass Flow 2 - uses a differential pressure (dp) input as the basis for the calculation.

The formula used for mass flow 2 is as follows:

Mass Flow 2 = k $\sqrt{h} \sqrt{\frac{P}{T} \frac{Tr}{Pr}}$

where:

h = differential pressure head

Some differential pressure (dp) sensors incorporate a square root linearizer and therefore produce an output linear to flow. In these instances no additional linearization within the instrument is required. Where the input from the dp sensor is linear to dp head the square root linearizer must be used – see Section 3.2.1/ Input Set Up Page/ Linearizer Type.

The formula used internally is:

$$M = k a \sqrt{\frac{P}{T} - \frac{Tr}{Pr}}$$

where:

input a = linearized flow signal.

The linearized flow signal is produced by the transmitter or derived from the signal linearized within the advanced process recorder.

When using mass flow, care must be taken in sizing the differential transmitter. Variations in pressure and temperature affect the dp developed across the flow device. In its basic form:

$$m = \sqrt{h \frac{P}{T}}$$

Note. As pressure P decreases, the dp (h) increases. Likewise, as temperature T increases this also causes an increase in dp (h). If the variation in temperature/pressure is sufficient to cause the dp to exceed the range of the dp transmitter, then errors occur in calculating the mass flow. It is therefore generally recommended to size the flow system on minimum pressure and maximum temperature conditions to ensure the dp transmitter remains within its calibrated range.



.3 CONFIGURATION

...3.9.1 Math Blocks – Mass Flow 1 and 2

Example A - calculating the mass flow of water from the volume flow.

At a temperature of 60°F (520°R) and an absolute pressure of 14.696 p.s.i.a., 1 gallon (US) of water has a mass of 8.334 lbs. To calculate the mass flow of water from the volume flow the following settings are used:

A1 - volume flow of water (gal/min)

- A2 temperature of water (°F)
- A3 pressure of water (p.s.i.a.)
- M2- result of math block 2 (lb/min)

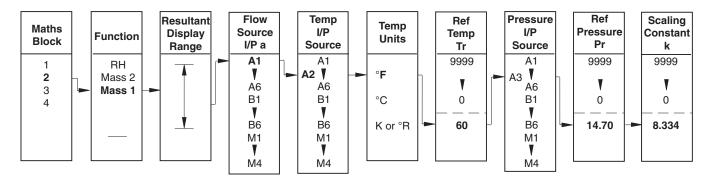
Mass Flow 1 = k V
$$\frac{P}{Pr}$$
 $\frac{Tr}{T}$

therefore the equation is:

Mass Flow 1 (lb/min) = 8.334 x Volume (gal/min) x $\frac{\text{measured pressure (psi)}}{14.696 \text{ p.s.i.a.}}$ x $\frac{520^{\circ}\text{R}}{\text{measured temperature }^{\circ}\text{R}}$

The example below shows the construction of Math block 2 with the following selected:

- Math block function Mass Flow 1
- Display range -
- Flow source A1
- Temp source A2
- Temp units °F
- Temp ref 60 (60°F = 520°R)
- Pressure source A3
- Ref pressure 14.70 p.s.i.a.
- Scaling constant 8.334





...3.9.1 Math Blocks – Mass Flow 1 and 2

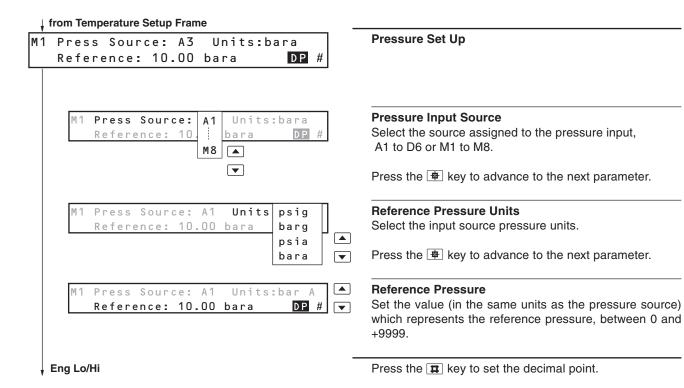
↓ from Math Function frame	Mass Flow 1 or 2
11 Input a Source: A1	
Scaling Constant: XXXXXX DP #	
อ	
M1 Input a Source: A1	Flow Input Source
Scaling Constant XXXXX DP #	Select the source assigned to the flow input, A1 to D6 or M1 to M8.
M8 A	
	Press the 👜 key to advance to the next parameter.
M1 Input a Source: A1	Scaling Constant
Scaling Constant: 8.334 DP # 🔻	Set the value which represents the scaling constant (k)
	between 0 and +9999.
	Press the 🕱 key to set the decimal point. Press the 🗊 key to advance to the next frame.
- I Temp Source: A2 Units:°F	Temperature Setup
Reference: 60.00 DP #	
]	
M1 Temp Source: A1 Units:°F	Temperature Input Source
Reference: 00 °F DP #	Select the source assigned to the temperature input,
M8 🔺	A1 to D6 or M1 to M8.
	Press the 😐 key to advance to the next parameter.
M1 Temp Source: A1 Units °F	Temperature Units
Reference: 60.00 °F °C DP #	Select the input source temperature units.
°R 🔺	(The calculation is performed in Absolute units. If the Tem
	Source is in °F or °C an internal correction factor is applied
	automatically).
	Press the 👜 key to advance to the next parameter.
M1 Temp Source: A1 Units:°F	Reference Temperature
Reference: 60.00 °F DP #	Set the value (in the same units as the Temp Source) whic
	represents the reference temperature, between 0 and
	+9999.
	Press the 🕱 key to set the decimal point. Press the 🗊 key to advance to the next frame.
ure Set Up Frame	Continued on next page.

Pressure Set Up Frame



.3 CONFIGURATION

...3.9.1 Math Blocks – Mass Flow 1 and 2



Press the **1** key to advance to the **Eng Lo/Hi** frame.

...3.9.1 Math Blocks – Fvalue

The application of Fvalue measurement enables sterilizing cycles to be shortened, relative to the traditional time versus temperature cycles commonly adopted.

The ability of heat to kill micro-organisms varies with the type of organism and increases exponentially with rising temperature. By definition, steam sterilization has a target temperature of 121.1°C and dry heat sterilization 170°C.

Therefore, the time taken in sterilization is reduced if the temperature is increased.

Example – An increase in temperature from 121°C to 122°C reduces the time to kill an equal number of organisms by a factor of 26%.

The Fvalue calculation gives an equivalent time (in minutes) at a target temperature taking account of the time taken to approach and the time exceeding the target sterilization temperature.

The Fvalue is calculated using the general formula:

$$F_{val(t)} = F_{val(t-1)} + \frac{(10^{\frac{(T-T_{rel})}{z}})}{60}$$

Where

F_{val(t)} = Current Fvalue

 $F_{val(t-1)}$ = Fvalue at last sample

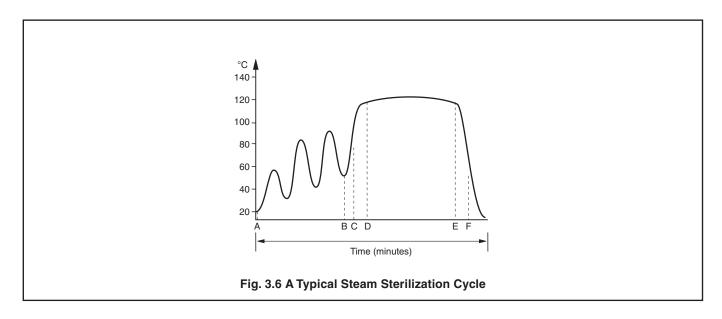
T = Actual temperature

T_{ref} = Target temperature

z = Z-factor (ie. the temperature interval representing a factor of 10 reduction in killing efficiency

Example - A typical steam sterilizing cycle - Fig. 3.6

The period AB is the chamber evacuation part of the cycle, when the chamber is evacuated and purged to remove the air. The ramp up to final sterilizing temperature starts at B. The thermal conductivity of the load determines the time taken to achieve point D, but is typically 30% of the total cycle time. It is in the area CD and EF that Fvalues make their contribution to shortening sterilization time, by accumulating credit for time spent approaching and receding from the sterilizing temperature.

