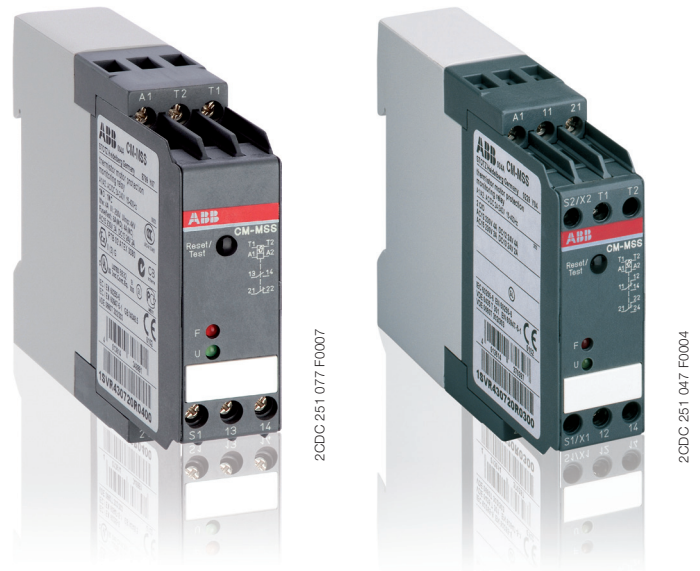


# Measuring and monitoring relays CM-MSS (4), CM-MSS (5)

## Thermistor motor protection relays

The devices CM-MSS (4) and (5) are used to monitor the overload of motors by the wiring temperature. The motors have to be fitted with PTC sensors.



### Features

- One sensor circuit with short-circuit monitoring
- Continuous voltage range: 24-240 V AC/DC
- Non-volatile fault storage configurable
- Reset/test button
- Remote reset
- Automatic reset configurable
- Output contacts
  - CM-MSS (4): 1 n/o, 1 n/c
  - CM-MSS (5): 2 c/o
- 2 LEDs for status indication

### Approvals

#### CM-MSS (4)

- UL 508, CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 14
- GL
- II (2) G D, PTB 02 ATEX 3080
- GOST
- RMRS

