Product manual

Access Control
Chiara Transponder reader
Millenium Transponder reader
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1 Technical features

1.1 Transponder reader

The “transponder reader” is a flush-mounting device for wall boxes, designed to realize access control systems with a communication support based on KNX bus. It is equipped with:

- one relay (4A @24V AC/DC)
- one input to be used for connecting external conventional card-holder (e.g. Millenium and Chiara wiring accessories card-holder)

The output can be programmed in three different ways:

- “Linked to access control”, receiving in this case switching commands from the device itself (according to transponder card validation). It’s moreover possible to switch the relay according to a standard KNX telegram received from the bus by a KNX device
- Being a standard KNX Switch actuator output, able to be controlled by every KNX-standard devices
- “Linked to card-holder”, that means that the relay is switched according to closing/opening internal input contact available on transponder reader and connected to a conventional card-holder

The bicolor (red-green) LED placed on the front of the device allow you to monitor device operation (for example GREEN = card validation ongoing, RED = card not authorized). The LED can be also switched ON/OFF in the proper color according to KNX telegram (for example for DND/MUR purposes).

The transponder reader requires an external power supply enabling its operation even without bus. The transponder reader is available for ABB Millenium and Chiara wiring accessories range.

The following functions are available for the relay output:

- Normal switching
- Staircase lighting function with programmable delay (in “Linked to access Control” and “Actuator” modality)
- delayed OFF with programmable delay (in “Linked to card holder” modality)

The available input can be connected to a conventional card-holder in order to make the transponder reader aware about guest presence/absence in the room, and consequently performing some actions (for example sending 1bit or 1byte notification scene on the KNX bus) or switching internal relay (this only when the output relay is configured as “Linked to card holder”).

1.1.1 Technical data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power supply</th>
<th>via Bus</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>External supply</td>
<td>12-24 AC/DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BUS cable</td>
<td>KNX-standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Absorption</td>
<td>max 10 mA from the BUS. External supply to be sized for 1-W peak</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of outputs</td>
<td>1 bistable relay 4A @24V AC/DC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of inputs</td>
<td>1 on the rear side, NO, max. connection length 10m</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Use environment</td>
<td>class 3k5 (inside, dry)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Technical features

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Technical feature</th>
<th>Specification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating temperature</td>
<td>-5 ... +50 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative humidity</td>
<td>max 90% (non condensating)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Connection to bus</td>
<td>standard bus connector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electric connections</td>
<td>Screw terminal 0.5 Nm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection degree</td>
<td>IP20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dimensions</td>
<td>44 x 44 x 43mm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>approx. 50g</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reference standards</td>
<td>EN50090-2-2, EN 50491, EN 50364, ETSI EN 300 330-2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device type</th>
<th>Application program</th>
<th>Maximum number of communication objects</th>
<th>Maximum number of group addresses</th>
<th>Maximum number of associations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TR/U 1.1</td>
<td>Access control transponder</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>255</td>
<td>255</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TR/U 1.1 CH</td>
<td>reader</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.1.2 Access Control function

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TAG validation scheme</th>
<th>White list - local scheme (communication bus not required), Black list - local scheme (communication bus not required) Central scheme (White or Black list) - Requires Konnex Bus</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Event notification upon system supervision</td>
<td>Only possible if the communication bus is available. Available modes: - Spontaneous Emission - Spontaneous Emission with receipt confirmation request upon supervision (handshake)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Notifications and validation events characteristics</td>
<td>Information about: Event time stamp (HH,MM,SS), TAG ID, event outcome (access granted or denied)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Buffer memory for events</td>
<td>The device can store up to 64 events to deal with the communication bus unavailability due to heavy traffic.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timeslots</td>
<td>On a weekly basis (Sunday-Saturday) A specific access profile can be associated with each different 256 user groups. Each profile can be a combination of 12 simple timeslots.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum number of TAGs in white-list memory</td>
<td>128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum number plant codes in memory</td>
<td>128</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum number time-slot that can be defined</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Assignment of the physical address
The assignment and programming of the physical address is carried out in the ETS. The device features a Programming button to assign the physical device address.

The red Programming LED lights up, after the button has been pushed. It switches off, as soon as the ETS has assigned the physical address or the Programming button is pressed again.

Cleaning
If devices become dirty, they can be cleaned using a dry cloth or a cloth dampened with a soapy solution. Corrosive agents or solutions should never be used.

Download behaviour
Depending on the PC, which is used, the progress bar for the download may take up to one and a half minutes, before it appears, due to the complexity of the device.