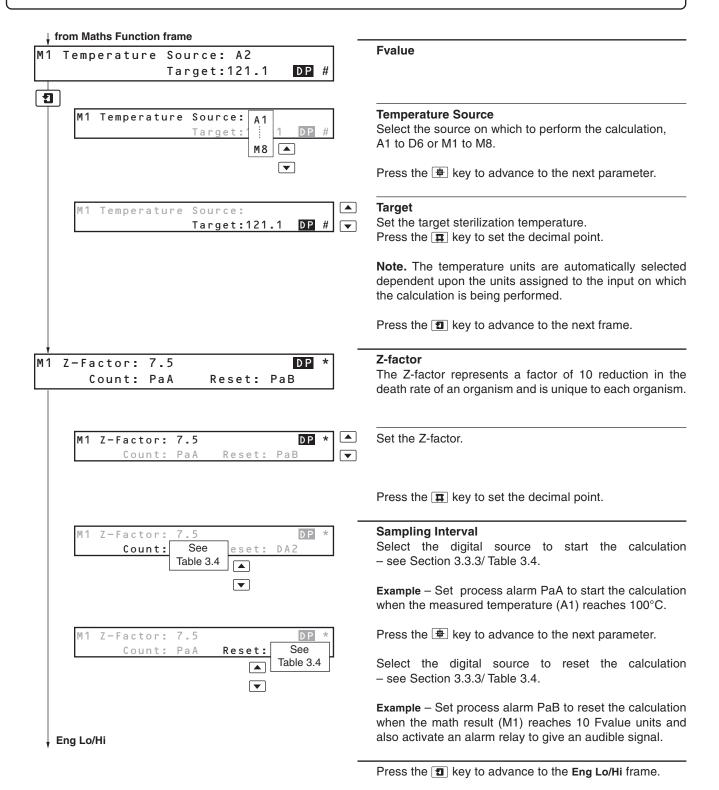




..3 CONFIGURATION

...3.9.1 Math Blocks – Fvalue

- User configurable variables analog inputs or math results.
- Internal and external digital start and end calculation signals.
- Sample time of 720ms resulting in an accuracy of within 2%.





...3.9.1 Math Blocks – Time Average

- The time average function averages out a continually varying input over a set time period.
- User configurable variables analog inputs or math results.
- Reset to the current input value by internal or external reset signals.
- Output updated to average value at the end of the time period and held at that value until the end of the next time period.

from Maths Function frame	
Average Source:A1 Time:XXXXMin Reset:DB1	Average
M1 Average Source: A1 Time:XXXXMin Reset: M8	Input Source Select the input source to be averaged, A1 to D6 or M1 to M8.
	Press the 😐 key to advance to the next parameter.
M1 Average Source:A1 Time:XXXXMin Reset:DB1	Time Set the time period (1 to 1440 minutes)over which the input source is to be averaged.
	Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.
M1 Average Source:A1 Time:XXXXMin Reset: See Table 3.4	Reset Signal Select the source signal to reset the result – see Section 3.3.3/ Table 3.4.
Eng Lo/Hi 💌 -	Press the 1 key to advance to the Eng Lo/Hi frame.

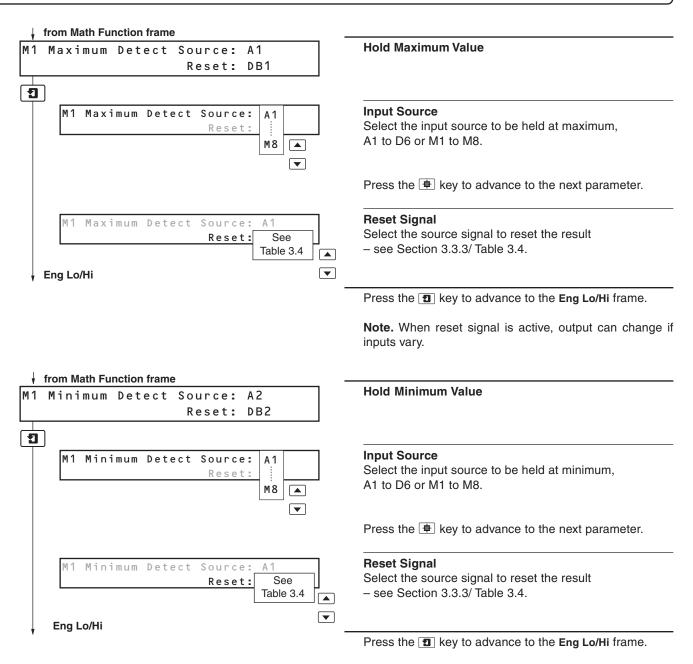


.3 CONFIGURATION

...3.9.1 Math Blocks – Maximum and Minimum Hold

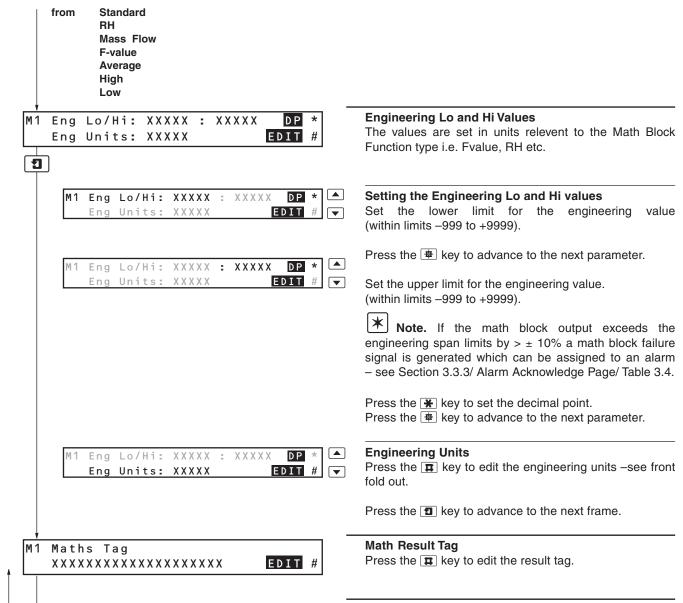
Information.

- · Holds the maximum and minimum values of the input since the last reset.
- Output set to the current input value on reset.



Note. When reset signal is active, output can change if inputs vary.

3 CONFIGURATION..



...3.9.1 Math Blocks – Engineering Lo and Hi

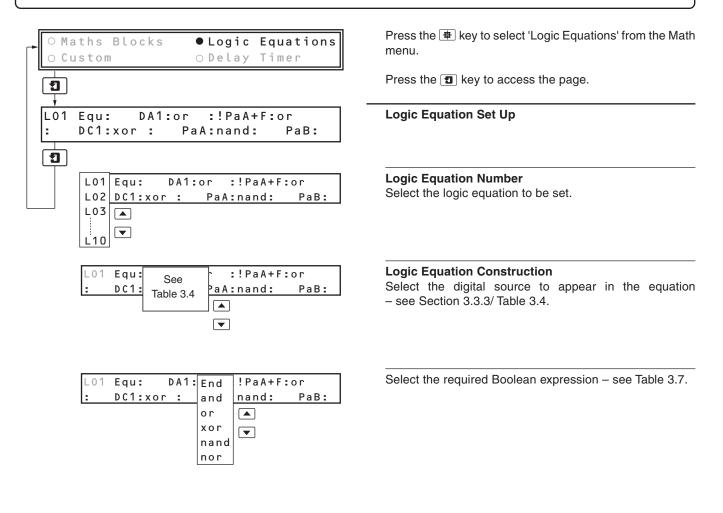
Press the **1** key to return to the Math menu.



...3 CONFIGURATION

3.9.2 Logic Equations Page

- 10 programmable logic (Boolean) equations.
- Up to 9 elements (5 operands) per equation.
- Equations can combine internal and external digital signals, e.g. alarms, digital inputs, other logic equation results, real time alarms etc.
- Equations can be used to activate many instrument functions, e.g. alarm acknowledgements, pen events, changes of chart speeds, value printing and relay outputs, etc.