#### CM-MSS (5)

- UL 508, CAN/CSA C22.2 No. 14 pending
- GL
- GOST
- RMRS

### Marks

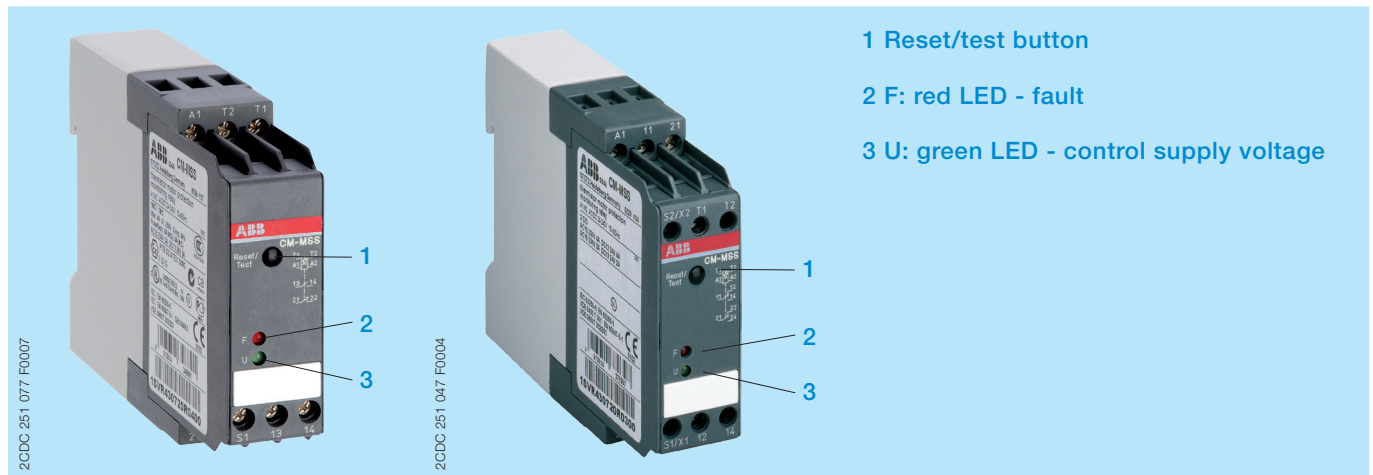
- CE
- C-Tick

### Order data

Type	Rated control supply voltage	Output contacts	Order code
CM-MSS (4)	24-240 V AC/DC	1 n/o, 1 n/c	1SVR 430 720 R0400
CM-MSS (5)	24-240 V AC/DC	2 c/o	1SVR 430 720 R0300

## Functions

### Operating controls



### Application

The devices CM-MSS (4) and (5) are used to monitor the overload of motors by the wiring temperature. The motors have to be fitted with PTC sensors.

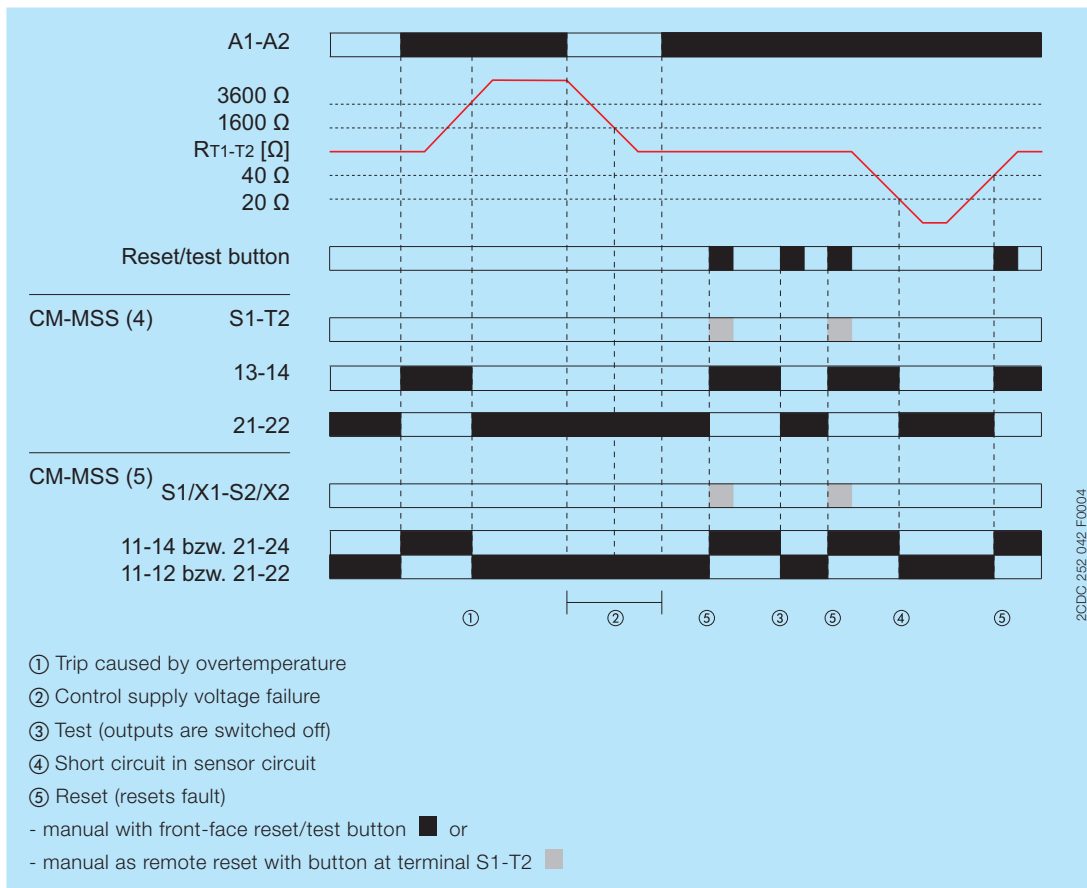
### Operating mode

If the motor heats-up excessively (sensor resistance  $> 3600 \Omega$ ) the output relays de-energize and the red LED displays the overtemperature. Wire interruption or a short circuit within the sensor circuit (sensor resistance  $< 20 \Omega$ ) will also cause a disconnection of the output relays and the red LED flashes.

