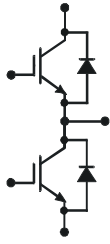


$V_{CE} = 4500 \text{ V}$

$I_C = 150 \text{ A}$

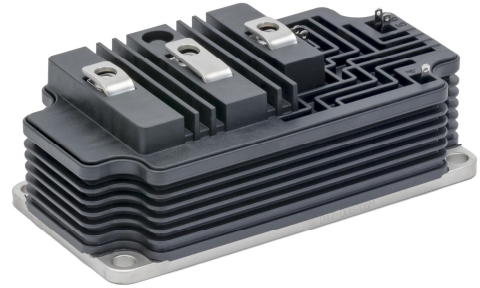
HiPak



IGBT Module 5SNG 0150P450300

Doc. No. 5SYA 1593-06 10-2020

- Ultra low loss, rugged SPT⁺ chip-set
- Smooth switching SPT⁺ chip-set for good EMC
- High insulation package
- AISiC base-plate for high power cycling capability
- AlN substrate for low thermal resistance
- Recognized under UL1557, File E196689



Maximum rated values ¹⁾

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	max	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CES}	$V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$		4500	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_c = 80 \text{ °C}$		150	A
Peak collector current	I_{CM}	$t_p = 1 \text{ ms}, T_c = 80 \text{ °C}$		300	A
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GES}		-20	20	V
Total power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_c = 25 \text{ °C}$, per switch (IGBT)		1450	W
DC forward current	I_F			150	A
Peak forward current	I_{FRM}			300	A
Surge current	I_{FSM}	$V_R = 0 \text{ V}, T_{vj} = 125 \text{ °C}$, $t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$, half-sinewave		1400	A
IGBT short circuit SOA	t_{psc}	$V_{CC} = 3400 \text{ V}, V_{CEMCHIP} \leq 4500 \text{ V}$ $V_{GE} \leq 15 \text{ V}, T_{vj} \leq 125 \text{ °C}$		10	μs
Isolation voltage	V_{isol}	RMS, 1 min, $f = 50 \text{ Hz}$		7400	V
Junction temperature	T_{vj}			125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Junction operating temperature	$T_{vj(op)}$		-50	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Case temperature	T_c		-50	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-50	125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Mounting torques ²⁾	M_s	Base-heatsink, M6 screws	4	6	Nm
	M_{t1}	Main terminals, M6 screws	4	6	

¹⁾ Maximum rated values indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur per IEC 60747

²⁾ For detailed mounting instructions refer to Document No. 5SYA2039

IGBT characteristic values ³⁾

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Collector (-emitter) breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}$, $T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	4500			V
Collector-emitter ⁴⁾ saturation voltage	$V_{CE \text{ sat}}$	$I_C = 150 \text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	2.75		V
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	3.5		V
Collector cut-off current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 4500 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		2	mA
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		6	20
Gate leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = \pm 20 \text{ V}$, $T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-500		500	nA
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(TO)}$	$I_C = 40 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$, $T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	5.5	6.2	7.5	V
Gate charge	Q_{ge}	$I_C = 150 \text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 2800 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = -15 \text{ V} \dots 15 \text{ V}$		1360		nC
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$, $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$, $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$, $T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$		17.5		nF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}			1.21		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}			0.32		
Internal gate resistance	R_{Gint}			3.1		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC} = 2800 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 150 \text{ A}$, $R_G = 15 \text{ } \Omega$,	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	530		ns
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	510		
Rise time	t_r	$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $L_\sigma = 400 \text{ nH}$, inductive load	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	120		ns
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	130		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$V_{CC} = 2800 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 150 \text{ A}$, $R_G = 15 \text{ } \Omega$,	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	1500		ns
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	1720		
Fall time	t_f	$V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $L_\sigma = 400 \text{ nH}$, inductive load	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	400		ns
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	590		
Turn-on switching energy	E_{on}	$V_{CC} = 2800 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 150 \text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $R_G = 15 \text{ } \Omega$, $L_\sigma = 400 \text{ nH}$, inductive load	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	415		mJ
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	580		
Turn-off switching energy	E_{off}	$V_{CC} = 2800 \text{ V}$, $I_C = 150 \text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $R_G = 15 \text{ } \Omega$, $L_\sigma = 400 \text{ nH}$, inductive load	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	440		mJ
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	615		
Short circuit current	I_{SC}	$t_{psc} \leq 10 \text{ } \mu\text{s}$, $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$, $T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 3400 \text{ V}$, $V_{CEM \text{ CHIP}} \leq 4500 \text{ V}$		660		A
Module stray inductance	$L_{\sigma \text{ DC}}$	between C1 – E2		125		nH
Resistance, terminal-chip	$R_{CC'+EE'}$	between C1 – E2	$T_C = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	0.78		m Ω
			$T_C = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	1.03		

³⁾ Characteristic values according to IEC 60747 – 9⁴⁾ Collector-emitter saturation voltage is given at chip level