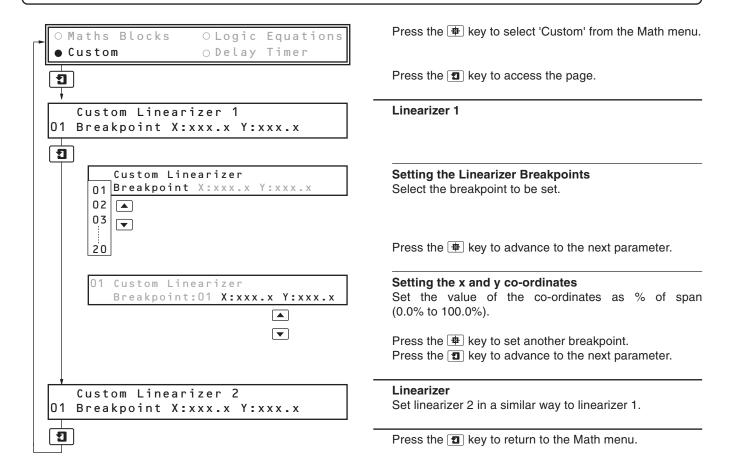


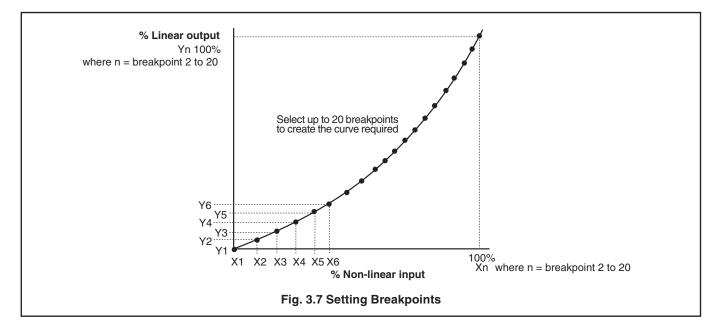
Input	State	Output State				
A	В	And	Nand	Or	Nor	Excl. Or
0	0	0	1	0	1	0
0	1	0	1	1	0	1
1	0	0	1	1	0	1
1	1	1	0	1	0	0

Table 3.7 Boolean Expression Results

3.9.3 Custom Linearizer Page

- Two custom linearizers.
- 20 breakpoints per linearizer.
- Variable spacing on x and y axis to allow optimization of breakpoints.



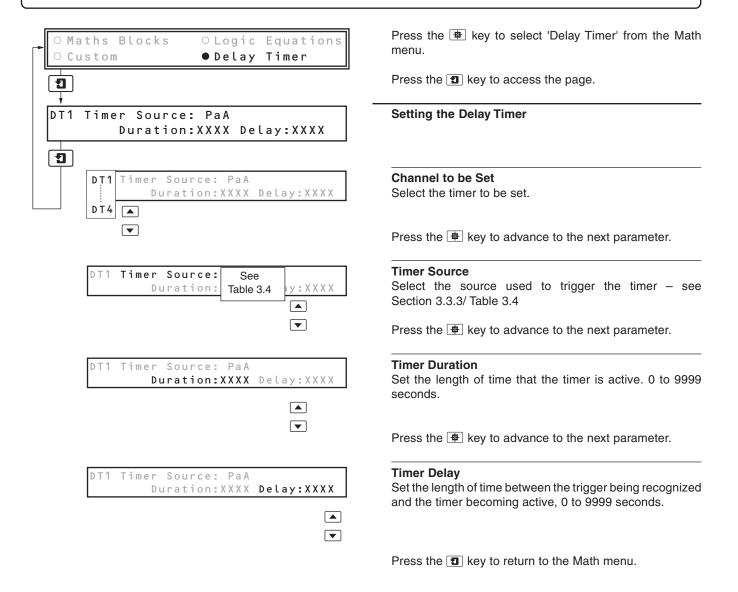


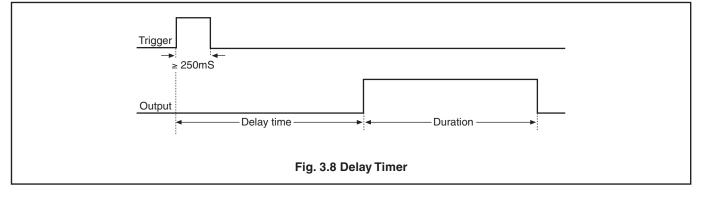


...3 CONFIGURATION

3.9.4 Delay Timer Page

- Four independent timers.
- Timer is triggered on the positive-going edge of the trigger source.
- Trigger source must remain stable for a minimum of 250ms to guarantee recognition.
- Once triggered, a timer cannot be retriggered until it has timed out.







3.10 Memory Card Level

The Memory Card option allows datalogging and instrument configuration storage using the following memory cards:

SRAM	64K	SRAM	1M
SRAM	128K	SRAM	2M
SRAM	256K	SRAM	4M
SRAM	512K		

Information.

- Allows configuration storage and datalogging in a form which can be imported directly onto a PC-based spreadsheet.
- Allows datalogging and instrument configurations to be stored on the same card.
- Up to 32 files can be stored (including any volume label).
- Files can only be deleted by reformatting the card.

Note.

The advanced process recorder does not work with Flash EPROM, ROM or EPROM cards.

Cards should be formatted on the instrument or on a PC using the following procedure.

3.10.1 Using a PC to Format Memory Cards

Memory cards can be formatted on PCs that have been fitted with certain types of PCMCIA card reader. This method is faster than using the instrument and does not require data logging to be interrupted for longer than is absolutely necessary.

Note. Memory cards cannot be formatted using a PC unless the format image from a blank card of the same capacity has first been created on the PC.

Information. Not all memory card readers and associated driver software have the facility to transfer card format images between memory card and PC. An external memory card reader, part no. B11173, is available from the Company.

The following notes apply to memory card reader part number B11173. For information on using other card readers to format memory cards, refer to the manufacturer's instructions.

- 1) Ensure that the memory card reader and associated software is installed and running on a PC.
- 2) Insert a newly-formatted advanced process recorder memory card into the card reader.
- Create an image of the memory card format on the PC by typing: COUT <filename.ext> /L = <size> at the DOS prompt.
 <filename.ext> is any appropriate DOS-compatible filename and <size> is an alphanumeric expression determined by the memory card capacity see Table 3.8.

For example, to create a format image of a 1Mb memory card, type: COUT form1mb.crd /L = 0X100000.

- 4) To format another memory card on the PC for use in the instrument, first insert the card requiring formatting into the card reader installed on the PC.
- 5) At the DOS prompt type CIN <filename.ext>, where <filename.ext> is the name of an existing format image file created from a newly-formatted card of the same capacity. For example, to format a 1Mb card using the format image created in the previous example, type <CIN form1mb.crd> at the DOS prompt.

Card Capacity	64k	128k	256k	512k	1M	2M	4M
<size></size>	0X10000	0X20000	0X40000	0X80000	0X100000	0X200000	0X400000

Table 3.8 Determining Card Capacity for Format Image Parameters



...3 CONFIGURATION

3.10.2 Memory Card Formatting

This page is displayed only if a Memory Driver Board is fitted.

Information.

- All memory cards must be formatted before they can be used.
- **DOS format** allows configuration storage and datalogging in a form which can be imported directly onto a PC-based spreadsheet.
- The memory card's name (volume label in DOS) can be edited.
- The memory card's size is required to successfully format the card. Sizes available are 64kB, 128kB, 256kB, 512kB, 1MB, 2MB and 4MB.
- Formatting can only take place when datalogging is not active.

Note.

A memory card can be formatted only if datalogging is stopped or invalid. Before installing the card, note its memory size.