Maintenance
The device is maintenance-free. No repairs should be carried out by unauthorised personnel if damage occurs, e. g. during transport and/or storage.
1.2 Power supply

All devices in the range require an external 12 - 24V AC/DC power supply, allowing them to operate (e.g. opening of electric lock) even in the event of a lack of bus voltage.

For system sizing (number and type of power supplies to use), bear in mind that each access control device draws a peak power of 1W.

ABB recommends using a dedicated power supply/transformer to power the electric lock (not the same one used for the access control devices range), as the power draw of the electric lock is not usually known beforehand and can invalidate the correct sizing of the power supply for the access control devices, causing outages and malfunctions. Where installation requirements should necessitate the use of a common power supply/transformer (for example one in each room for applications such as hotels), it is essential to consider the maximum possible power draw of the electric lock and subtract this from the available power provided by the power supply/transformer: the residual power must be sufficient to power all access control devices running on that power supply/transformer.

For powering the access control devices, ABB recommends the use of stabilised power supplies (for example CP-D from the ABB range) as opposed to transformers. When powering access control devices with alternating current, it is important to remember that transformers for discontinuous loads CANNOT be used to power the access control devices.

An example of an ideal configuration for the sizing of the access control devices' power supply is given below:

- Dedicated power supply/transformer for electric lock
- DC power supply for the access control devices with dedicated stabilised transformer, chosen on the basis of the number of devices to control. The table below provides a summary of ABB's CP-D stabilised power supply models and their characteristics.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Power supply type</th>
<th>Output voltage</th>
<th>Output current</th>
<th>Power output</th>
<th>Number of access control devices which can be powered</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CP-D 12/0.83</td>
<td>12 V c.c.</td>
<td>0,83 A</td>
<td>10 W</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP-D 12/2.1</td>
<td>12 V c.c.</td>
<td>2,1 A</td>
<td>25 W</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP-D 24/0.42</td>
<td>24 V c.c.</td>
<td>0,42 A</td>
<td>10 W</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP-D 24/1.3</td>
<td>24 V c.c.</td>
<td>1,3 A</td>
<td>30 W</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP-D 24/2.5</td>
<td>24 V c.c.</td>
<td>2,5 A</td>
<td>60 W</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CP-D 24/4.2</td>
<td>24 V c.c.</td>
<td>4,2 A</td>
<td>100 W</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.3 Connection and wiring

For the supplementary power supply of the devices (12 - 24V AC/DC), a standard cable can be used; the sizing of this must be based on the total length of cable required for the installation. Specifically, ABB recommends a dedicated insulated cable for the power supply of the access control devices, of cross section 1 mm². It is not possible to use the additional pair of conductors present in a KNX 4-wire cable (white-yellow), unless a power supply which meets SELV specifications can be guaranteed on this pair (in particular the presence of a power supply unit with isolation transformer). In general, seeing as it is not always possible to guarantee a SELV power supply beforehand or to know whether a power supply which meets SELV specifications has been supplied, it is in any case recommended to use a dedicated cable to power the access control devices, as indicated above.

For connecting the input it's suggested to use a dedicated 2 x 0,50 mm shielded cable. Maximum distance covered is 10 meters.

1.4 Outdoor installation

The access control devices are rated IP20 and therefore cannot be installed outdoors. In the event that an outdoor installation should be necessary, the IP55 containers or waterproof plates indicated below may be used (only for Chiara range, not Millenium). The best installation solution is the Chiara IP55 waterproof plate (code 2CSK3355SCH).
Commissioning

**CHIARA RANGE**
- 2-modules IP55 waterproof plate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2CSK3255CH</td>
<td>IP55 RECESSED INSTALLATION PLATE, 2 MODULES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- 2-modules IP55 container

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2CSK2255CH</td>
<td>IP55 CONTAINER, 2 MODULES</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(The residual space for wiring is particularly limited).

2 Commissioning

The main functions of the access control devices are described in this section. Parametrisation is performed via the Engineering Tool ETS Software application program. For the parametrisation you need a pc desktop or a laptop with ETS and connection to the KNX system (obtainable for example by means of RS232, USB or IP Interface).

2.1 General

In this menu is possible to choose the value of the 1bit object sent on the KNX bus on card validation event.

**Send 1 bit on guest card acknowledgment**
With this parameter you can choose the value (1 or 0) of the 1bit KNX telegram sent by the reader on recognition of a valid guest card
Options:
- Send 1
- Send 0

**Send 1 bit on service card acknowledgment**
With this parameter you can choose the value (1 or 0) of the 1bit KNX telegram sent by the reader on recognition of a valid service card
Options:
- Send 1
- Send 0
### 2.2 Scenes

In this menu it’s possible to enable/disable sending of 8bit scenario KNX telegram on specific events (guest/service card validation, card insertion/removal in/from the card holder)

#### Send 8bit scene on guest card acknowledgment

With this parameter you can choose to send one KNX telegram with 8bit scene on guest card validation from transponder reader.