Diode characteristic values ⁵⁾

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Forward voltage ⁶⁾	V_F	$I_F = 150 \text{ A}$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	3.2		V
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	3.45		
Reverse recovery current	I_{rr}		$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	270		A
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	305		
Recovered charge	Q_{rr}	$V_{CC} = 2800 \text{ V}$, $I_F = 150 \text{ A}$, $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$, $R_G = 15 \text{ }^\Omega$	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	140		μC
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	235		
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$L_\sigma = 400 \text{ nH}$ inductive load	$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	780		ns
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	1330		
Reverse recovery energy	E_{rec}		$T_{vj} = 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	205		mJ
			$T_{vj} = 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	385		

⁵⁾ Characteristic values according to IEC 60747 – 2

⁶⁾ Forward voltage is given at chip level

Package properties ⁷⁾

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
IGBT thermal resistance junction to case	$R_{th(j-c)IGBT}$				0.062	K/W
Diode thermal resistance junction to case	$R_{th(j-c)DIODE}$				0.122	K/W
IGBT thermal resistance ²⁾ case to heatsink	$R_{th(c-s)IGBT}$	IGBT per switch, λ grease = $1\text{W/m} \times \text{K}$		0.048		K/W
Diode thermal resistance ⁷⁾ case to heatsink	$R_{th(c-s)DIODE}$	Diode per switch, λ grease = $1\text{W/m} \times \text{K}$		0.096		K/W
Partial discharge extinction voltage	V_e	$f = 50 \text{ Hz}$, $Q_{PD} \leq 10\text{pC}$ (acc. to IEC 61287)	3500			V
Comparative tracking index	CTI			≥ 600		

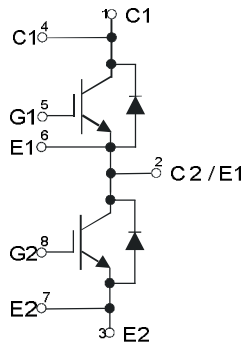
²⁾ For detailed mounting instructions refer to ABB Document No. 5SYA2039

Mechanical properties ⁷⁾

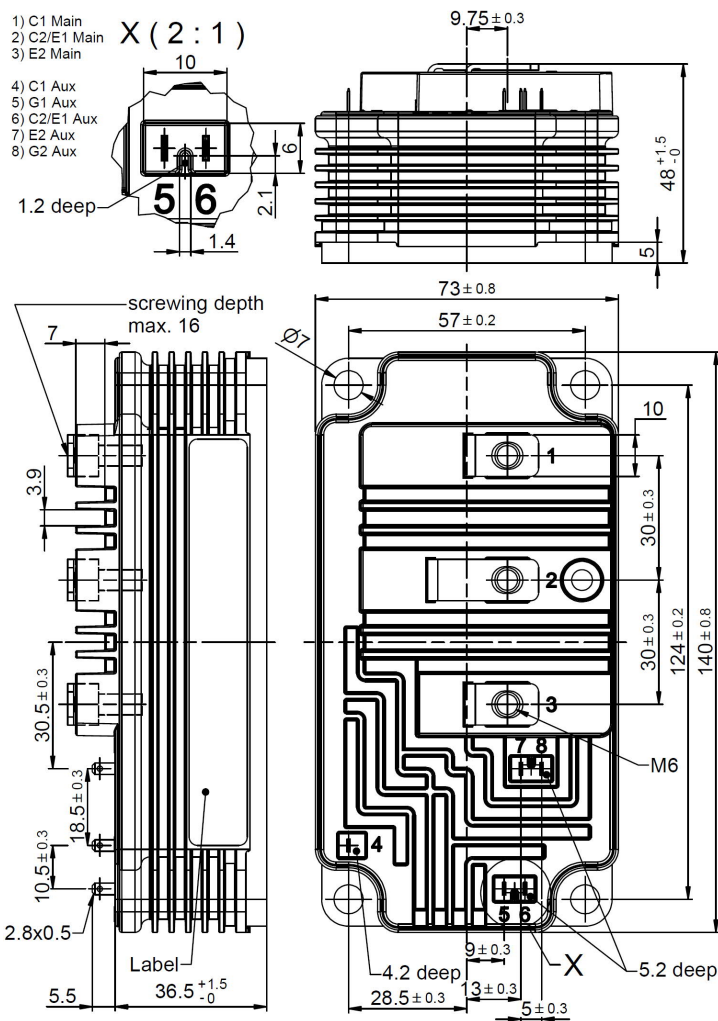
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Dimensions	$L \times W \times H$	Typical , see outline drawing	73 x 140 x 48			mm
Clearance distance in air	d_a	according to IEC 60664-1 and EN 50124-1	Term. to base:	35		mm
			Term. to term:	19		
Surface creepage distance	d_s	according to IEC 60664-1 and EN 50124-1	Term. to base:	64		mm
			C1 to E1:	54		
			C1 to E2:	78		
Mass	m			460		g

⁷⁾ Package and mechanical properties according to IEC 60747 – 15

Electrical configuration



Outline drawing ²⁾



Note: all dimensions are shown in mm

²⁾ For detailed mounting instructions refer to ABB Document No. 5SYA2039

This is an electrostatic sensitive device, please observe the international standard IEC 60747-1, chap. VIII.