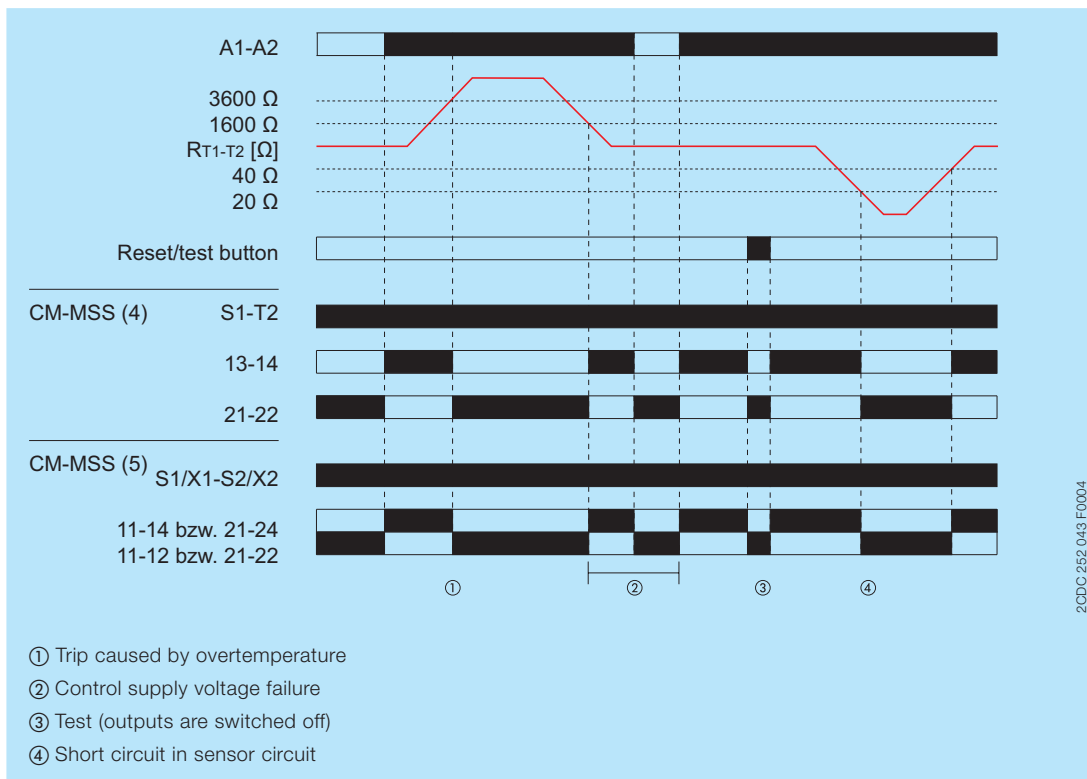
A fault reset is only possible after the cooling down of the motor (sensor resistance  $< 1600 \Omega$ ) or after the wire interruption or the short circuit within the sensor circuit has been removed (sensor resistance  $> 40 \Omega$ ). The reset can be made by operating the front-face reset/test button.

By terminal assignment remote reset (= non-volatile fault storage) or auto reset can be configured. Details see "Example of application" on page 4.