● Format ○ Datalog ○ Database	Press the 🖶 key to select 'Format' from the Memory Card menu. Press the 🔳 key to access the page.
Memory Card Size: 2MByte To Format Card Press # FORMAT #	Formatting a Memory Card
Memory Card Size: To Format Card Pr 128 KByte 128 KByte 256 KByte 512 KByte 1 MByte 2 MByte 4 MByte Volume Label XXXXXXXXXX EDIT #	Memory Card Size and Format Select the required card size. Press the ■ key to format the card. Image: Card Format ACTIVE Once formatting is complete, the display reverts automatically to the Memory Card Size frame. Press the ■ key to advance to the next frame. Volume Label A card name of up to 11 characters can be set. Press the ■ key to edit the card name – see front fold out.
	Press the 1 key to return to the Memory Card menu.



Error Messages

The following error messages may be displayed during the formatting procedure.

Error Message	Error Condition	Action
Memory Card Error CARD ABSENT	The card is absent or not inserted properly.	Fit the memory card correctly.
Memory Card Error CARD WRITE PROTECTED	The card is write protected.	Move the write protect tab to the unlocked position.
Memory Card Error CARD NOT FORMATTED	The card is not formatted.	Format the card.
Memory Card Error XXXX	Hardware communication problem. Failure to read the card filename. Failure to read the card directory.	Check that the memory card driver board PL1 is seated firmly on the digital processor board SK4. Repeat the procedure. If the fault is still apparent return the instrument to the company for repair.
Memory Card Error CARD FULL	The card has no file space left (i.e. 32 files already stored) or insufficient memory available.	Remove the card and fit a card with sufficient memory space available.

Table 3.9 Error Messages

Memory Card Capacity

The data storage capacity is dependent on the memory card size and the scan time. Use the following formula to calculate the running time of a memory card for a given scan time.

Card Running Time (hrs) = $\frac{\text{scan interval (secs) x useable bytes}}{(13 + [No. of channels x 7]) x 3600}$ hrs

Where:

Scan interval = 3 to 3600 seconds

Usable bytes = number of bytes usable for data logging - see Table 3.10

No. of channels = 1 to 24.

Card Size	Useable Bytes
64k	63,488
128k	129,024
256k	260,096
512k	521,216
1M	1,045,504
2M	2,092,032
4M	4,186,112

Table 3.10 Usable Bytes

Note. The above calculations are only applicable if alarms are set to OFF - see Section 3.3.1/Process Alarms



...3 CONFIGURATION

3.10.3 Datalog Page

Information.

- Data formatted for direct viewing on spreadsheet.
- Recording of up to 24 channels (analog inputs, math results or totalizer results).
- Recording of process alarm states.
- Date and time stamping of data.
- Channel tags and units recorded for each channel.
- Scan times variable from 3 to 3600 seconds.

Filenames

Logged data is saved to a unique filename. The filename comprises eight or less characters.

All files are automatically given the extension '•PRx' where 'x' is initially '1'. The instrument provides a default filename which is in the following form:



The default filename may be edited by the user. The instrument searches the card directory to ensure that the filename selected is unique and then opens a new file with this name. An error message is displayed if this name already exists.

Some spreadsheets are limited to files of 8192 rows. In order to meet this requirement the instrument automatically starts a new file when 8192 rows of data are exceeded. The new file has the same filename as before but the extension is incremented, e.g. PR1 becomes PR2. If the instrument is powered-down then powered-up again while datalogging is active, datalogging automatically resumes but the data is stored onto a new file. This file has the same filename as before but the extension is incremented e.g. PR1 becomes PR2.

If datalogging is stopped, the card can be removed to be viewed on a PC, and then returned to the instrument where datalogging can be resumed onto the same file. However, if a new filename is created data cannot then be appended to any existing files. The number of channels and the channel sources are fixed on creation of the file and cannot be edited later. In order to store different channel data a new file has to be created. The scan interval may be changed at any time without creating a new file.

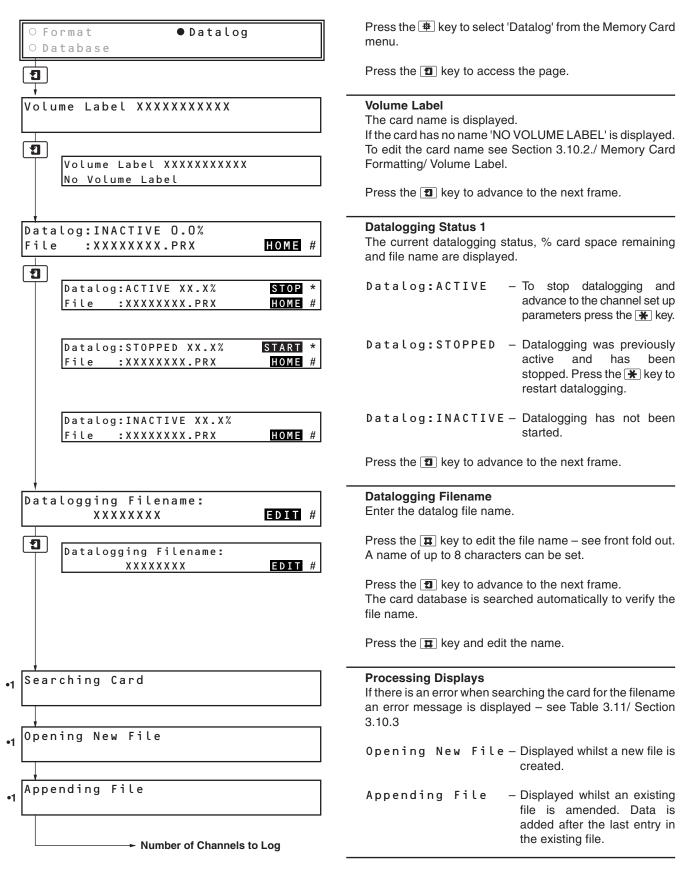
Error Message	Error Condition	Action
Memory Card Error CARD ABSENT	The card is absent or not inserted properly.	Fit the memory card correctly.
Memory Card Error CARD WRITE PROTECTED	The card is write protected.	Move the write protect tab to the unlocked position.
Memory Card Error CARD NOT FORMATTED	The card is not formatted.	Format the card.
Memory Card Error XXXX	The card has no file space left (i.e. 32 files already stored) or insufficient memory available.	Remove the card and fit a card with sufficient memory space available.
Memory Card Error FILE EXISTS	The file name is already used.	Choose another file name.

3 CONFIGURATION..



...3.10.3 Datalog Page

This page is displayed only if a memory Card is fitted.



•1 Not displayed if datalogging status is 'ACTIVE'.



...3 CONFIGURATION

...3.10.3 Datalog Page

- No. Of Channels To Log: 24	Setting the Number of Channels
Scan Interval :3600Secs	
No. Of Channels To Log: 1 Scan Interval :36 20	Number of Channels to Log Select the number of channels to be logged on the card.
	Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.
No. Of Channels To Log: 24 Scan Interval :3600 Secs	Scan Interval Set the logging interval required (3 to 3600 secs if 12 channels or less selected above, 6 to 3600 secs if more than 12 channels selected) in 1 second increments.
	If an unacceptable combination of channels/scan time is selected 'CHANGE VALUES' is displayed.
	Press the 1 key to advance to the next frame.
01 Memory Card Channel: A1 ENTER *	Memory Card Channel
01 Memory Card Channel:A1 ENTER *	Select the memory card channel to be set.
	Press the $()$ key to enter the selected channel ID tag onto the card.
	Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.
□1 Memory Card Channel: A1 INTER * □6 ▲ □6 ▲ □1 ↓ □1 ↓	Channel SourceSelect the source to be assigned to the channel.Analog inputs–A1 to D6.Math blocks–M1 to M8.Totalizer–T01 to T12.
	Press the \textcircled{P} key to set up the next channel. Press the 1 key to advance to the next frame.
Datalog:INACTIVE 0.0% START * File :XXXXXXX.PRX HOME #	Datalogging Status 2 The current datalogging status,remaining card hours and file name are displayed – see Datalogging Status 1.
	Press the 🔳 (HOME) key to return to the Operating Page. Press the 🔳 key to advance to the next frame.
Datalog Start Source : See Datalog Stop Source : Table 3.4	Datalog Digital Sources Select the digital source to start datalogging – see Section 3.3.3/ Table 3.4.
	Press the 🖶 key to advance to the next parameter.
	Select the digital source to stop datalogging – see Section 3.3.3/ Table 3.4.
	Press the 1 key to return to the Memory Card menu.