This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial Level.

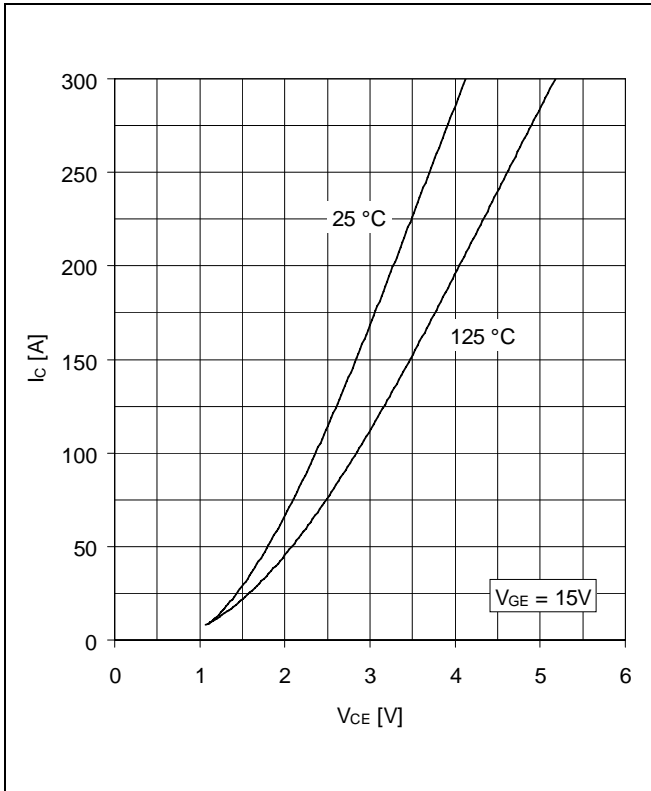


Fig. 1 Typical on-state characteristics, chip level

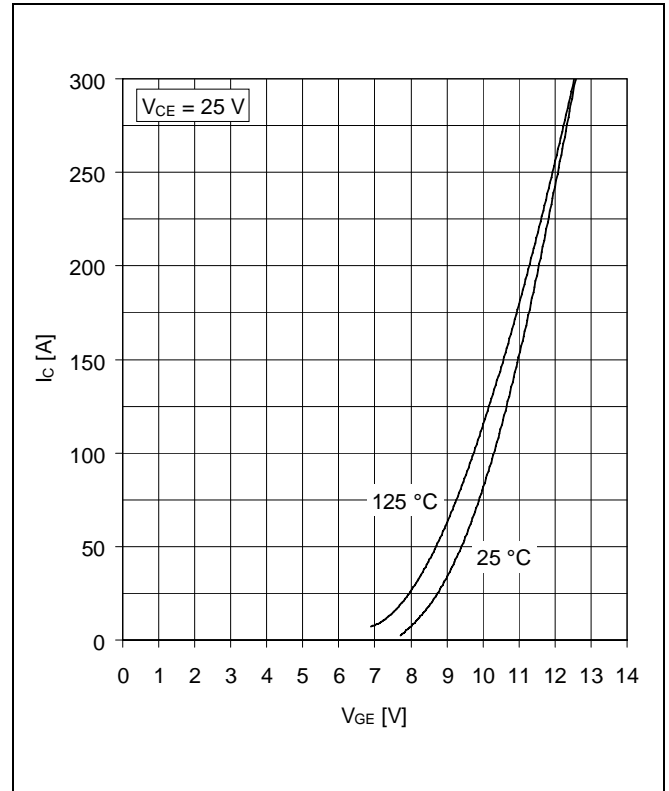


Fig. 2 Typical transfer characteristics, chip level