## Function diagrams



### Manual or remote reset (= non-volatile fault storage)

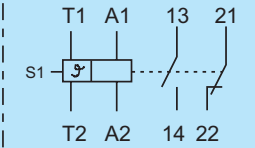


### Auto reset (= no fault storage)

## Connection and wiring

### Position of connection terminals

A1	T2	T1	
T1	A1	13	21
T2	A2	14	22
S1	13	14	
21	22	A2	

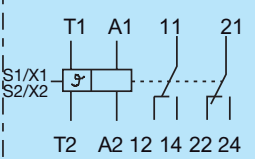


2CDC 252 016 F0004-a

A1-A2	Control supply voltage
T1-T2	Thermistor connection
S1-T2	Reset input
13-14	1 n/o, 1 n/c - closed-circuit principle
21-22	

CM-MSS (4)

A1	11	21			
S2/X2	T1	T2			
T1	A1	11	21		
T2	A2	12	14	22	24
S1/X1	12	14			
22	24	A2			

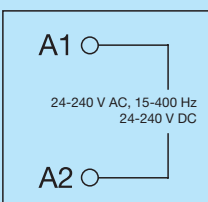


2CDC 252 147 F0006

A1-A2	Control supply voltage
T1-T2	Thermistor connection
S1/X1-S2/X2	Reset input
11-12/14	2 c/o - closed-circuit principle
21-22/24	

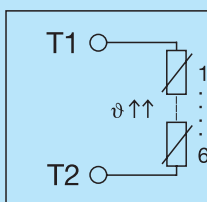
CM-MSS (5)

### Example of application



24-240 V AC, 15-400 Hz  
24-240 V DC

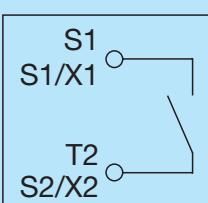
2CDC 252 073 F0003-a



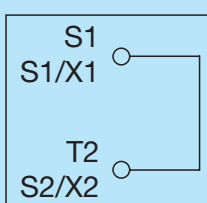
2CDC 252 003 F0004-a

Connection of the control supply voltage

Sensor circuit, Thermistor connection



2CDC 252 074 F0003-a



2CDC 252 075 F0003-a

(= non-volatile fault storage)

CM-MSS (4): S1-T2

CM-MSS (5): S1/X1-S2/X2

(= no fault storage)