3.10.4 Database Set Up Page

Information.

- Allows storage of the instrument's configuration onto a memory card.
- Configuration stored as a DOS-compatible file.
- Allows data to be downloaded to any advanced process recorder fitted with the memory card option.
- Configuration files on the memory card can also be backed-up onto hard or floppy disk using a PC.
- Up to 32 files can be stored on a card.
- Configuration files and DOS format datalogging files can be stored on the same drive.

Filename Restrictions

Information.

- Any DOS compatible filename of up to eight characters can be entered by the user.
- Each file is automatically given the extension '.CFG' (Configuration).
- Existing filenames cannot be re-used or deleted (unless card is re-formatted).

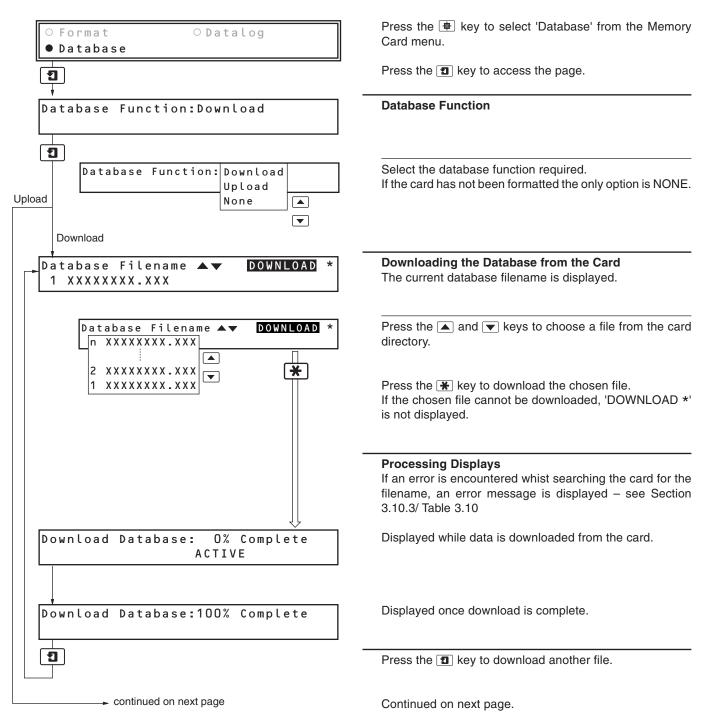
Note. Datalogging must be stopped in the Memory Card Datalog Page before entry to this page is enabled.



.3 CONFIGURATION

...3.10.4 Database Set Up Page

This page is displayed only if a memory Card is fitted.



...3.10.4 Database Set Up Page

| from previous page

Database Filename UPLOAD * XXXXXXXX.CFG EDIT #	Uploading the Database to the Card
Database Filename UPLOAD *	Press the I key to edit the database file name.
XXXXXXXX.CFG EDIT #	Press the 🚼 key to upload the database to the card.
Upload Database: 0% Complete Searching Card	Displayed during search of card (ie. for valid file name sufficient space etc.)
Upload Database: 0% Complete ACTIVE	Displayed while data is uploaded to the memory card.
Upload Database:100% Complete	Displayed once upload is complete.
	Error Messages

If an error is encountered whilst searching the card an error message is displayed – see Section 3.10.3/ Table 3.11.



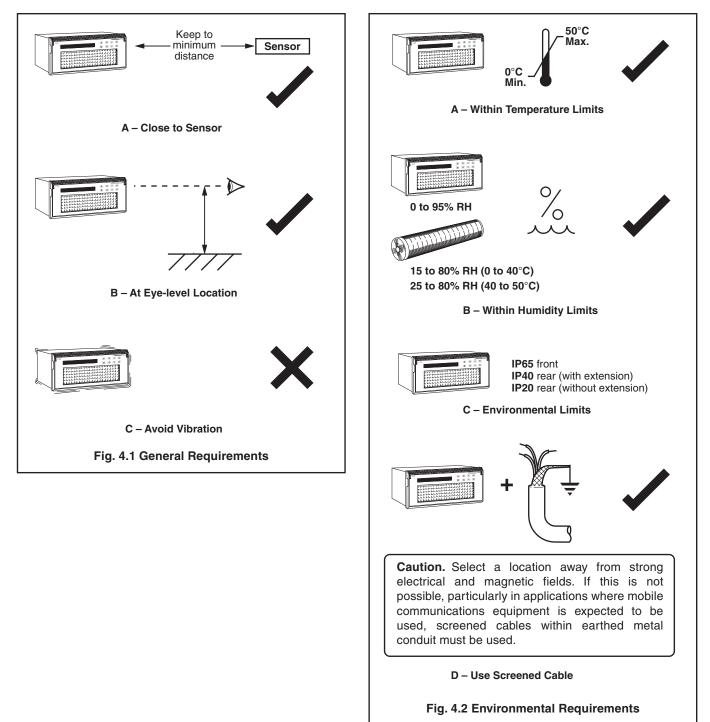
INSTALLATION

EC Directive 89/336/EEC

In order to meet the requirements of the EC Directive 89/336/EEC for EMC regulations, this product must not be used in a non-industrial environment.

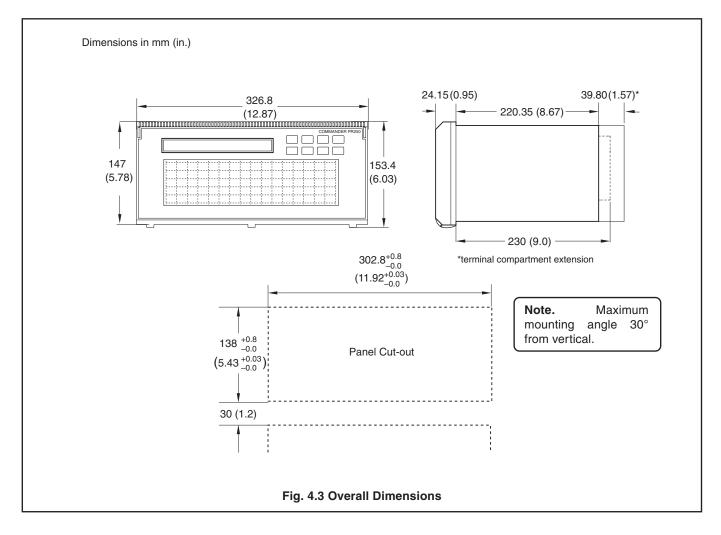
Warning. Before making any connections, ensure that the power supply, any powered control circuits and high common mode voltages connected to the instrument are switched off.

4.1 Siting – Figs. 4.1 and 4.2





4.2 Mounting – Figs. 4.3 and 4.4

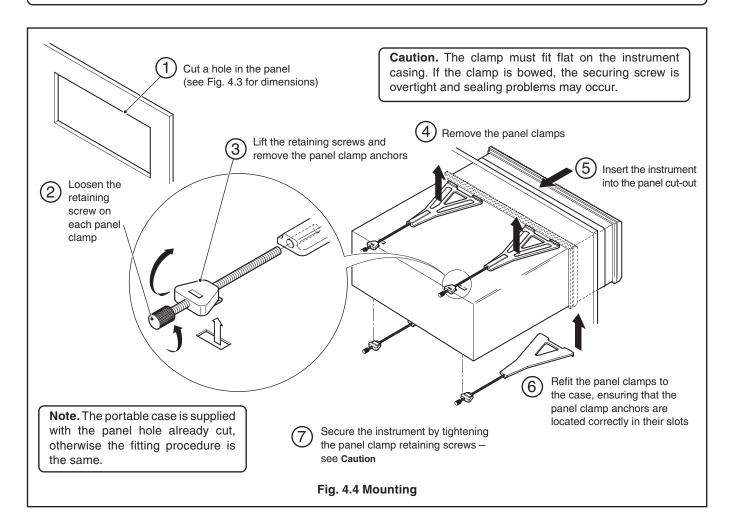




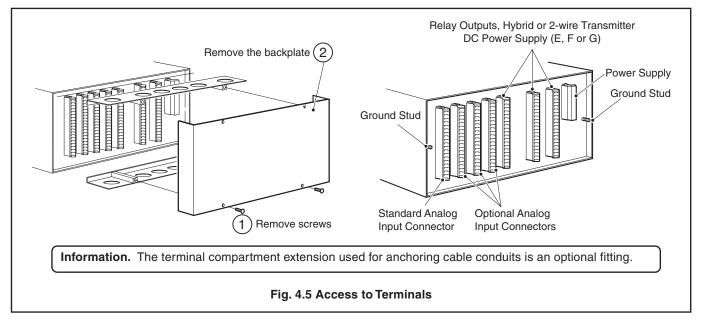
.4 INSTALLATION

...4.2 Mounting - Figs. 4.3 and 4.4

Information. For IP65 protection, a minimum panel thickness of 3mm (0.12 in.) is recommended.