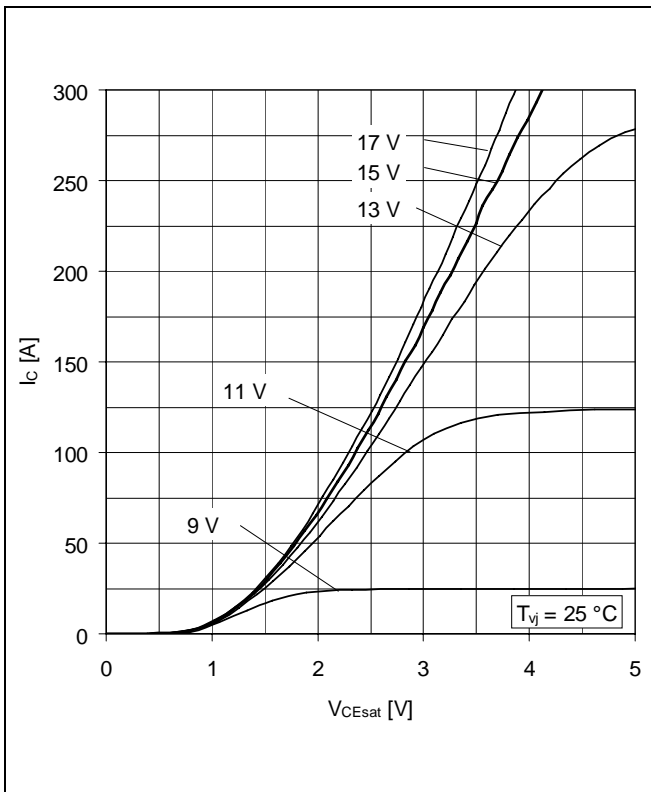


Fig. 3 Typical output characteristics, chip level

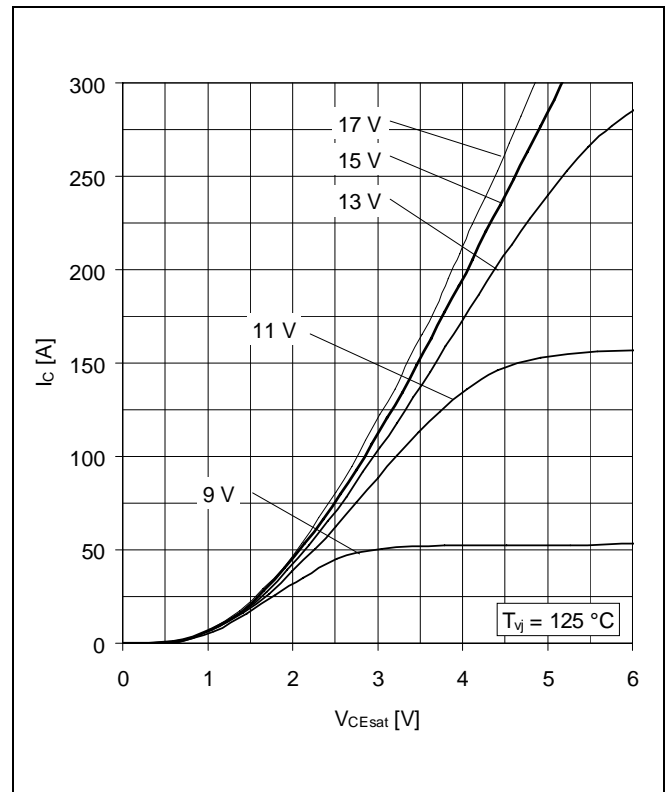


Fig. 4 Typical output characteristics, chip level

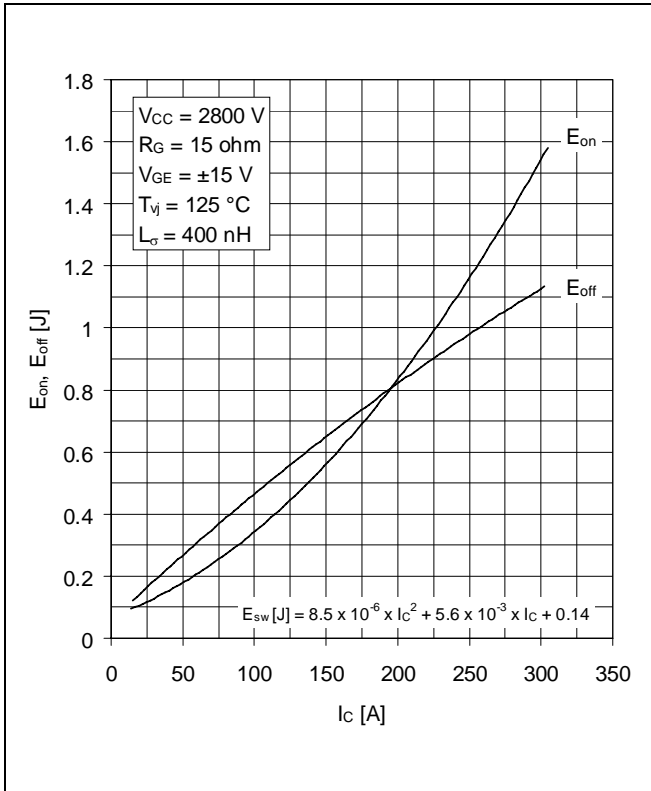


Fig. 5 Typical switching energies per pulse vs collector current