CM-MSS (4): S1-T2

CM-MSS (5): S1/X1-S2/X2

Remote reset

Auto reset

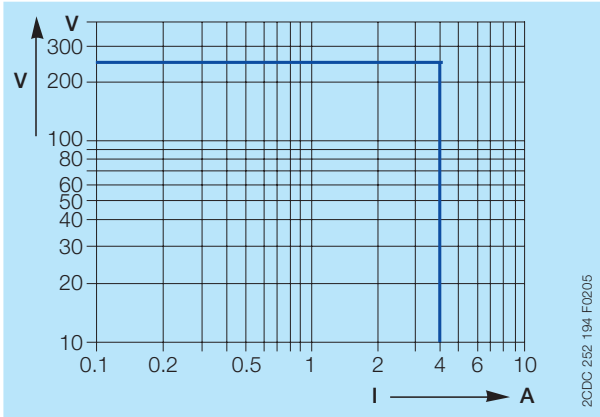
## Technical data

Input circuit		A1-A2
Rated control supply voltage $U_S$ - power consumption	A1-A2	24-240 V AC/DC - ca. 1.7 W or 3.5 VA
Rated control supply voltage tolerance		-15...+10 %
Rated frequency		15-400 Hz
Duty time		100 %
Measuring circuit - Sensor circuit		T1-T2
Monitoring function		Temperature monitoring by means of PTC sensor
Number of sensor circuits		1
Short-circuit monitoring		yes
Non-volatile fault storage		yes
Reset/test function		yes
Temperature	switch-off resistance (relays de-energize)	3600 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5 %
	switch-on resistance (relays energize)	1600 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 5 %
Short circuit	switch-off resistance (relays de-energize)	< 20 $\Omega$
	switch-on resistance (relays energize)	> 40 $\Omega$
Max. total resistance of sensors connected in series cold states		$\leq$ 1500 $\Omega$
Max. sensor cable length	0.75 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 100 m
for short-circuit detection	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2 x 400 m
Response time		< 100 ms
Control circuit - Reset function		S1-T2 or S1/X1-S2/X2
Remote reset		1 n/o
Max. no-load voltage		ca. 5.5 V
Max. cable length	unshielded	$\leq$ 50 m
	shielded	100-200 m
Indication of operating states		
Control supply voltage		U: green LED
Fault message	output relays de-energized	F: red LED
Output circuits		13-14, 21-22 bzw. 11-12/14, 21-22/24
Kind of output	CM-MSS (4)	Relay: 1 n/o, 1 n/c
	CM-MSS (5)	Relay: 2 c/o
Operating principle	output relays de-energize in case of fault	closed-circuit principle
Contact material		Cd-free, AgNi alloy
Rated voltage	VDE 0110, IEC 664-1, IEC 60947-1	250 V
Min. switching voltage / min. switching current		- / -
Max. switching voltage		250 V AC
Rated operational current $I_e$ (IEC/EN 60947-5-1)	AC12 (resistive) at 230 V	4 A
	AC15 (inductive) at 230 V	3 A
	DC12 (resistive) at 24 V	4 A
	DC13 (inductive) at 24 V	2 A
AC rating (UL 508)	Utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300
	max. rated operational voltage	300 V AC
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A
	max. making/breaking apparent power at B 300	3600/360 VA
Mechanical lifetime		30 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles
Electrical lifetime	AC12, 230 V, 4 A	0.1 x 10 <sup>6</sup> switching cycles
Max. fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	4 A fast-acting
	n/o contact	6 A fast-acting

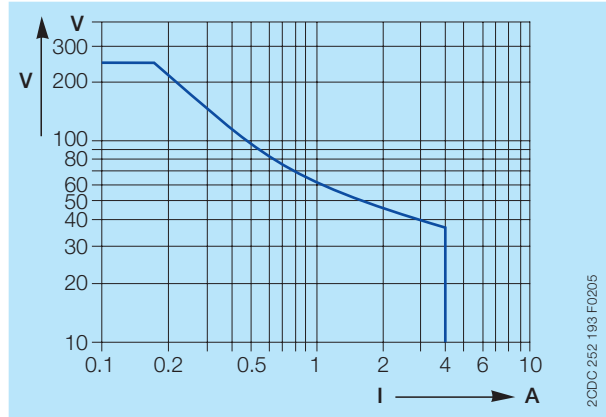
<b>General data</b>		
Dimensions (W x H x D)		22.5 x 78 x 100 mm (0.89 x 3.07 x 3.94 in)
Weight		0.150 kg (0.33 lb)
Mounting		DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715)
Mounting position		any
Degree of protection	enclosure / terminal	IP50 / IP20
<b>Electrical connection</b>		
Wire size	fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule	2 x 0.75-2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 18-14 AWG)
	rigid	2 x 0.5-4 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 x 20-12 AWG)
Stripping length		7 mm (0.28 in)
Tightening torque		0.6-0.8 Nm (5.31-7.08 lb.in)
<b>Environmental data</b>		
Ambient temperature ranges	operation	-20...+60 °C
	storage	-40...+85 °C
Operational reliability	IEC/EN 60068-2-6	4 g
Mechanical shock resistance	IEC/EN 60068-2-6	6 g
Environmental tests	IEC/EN 60068-2-30	24 h cycle, 55 °C, 93 % rel., 96 h
<b>Isolation data</b>		
Rated insulation voltage between all isolated circuits (VDE 0110-1, IEC/EN 60947-1)		250 V
Rated impulse withstand voltage $U_{imp}$ between all isolated circuits (VDE 0110-1, IEC 664)		4 kV / 1.2-50 $\mu$ s
Test voltage between all isolated circuits, routine test (IEC/EN 60255-5, IEC/EN 61010-1)		2.5 kV, 50 Hz, 1 min
Pollution degree (VDE 0110, IEC 664, IEC 255-5)		3
Overvoltage category (VDE 0110, IEC 664, IEC 255-5)		III
<b>Standards / directives</b>		
Product standard		IEC/EN 60255-6
Low Voltage Directive		2006/95/EC
EMC Directive		2004/108/EC
<b>Electromagnetic compatibility</b>		
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Level 3, 6 kV / 8 kV
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	Level 3, 10 V/m
electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	Level 3, 2 kV / 5 kHz
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	Level 3, installation class 3, supply circuit and measuring circuit 1 kV or 2 kV
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	Level 3, 10 V
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-4