4.3 Access to Terminals and Connections – Fig. 4.5

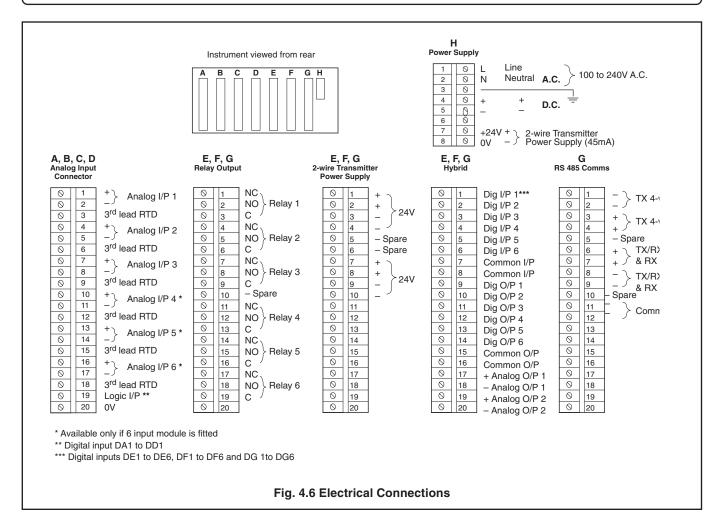


4.4 Electrical Connections – Fig. 4.6

See Certification Information in Section 6

Note.

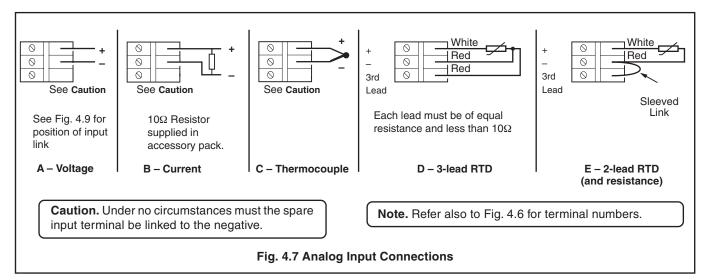
- Always route signal leads and power cables separately, preferably in grounded metal conduit.
- It is strongly recommended that, for signal inputs and relay connections, screened cable is used, with the screen connected to the ground stud.
- The terminals accept cables up to 2.5mm² cross-section.





4.5 Analog Input Connections

4.5.1 Current and Voltage – Fig 4.7



Caution.

- To avoid damage to multi-channel instruments, high common mode voltages up to 250V r.m.s. max. must be present on all channels, or not at all.
- The maximum channel-to-channel voltage (between any two channels) must not exceed 12.5V or permanent damage to the instruments input circuitry may occur. To prevent such damage link the negative terminals on all inputs. For applications where the available 12.5V isolation is required, this link should not be fitted.

4.5.2 Thermocouple – Fig. 4.7

Use the correct compensating cable between the thermocouple and the terminals – see Table 4.1.

Automatic cold junction compensation (ACJC) is incorporated but an independent cold (reference) junction may be used.

4.5.3 Resistance Thermometer (RTD) – Fig. 4.7

On applications requiring long leads it is preferable to use a 3-lead resistance thermometer.

If 2-lead resistance thermometers are used, each input must be calibrated to take account of the lead resistance.

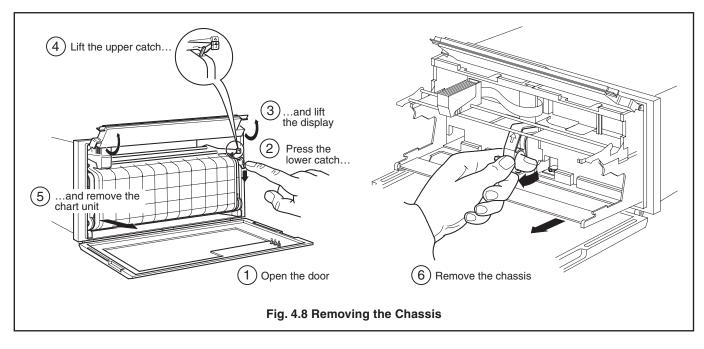
						Compens	sating Cal	ole					
Type of Thermocouple	BS1843			ANSI MC 96.1			DIN 43714			BS4937 Part No.30			
	+	-	Case	+	-	Case	+	-	Case	+	-	Case	
Ni-Cr/Ni-Al (K)	Brown	Blue	Red	Yellow	Red	Yellow	Red	Green	Green	Green	White	Green	*
Ni-Cr/Cu-Ni (E)										Violet	White	Violet	*
Nicrisil/Nisil (N)	Orange	Blue	Orange	Orange	Red	Orange				Pink	White	Pink	*
Pt/Pt-Rh (R and S)	White	Blue	Green	Black	Red	Green	Red	White	White	Orange	White	Orange	*
Pt-Rh/Pt-Rh (B)		_			-			-		Grey	White	Grey	*
Cu/Cu-Ni (T)	White	Blue	Blue	Blue	Red	Blue	Red	Brown	Brown	Brown	White	Brown	*
Fe/Con (J)	Yellow	Blue	Black	White	Red	Black	Red	Blue	Blue	Black	White	Black	*
									* Case E	Blue for int	rinsically	safe circu	iits
Fe/Con (DIN 43710)							[DIN 4371	D				
							Blue/red	Blue	Blue				

 Table 4.1 Thermocouple Compensating Cable

4 INSTALLATION...

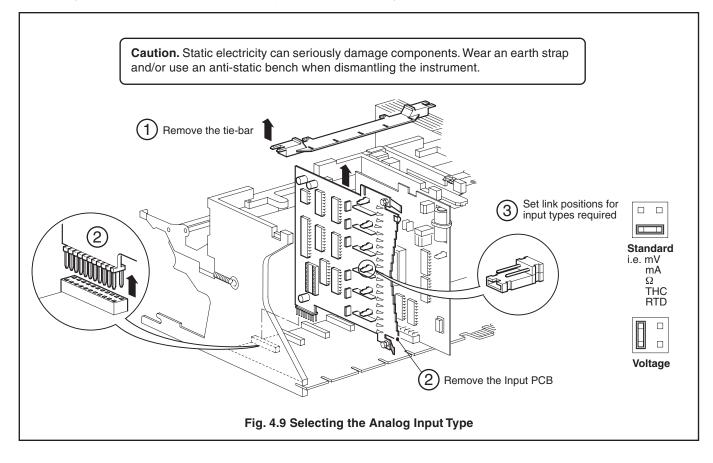
4.5.4 Accessing the Analog Input links – Fig. 4.8

To gain access to the analog input links the chassis must be removed.



4.5.5 Setting Analog Input links - Fig. 4.9

The analog inputs must be set up for the input type required - See Fig 4.9

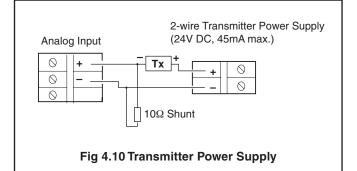




.4 INSTALLATION

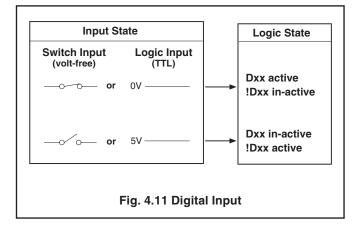
4.6 Transmitter Power Supply Connections – Fig. 4.10

Information. The power supply board provides a 24V supply capable of driving two 2-wire transmitters. Two additional 24V power supplies are provided on the transmitter power supply module boards, each of which is capable of driving two 2-wire transmitters.