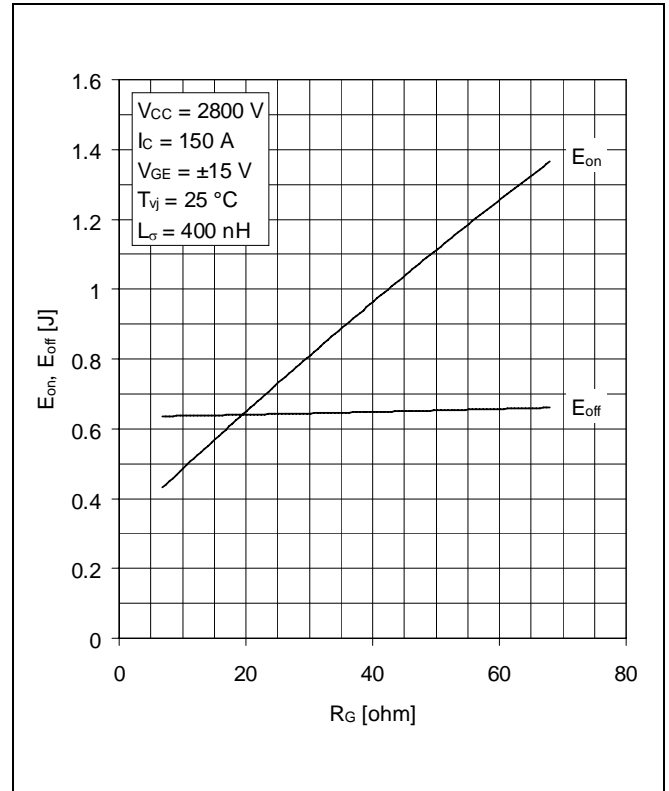


Fig. 6 Typical switching energies per pulse vs gate resistor

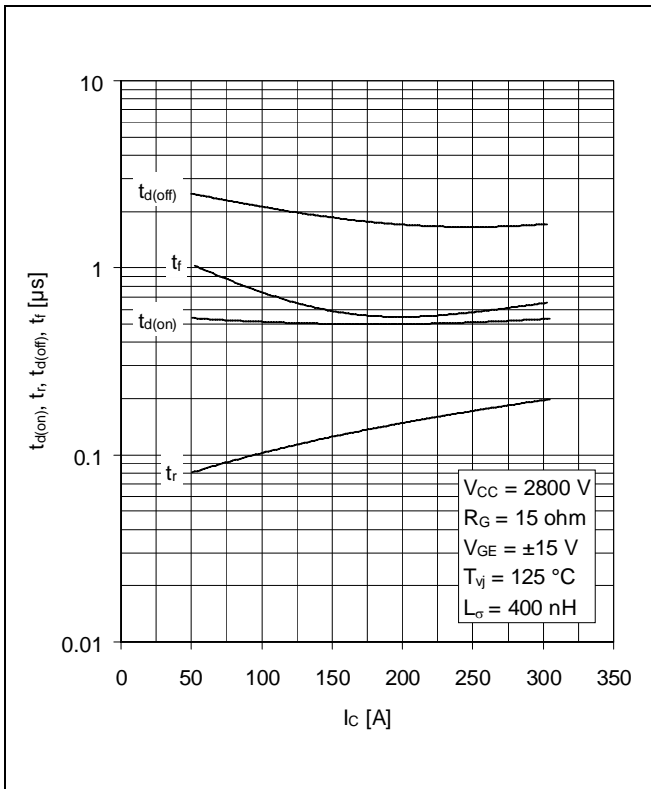


Fig. 7 Typical switching times vs collector current

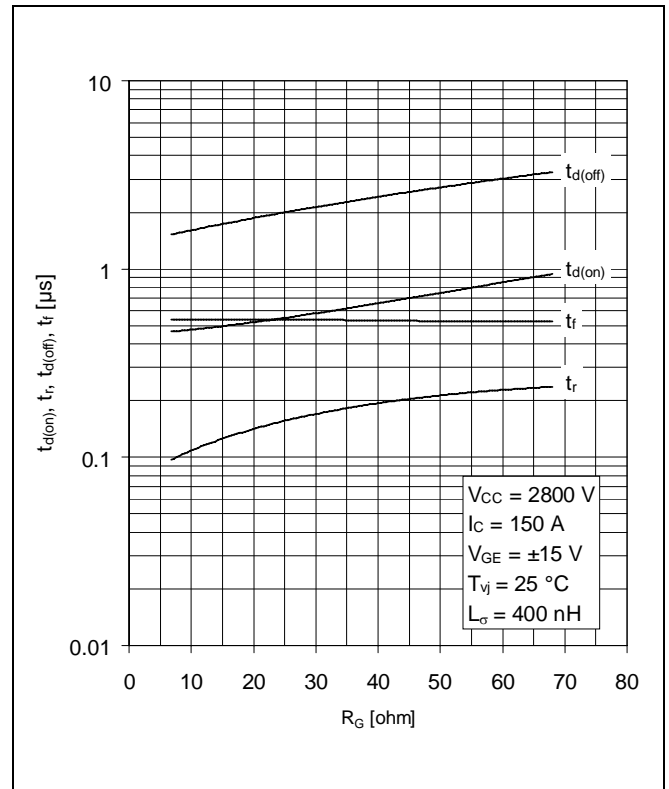


Fig. 8 Typical switching times vs gate resistor