Options:
- **Disabled**
- **Enabled**

When “Enabled” is selected, with the “Scene” parameter is possible to select the Scene number to send on guest card validation.

#### Send 8bit scene on service card acknowledgment

With this parameter you can choose to send one KNX telegram with 8bit scene on service card validation from transponder reader.

Options:
- **Disabled**
- **Enabled**

When “Enabled” is selected, with the “Scene” parameter is possible to select the Scene number to send on service card validation.
Send 8bit scene on card insertion in the card holder
With this parameter you can choose to send one KNX telegram with 8bit scene when a card is inserted into the conventional card-holder connected to transponder reader through its internal input.

Options:
- Disabled
- Enabled

When “Enabled” is selected, with the “Scene” parameter is possible to select the Scene number to send on card insertion in the card holder.

Send 8bit scene on card removing from the card holder
With this parameter you can choose to send one KNX telegram with 8bit scene when a card is removed from the conventional card-holder connected to transponder reader through its internal input.

Options:
- Disabled
- Enabled

2.3 Function

In this menu it’s possible to configure the functionalities of transponder reader, and in particular the behavior of its output relay.

Output functionality
With this parameter, you can choose the behavior of output relay

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General</th>
<th>Output functionality</th>
<th>Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
|         | Enable time function delay dismiss lighting | Enable function scene (8bit)  
Reaction to the bus voltage:  
- Alarm  
- Communication object value at bus voltage recovery |

Options:
- Actuator
- Linked to access control
- Linked to card holder
2.3.1 Actuator

With the “Actuator” configuration the transponder reader relay acts as a standard KNX output channel, being able to be controlled through standard KNX telegram sent by standard KNX devices. Once the output has been configured as “Actuator”, it is possible to additional parametrize it with the following parameter:

**Enable time function: delay staircase lighting**
It's possible to choose staircase lighting function, if needed
Options:
- No
- Yes

**Delay in s**
If enabled “delay staircase lighting” option with the parameter above, you can configure the value of the delay in seconds.
Options:
[0…5…65.535]

**Enable functions scene (8bit)**
It's possible to add the 8bit scene functionality to transponder reader relay, when configured as “Actuator”. In this case the output reacts to standard KNX 8bit telegram sent by standard KNX devices.
Options:
- No
- Yes
2.3.2 Linked to access control

With the “Linked to access control” configuration, the transponder reader relay is switched if it recognizes a valid card. Moreover the output is able to be switched also by means of standard KNX 1bit telegram sent on proper communication object (Switch).

Once the output has been configured as “Linked to access control”, it is possible to additional parametrize it with the following parameter:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1.1.1 Tr/U 1.1.CH - Transponder Chiara &gt; Function</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable time function: electric lock delay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delay in ms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output functionality:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Output contact reaction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reaction to the bus voltage: r drop</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Communication object value at bus voltage recovery</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Enable time function: electric lock delay
It's possible to choose electric lock delay function, if needed

Options:
- No
- Yes

Dealy in s
If enabled “electric lock delay” option with the parameter above, you can configure the value of the delay in milliseconds.

Options:
[0…1000…65.535]
2.3.3 Linked to card holder

With the “Linked to card holder” configuration, the transponder reader relay is switched when a card is inserted into or removed from a conventional card holder (e.g. Millennium and Chiara card holder) connected to transponder reader with its internal binary input. Once the output has been configured as “Linked to card holder”, it is possible to additional parametrize it with the following parameter:

Enable time function: delay after card removal
It’s possible to choose delay after card removal, if needed
Options:
- No
- Yes

Delay in s
If enabled “delay after card removal” option with the parameter above, you can configure the value of the delay in seconds.
Options:
[0…60…65.535]
2.3.4 Common parameters

The following parameters are related to every kind of configuration of transponder reader (Actuator, Linked to access control, Linked to card holder) and are related to configuration of main functionalities of device.