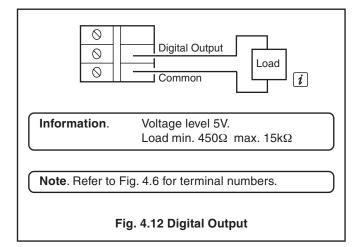
4.7 Digital Input Connections – Fig 4.11

One digital input is provided on each analog input board. A further six digital inputs are provided on the Hybrid option board.



4.8 Digital Output Connections – Fig 4.12

Six digital outputs are provided on the Hybrid option board.



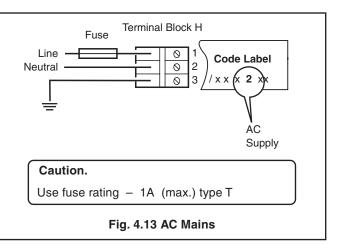
4.9 Relay Output Connections – Fig. 4.12

Note.

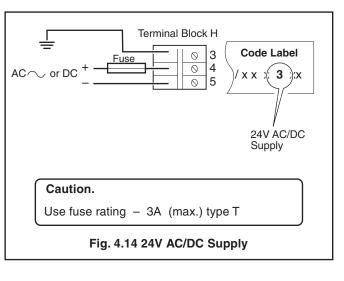
- The maximum total combined current flowing through the relays is 36A. The maximum individual relay current is 5A.
- The polarity is set up in the **Relay Output Module Page** see Section 3.5.1/ Select Output Polarity.

4.10 Power Supply Connections

4.10.1 AC Mains Connections – Fig. 4.13



4.10.2 24V AC/DC Supply Connections – Fig. 4.14



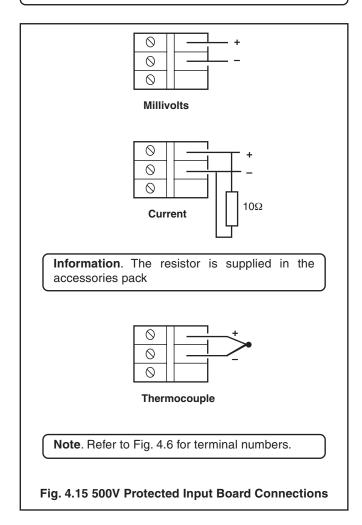
7

4.11 500V Protected Input Board Connections

Information.

- No RTD or resistance measurements.
- Maximum millivolt range 200mV.
- All standard current and thermocouple ranges apply.

Note. The input circuitry withstands up to 500V transient voltage between input channels. There is **no** galvanic isolation between the inputs and other instrument circuitry.



5 SPARES LIST

5.1 Consumables

Item Part No.

Roll Chart

80 division	PR250–9007R
100 division	PR250–9006R
120 division	PR250–9008R
140 division	PR250–9009R
150 division	PR250–9010R

Pen Capsule

Six color	PR100–0211
Six color (high temperature)	PR100–0230

6 CERTIFICATION INFORMATION

6.1 Certification Information

Fuse	Type T (antisurge), 3 Amps (max).
VA Rating	35VA max.
Cleaning	Only clean the front panel. Use warm water and a light detergent.
Battery	Varta type CR1/2AACD or Saft type LS3CNA Lithium cell 3 to 3.6 V non-rechargeable.
Installation	Insulation Category 2 If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
	The final installation should meet the requirements of IEC 61010 for accessible parts e.g. rear terminals and vents.
	Remove all power from supply and relay circuits before accessing the connections.
	All connections to secondary circuits must have basic insulation.
	Terminals for external circuits are for use only with equipment with no live parts which are accessible.
	The type of equipment which may be connected to the terminals e.g. connection of equipment complies with IEC safety standards.
	A disconnecting device conforming to IEC 61010 must be fitted to the final installation.
	For permanently installed equipment where the switch is not part of the equipment, a switch or circuit breaker shall be included in the build installation. It shall be in close proximity to the equipment and within easy reach of the

Connect the communication terminals to IEC 60950 instruments only.

operator, and shall be marked as the disconnection device for the equipment.

Relay circuits must be suitably fused depending on the current being switched. Max load 5A/240V a.c.

INDEX

Α AC Mains 100 Alarms Acknowledging 15, 36 Instrument Alarm15 Message Print Speed41 Process Alarm15 Real-time Alarm 15, 35 Analog Inputs Broken Sensor Drive28 Connections 97 to 101 Copy Channel Setup 30 Electrical Input Range26 Engineering (Display) Range27 Engineering Units27 Input Type26 Line Filter Frequency30 Math Result Values14 Analog Integrator Count Control (Totalizer)63 Analog Outputs52 Auto Pen Drop43 Auto Print41 Automatic Chart Rewind4

В

Batch Total Reset (Totalizer)	64
Broken Sensor Drive	28

С

Calibration. See Analog Inputs: Calibration
Chart
Control Page
Divisions
Event Mark
(upscale and downscale)
Format
Length 11, 42
Loading
Pen Color
Rewind3
Scales
Speed
Selecting 11, 40
Setting
Source
Time Alignment4, 42
Zone
Clock
Adjusting10
Selecting the Date/Time Frame 10
Viewing10
Configuration24
Alarms
Analog Inputs25
Chart
Math Blocks69
Memory Card85
Operator Page53
Output Module50, 51
Overview. See Back Fold-out
Printing58
Totalizers61
Cue/Review
Enabling53
Operating20
Custom Linearizer
Linearizer Breakpoints83

D

91
92
91
93
88
19
18
18, 89
89
10
100
84
14

...D

Digital Input	
Connections100)
Logic State 100)
Status	3
Digital Outputs	
Connections 100)
Setup51	

Ε

'Easy View' 23, 42
Electrical Connections97
500V Protected Input Board 101
AC Mains100
Current and Voltage98
DC Supply 100
Digital Input 100
Digital Output 100
Power Supply 100
Relay Output 100
Resistance Thermometer (RTD) 98
Thermocouple98
Transmitter Power Supply 100
Error Messages
Event Mark

F

Fault Detection Level	28
Filters	
Input Filter Time	29
Line Filter Frequency	30

G

Global Alarm Acknowledge	
--------------------------	--

н

Hysteresis	(Process	Alarm)	34
------------	----------	--------	----

I

L

Language Linearizer Type	
Logic Equations	
Setup	82
Status	14

INDEX

Μ

Math Blocks	
Engineering Lo and Hi	81
Function Type	69
Fvalue	
Mass Flow 1 and 2	73
Max. and Min. Values	80
Relative Humidity (RH)	72
Standard	
Time Average	79
Memory Card	85
Size and Format	
Message Blocks	58
Mounting	

0

Offset Adjustment	7 9 3 2
Print Speed4	1
Operator Pages 1 and 2	
Frame Type9, 56	6
Set Up55	5
Operator Printing	
Enable/Disable53	3
Output Modules	
Hybrid	1
Relay50	0

Ρ

Paper Advance Pen	43
Alignment	44
Capsule Fitting	
Lift	
Span	
Zero	
Power Failure Page	38
Power Supply Connections1	
Power-up Displays	
Print Messages Page	
Print Values Group Assignment	
Printing	
5	21
Channel Data	
Channel Data Scales	48
Channel Data Scales Total Values	48 21
Channel Data Scales Total Values Values Groups	48 21
Channel Data Scales Total Values Values Groups Process Alarms	48 21 21
Channel Data Scales Total Values Values Groups Process Alarms Acknowledging	48 21 21 15
Channel Data Scales Total Values Values Groups Process Alarms Acknowledging Alarm Status	48 21 21 15 13
Channel Data Scales Total Values Values Groups Process Alarms Acknowledging Alarm Status Alarm Tag	48 21 21 15 13 34
Channel Data Scales Total Values Values Groups Process Alarms Acknowledging Alarm Status Alarm Tag Configuring	48 21 21 15 13 34 33
Channel Data Scales Total Values Values Groups Process Alarms Acknowledging Alarm Status Alarm Tag Configuring Hysteresis	48 21 15 13 34 33 34
Channel Data Scales Total Values Values Groups Process Alarms Acknowledging Alarm Status Alarm Tag Configuring	48 21 21 15 13 34 33 34 33