## Technical diagrams

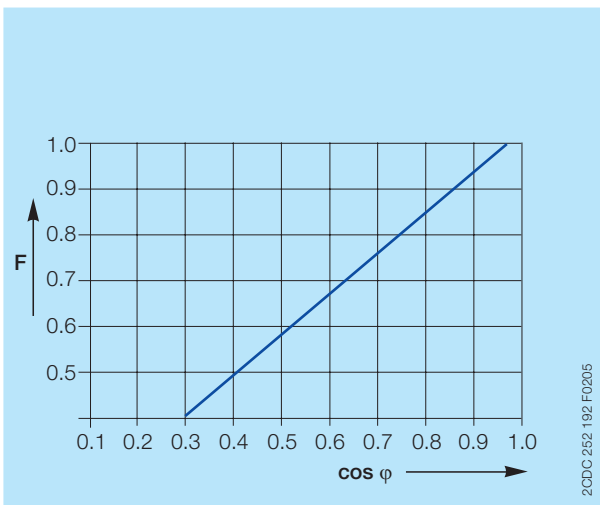
### Load limit curves



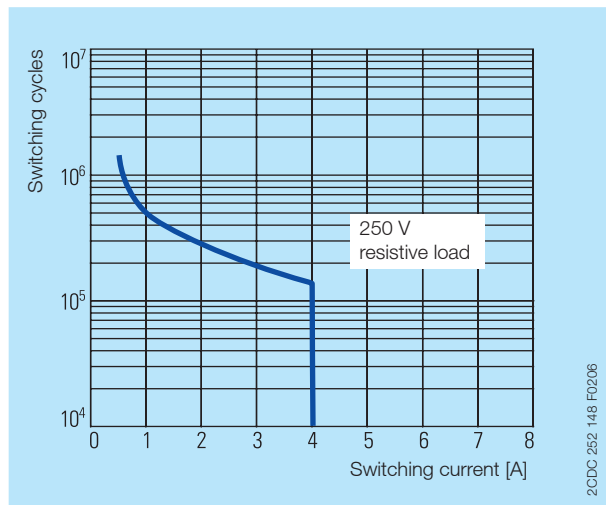
AC load (resistive)



DC load (resistive)



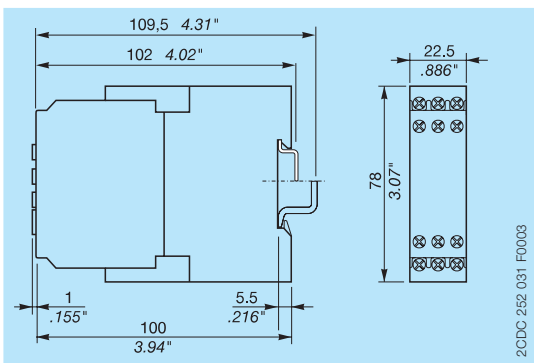
Reduction factor  $F$  for inductive AC load



Contact life time / number of operations  $N$   
220 V 50 Hz 1 AC, 360 operations/h

## Dimensions

in mm and inches



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