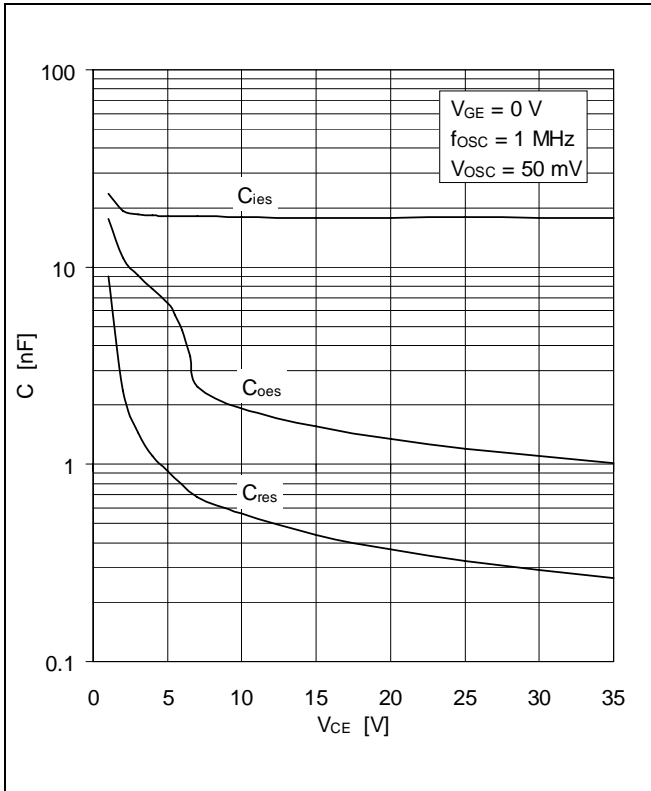


Fig. 9 Typical capacitances vs collector-emitter voltage

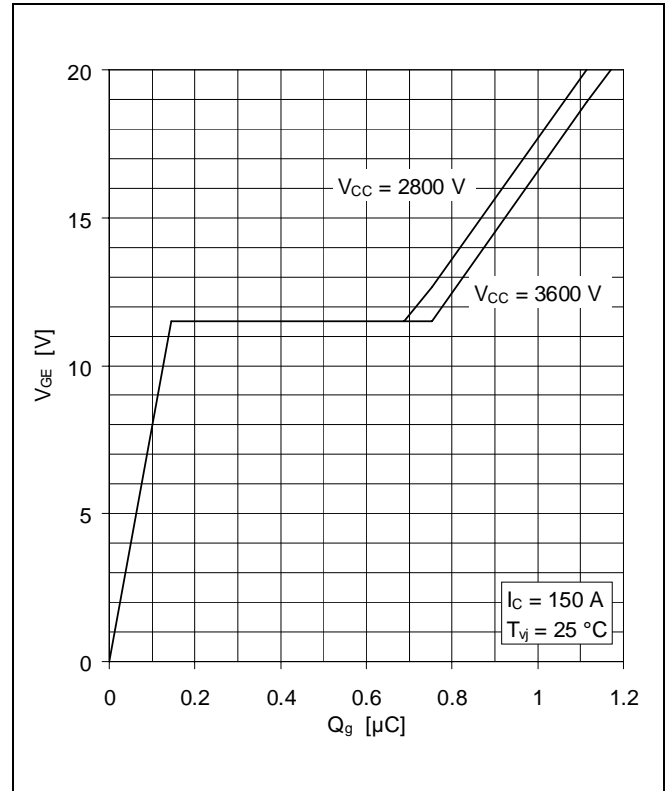


Fig. 10 Typical gate charge characteristics

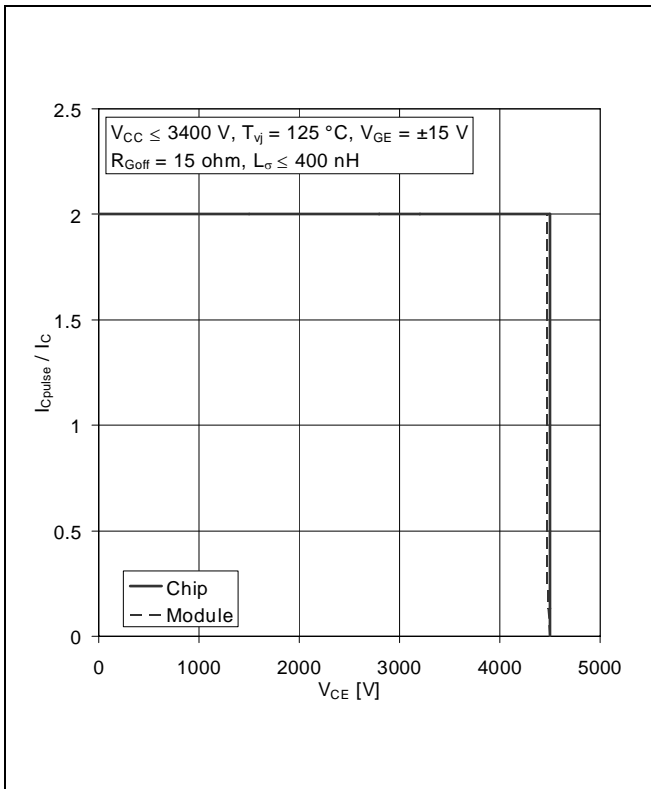


Fig. 11 Turn-off safe operating area (RBSOA)