R

Real Time Alarms	
Alarm Status13	3
Configuring	5
Relay Output Connections100)
Relay Output Module50)
Resistance Thermometer (RTD) 98	3

S

Scale Printing	
Scan Interval	
Secure Total	66
Security Access 3,	17, 24
Security Page	54
Siting	94
Span Adjustment	

Т

•
Tags and Messages. See Front Fold- out
Terminals and Connections
Text Printing41
Thermocouple
Time Alignment4, 42
Time Setting10
Totalizer
Analog Integrator Count Control 63
Batch Total Reset64
Count Cut-off63
Count Rate63
Print
Set Up63
Stop/Go65
Totalizer Tag66
Туре 56, 63
Units65
Viewing14
Wrap-around64
Trace
Event
Function47
Primary Color45
Scale
Secondary Color46
Trend
Transmitter Power Supply

U

User Language53
Using a PC to Format
Memory Cards85

V

View Signals Page13,	53
Viewing the Date and Time	.10
Viewing the Measured Values	9

W

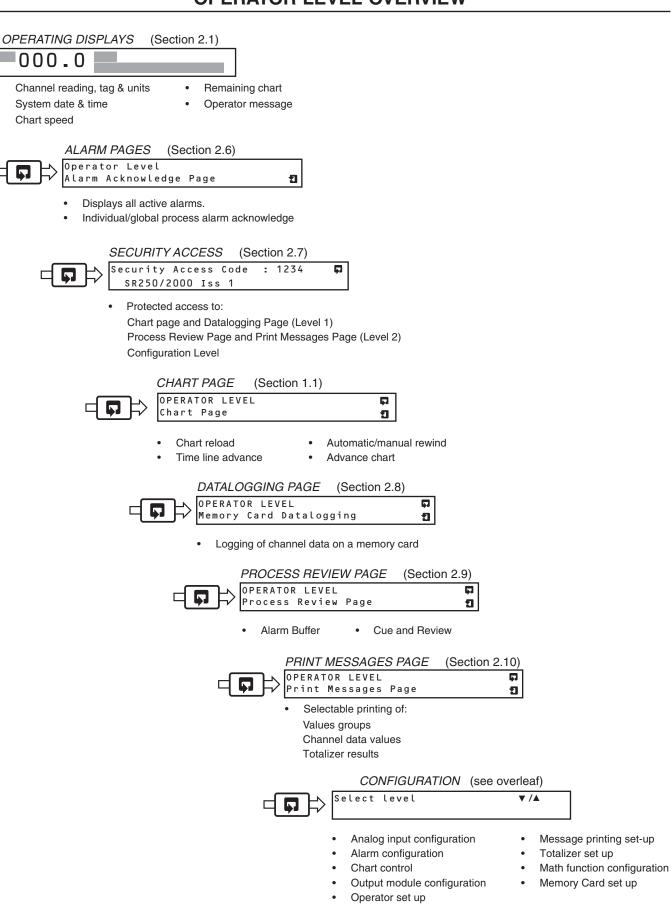
Warning Messages	8
------------------	---

Ζ

Z-factor7	'8
Z-traces4	-5

NOTES

OPERATOR LEVEL OVERVIEW



CONFIGURATION LEVEL OVERVIEW

SELECT LEVEL	▼/▲	
Operato	r Ģ	
Analog		
Alarms Chart		
	ធ Modules ធ	
	r Set-up 🛱	
Printin		
Totaliz		
Maths Memory	ធ្ Card ធ្	
(Section 3.2)		
	 Analog input set up 	Copy input configuration
Input Set Up ○ Input Copy ○ Line Filter ○ Input Adjust	Noise rejection filter	Channel adjustments
(Section 3.3)		
■↓ ● Process Alarms ○Real Time Alarms	Process alarm set up	Real-time alarm set up
• Acknowledge • Power Failure	 Acknowledge set up 	Power failure
(Section 3.4)		
➡ Chart Control ○Pen Alignment	Chart set upTrace set up	Pen alignment/set up
• Chart Record		
(Section 3.5)		
$\square \square $	Relay set up	 Modbus (Optional)
O Pos'n G(MBus)	Digital input set up	
(Section 3.6)		
➡ ● Operator Contents ○ Passwords	Operator message control	
○ 0p−Page 1 ○ 0p−Page 2	Operator page 1 set up	Operator page 2 set up
(Section 3.7)	Message Block set up	Print Values set up
G→ Message Blocks ○ Print Values	Message Block set up	Print Values set up
(Section 3.8)		
Totalizer Set Up OTotal Print	Totalizer set up	 Totalizer Print set up
	I	
(Section 3.9)		
➡ ● Maths Blocks ○ Logic Equations	Math Block set upCustom Linearizer set up	Logic Equation set upDelay Timer set up
Custom ODelay Timer		- Delay Timer Set up
(Section 2.10)		
(Section 3.10)	Format Memory Card	Datalog file set up
	 Database set up 	Datalog nie set up
O Database		

PRODUCTS & CUSTOMER SUPPORT

Products Automation Systems

- for the following industries:
 - Chemical & Pharmaceutical
 - Food & Beverage
 - Manufacturing
 - Metals and Minerals
 - Oil, Gas & Petrochemical
 - Pulp and Paper

Drives and Motors

- AC and DC Drives, AC and DC Machines, AC Motors to 1kV
- Drive Systems
- Force Measurement
- Servo Drives

Controllers & Recorders

- Single and Multi-loop Controllers
- Circular Chart and Strip Chart Recorders
- Paperless Recorders
- Process Indicators

Flexible Automation

Industrial Robots and Robot Systems

Flow Measurement

- Electromagnetic Flowmeters
- Mass Flow Meters
- Turbine Flowmeters
- Flow Elements

Marine Systems & Turbochargers

- Electrical Systems
- Marine Equipment
- Offshore Retrofit and Refurbishment

Process Analytics

- Process Gas Analysis
- Systems Integration

Transmitters

- Pressure
- Temperature
- Level
- Interface Modules

Valves, Actuators and Positioners

- Control Valves
- Actuators
- Positioners

Water, Gas & Industrial Analytics Instrumentation

- pH, Conductivity and Dissolved Oxygen Transmitters and Sensors
- Ammonia, Nitrate, Phosphate, Silica, Sodium, Chloride, Fluoride, Dissolved Oxygen and Hydrazine Analyzers
- Zirconia Oxygen Analyzers, Katharometers, Hydrogen Purity and Purge-gas Monitors, Thermal Conductivity

Customer Support

We provide a comprehensive after sales service via a Worldwide Service Organization. Contact one of the following offices for details on your nearest Service and Repair Centre.

United Kingdom

ABB Limited Tel: +44 (0)1480 475321 Fax: +44 (0)1480 217948

United States of America

ABB Inc. Tel: +1 215 674 6000 Fax: +1 215 674 7183

Client Warranty

Prior to installation, the equipment referred to in this manual must be stored in a clean, dry environment, in accordance with the Company's published specification.

Periodic checks must be made on the equipment's condition. In the event of a failure under warranty, the following documentation must be provided as substantiation:

- 1. A listing evidencing process operation and alarm logs at time of failure.
- 2. Copies of all storage, installation, operating and maintenance records relating to the alleged faulty unit.

ABB has Sales & Customer Support expertise in over 100 countries worldwide

www.abb.com

The Company's policy is one of continuous product improvement and the right is reserved to modify the information contained herein without notice. Printed in UK (08.05)

© ABB 2005



ABB Limited Howard Road, St Neots Cambridgeshire PE19 8EU UK Tel: +44 (0)1480 475321 Fax: +44 (0)1480 217948 ABB Inc. 125 E. County Line Road Warminster PA 18974 USA Tel: +1 215 674 6000 Fax: +1 215 674 7183