**Output contact reaction**
With this parameter you can determine whether the output works as a “Normally closed contact” or as a “Normally open contact”
Options:
- Normally open
- Normally closed

**Reaction to the bus voltage drop**
With this parameter you can define the output status upon device switch off, on bus voltage drop
Options:
- Unchanged contact
- Open contact
- Closed contact

**Communication object value at bus voltage recovery**
With this parameter you can define the output status upon device switch on (communication object value), on bus voltage recovery
Options:
- No value
- Write 0
- Write 1

The above parameters related to behavior of output on bus voltage drop and bus voltage recovery do not apply to “Linked to card holder” configuration, since in this case “Switch” communication object is not present and status of the relay is defined by a “physical” condition, hence insertion/removal of card into card-holder connected to the input of transponder reader.

Please notice that “Reaction to the bus voltage drop” parameter refer to behavior of output on KNX bus voltage failure. On power supply failure (12-24 AC/DC), the device stops working and is not able to fix the relay in the position defined with this parameter.
3 Operation of communication objects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nr.</th>
<th>Funzione</th>
<th>Nome oggetto</th>
<th>Tipo dato</th>
<th>Flag</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0</td>
<td>Switch</td>
<td>Switch</td>
<td>1 bit</td>
<td>C, W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

This object is used to switch the output ON/OFF. The device receives a switching command via the communication object. If the output is programmed as “normally open” contact, the relay is closed with a “1” telegram value and opened with a “0” telegram value (and the opposite is true when it is programmed as “normally open” contact). Moreover, the output can be controlled without communication object, associating it with the transponder TAGs validation events (on “Linked to access control” mode) or card insertion/removal in the card-holder connected to the transponder reader (“Linked to card holder” mode). In “Linked to card holder” mode “Switch” communication object is not available and the output can be controlled only with card insertion/removal in the card-holder connected to the transponder reader.

| 2   | Status switch | Status switch         | 1 bit     | C, R, T      |

This object is always visible. The object value indicates the relay contact position (open or closed).

| 1   | Scene        | Scene                 | 1 byte    | C, W         |

This communication object is available only when the output functionality is configured as “Actuator”. Using this 8 bit communication object, a scene telegram can be sent using a coded telegram. The telegram contains the number of the scene concerned as well as the information on whether the scene is to be recalled or if the current contact position is to be assigned to the scene.

| 3   | Guest in the room | Guest in the room       | 1 bit     | C, R, T      |

This object is used to send a 1bit telegram with information about presence of guest in the room (1 = guest is in the room, 0 = guest is outside the room). The information is taken from card-holder connected to transponder reader with its input (card insertion/card removal)

| 4   | ACC1 Command   | ACC1 Command           | 1 byte    | C, R, W, T, U|
| 5   | ACC14 Command  | ACC14 Command          | 14 byte   | C, R, W, T, U|

These communication objects are used to interface transponder reader with MiniMAC supervision and control software. Objects have to be associated with group addresses which, in turn, are indicated in the MiniMAC software, in the menu for configuration of the individual devices.

| 6   | Date          | Date                  | 3 byte    | C, W         |
| 7   | Time          | Time                  | 3 byte    | C, W         |

These communication objects are used to receive date and time updates from the MiniMAC (or KNX clock). These objects are linked to the corresponding Date and Time boxes in the “Settings” menu (tab “Timers”) via group addresses.
### Operation of communication objects

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Guest Card Ack</th>
<th>Guest card acknowledgment scene</th>
<th>1 byte</th>
<th>C, T</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Services Card Ack</td>
<td>Service card acknowledgment scene</td>
<td>1 byte</td>
<td>C, T</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These objects are available only if previously enabled in the menu “Scenes”. With these objects is possible to send 1 byte scene telegram on transponder cards validation events (Guest Card/Service Card).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Guest card acknowledgment</th>
<th>Guest card acknowledgment</th>
<th>1 bit</th>
<th>C, T</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Service card acknowledgment</td>
<td>Service card acknowledgment</td>
<td>1 bit</td>
<td>C, T</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

With these objects is possible to send 1 bit telegram on transponder cards validation events (Guest Card/Service Card).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Card insertion scene</th>
<th>Card insertion scene</th>
<th>1 byte</th>
<th>C, T</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Card insertion removal</td>
<td>Card insertion removal</td>
<td>1 byte</td>
<td>C, T</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

These objects are available only if previously enabled in the menu “Scenes”. With these objects is possible to send 1 byte scene telegram on card insertion/removal into the card-holder connected to transponder reader with its input.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Green Led</th>
<th>Green Led</th>
<th>1 byte</th>
<th>C, W</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Red Led</td>
<td>Red Led</td>
<td>1 byte</td>
<td>C, W</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Through these communication objects you can control the two color LEDs’ status directly over the bus. To switch the LED on, you simply need to send a telegram containing the value 1 to switch it on, or value 0 to switch it off.
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