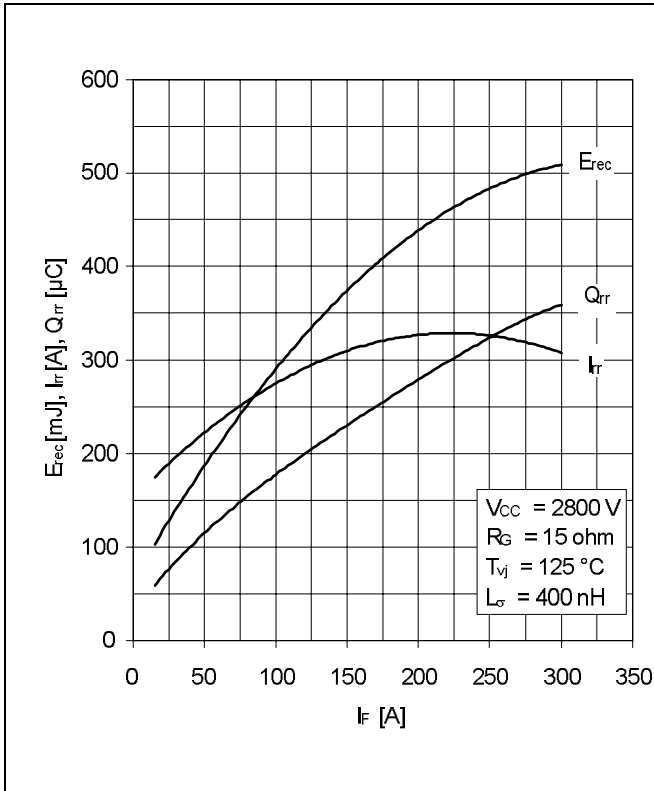


Fig. 12 Typical reverse recovery characteristics vs forward current

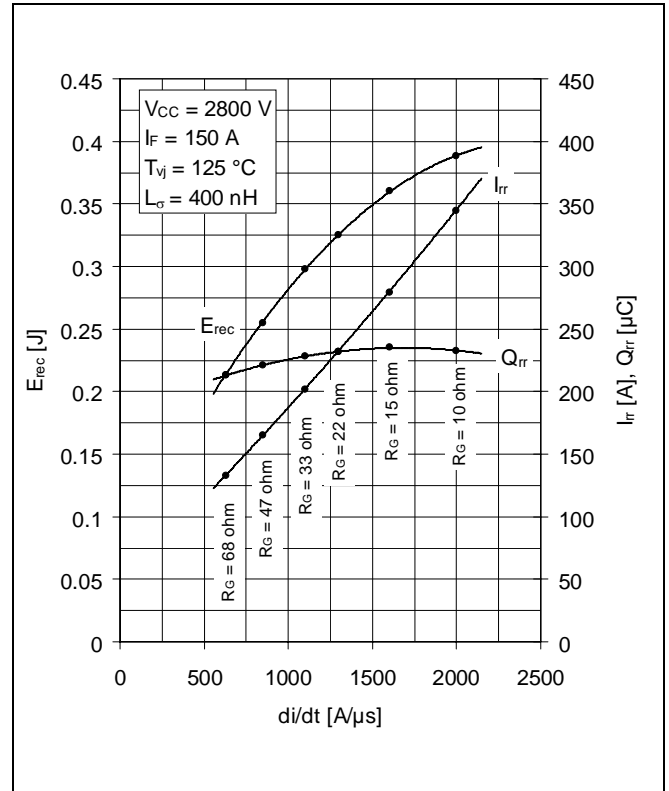


Fig. 13 Typical reverse recovery characteristics vs di/dt

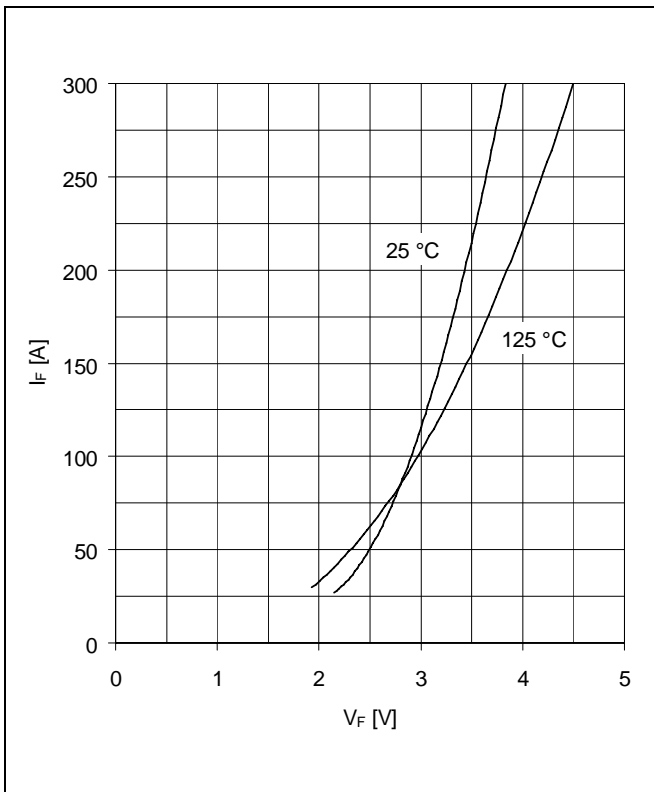


Fig. 14 Typical diode forward characteristics, chip level

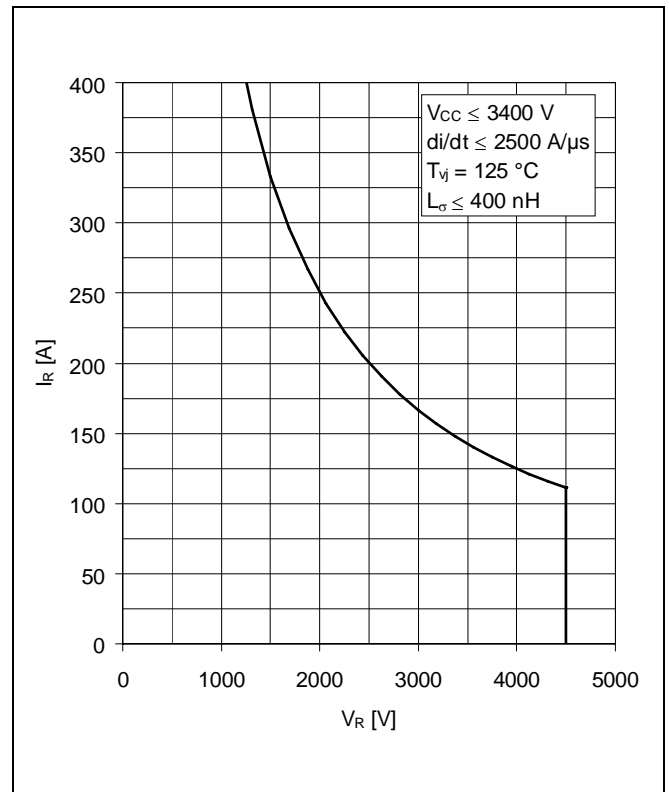


Fig. 15 Safe operating area diode (SOA)

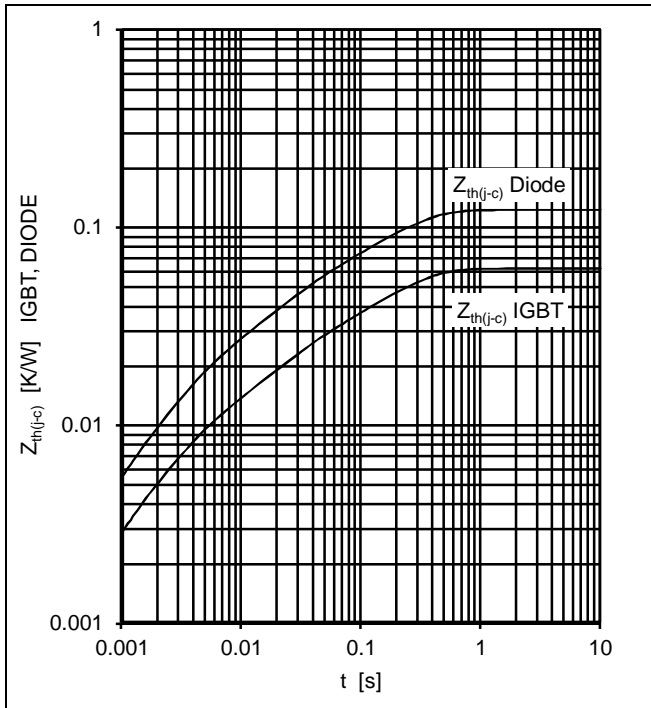


Fig. 16 Thermal impedance vs time

Analytical function for transient thermal impedance:

$$Z_{th(j-c)}(t) = \sum_{i=1}^n R_i (1 - e^{-t/\tau_i})$$

	i	1	2	3	4	5
IGBT	R _i (K/kW)	41.2	13.68	6.72		
	τ _i (ms)	192.6	21.4	2.78		
DIODE	R _i (K/kW)	80	28.04	13.84		
	τ _i (ms)	191.5	22.6	3.1		

For detailed information refer to:

- 5SYA 2039 Mounting instructions for HiPak modules
- 5SYA 2042 Failure rates of HiPak modules due to cosmic rays
- 5SYA 2043 Load – cycle capability of HiPaks
- 5SYA 2045 Thermal runaway during blocking
- 5SYA 2058 Surge currents for IGBT diodes
- 5SZK 9120 Specification of environmental class for HiPak

ABB Power Grids Switzerland Ltd, Semiconductors
 A Hitachi ABB Joint Venture
 Fabrikstrasse 3
 CH-5600 Lenzburg
 Switzerland
www.hitachiabb-powergrids.com/semiconductors

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