

ABB Automation & Power World: April 18-21, 2011

WSE-106-1

Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle - ABB's commitment

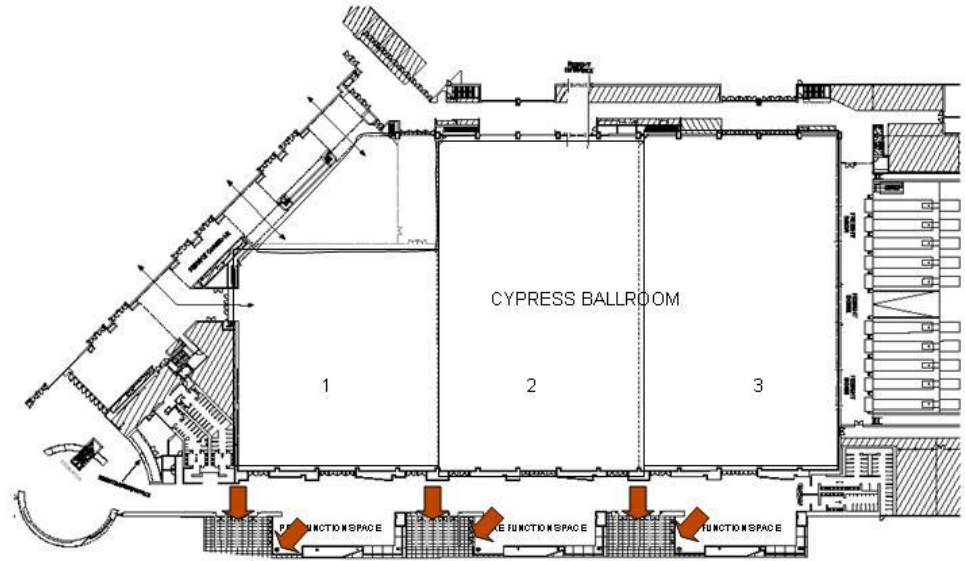
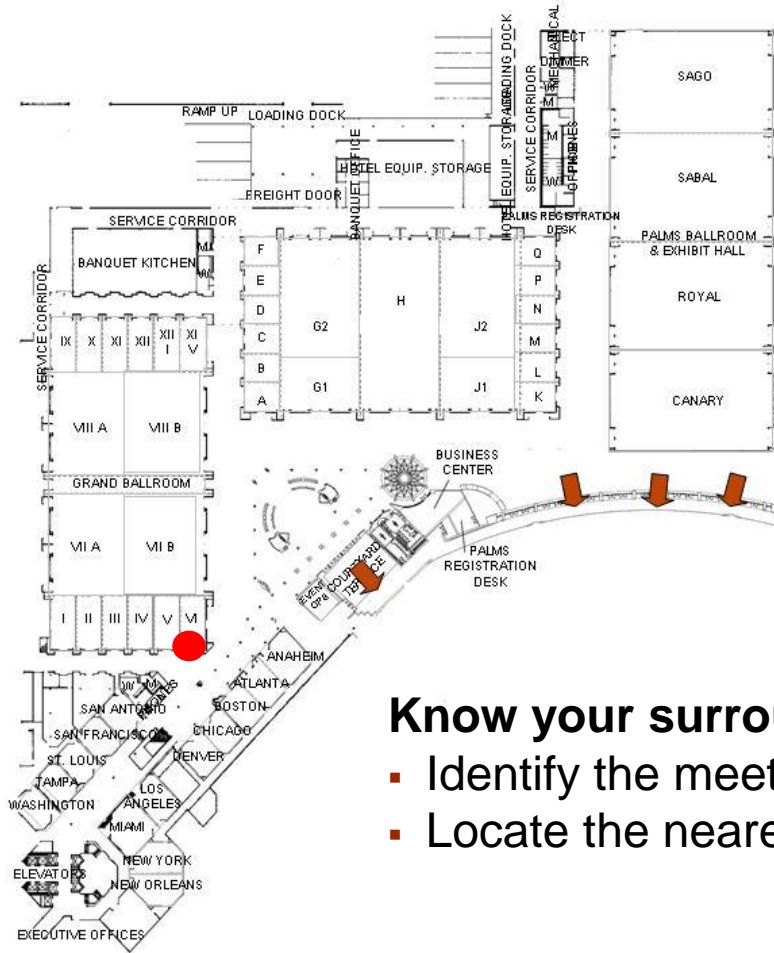
Your safety is important to us

Please be aware of these emergency procedures

- In the event of an emergency please dial ext. 55555 from any house phone. Do not dial 9-1-1.
- In the event of an alarm, please proceed carefully to the nearest exit. Emergency exits are clearly marked throughout the hotel and convention center.
- Use the stairwells to evacuate the building and do not attempt to use the elevators.
- Hotel associates will be located throughout the public space to assist in directing guests toward the closest exit.
- Any guest requiring assistance during an evacuation should dial “0” from any house phone and notify the operator of their location.
- Do not re-enter the building until advised by hotel personnel or an “all clear” announcement is made.

Your safety is important to us

Convention Center exits in case of an emergency



Know your surroundings:

- Identify the meeting room your workshop is being held in
- Locate the nearest exit

WSE-106-1

Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle

- ABB's commitment

- Speaker name : Akilur Rahman
- Speaker title : PA Division Cyber Security Manager
- Company name : ABB
- Location : Switzerland

- Speaker name : Markus Braendle
- Speaker title : Head of Group Cyber Security
- Company name : ABB
- Location : Switzerland

- Speaker name : Bart de Wijs
- Speaker title : PS/PP Division Cyber Security Manager
- Company name : ABB
- Location : The Netherlands

Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle

ABB's Commitment

Cyber Security is About

- People
 - Organizations
 - Processes
 - Technology & Solutions.
-
- Cyber Security addressed through the entire system lifecycle
 - Early design and development
 - Commissioning and installation
 - Throughout operations.

Many steps ABB is taking to ensure that cyber security is addressed in all phases of a system's lifecycle.

How our systematic approach addresses

- Product and system security
- How it benefits our customers

Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle

ABB's Organization

Group Cyber Security Council

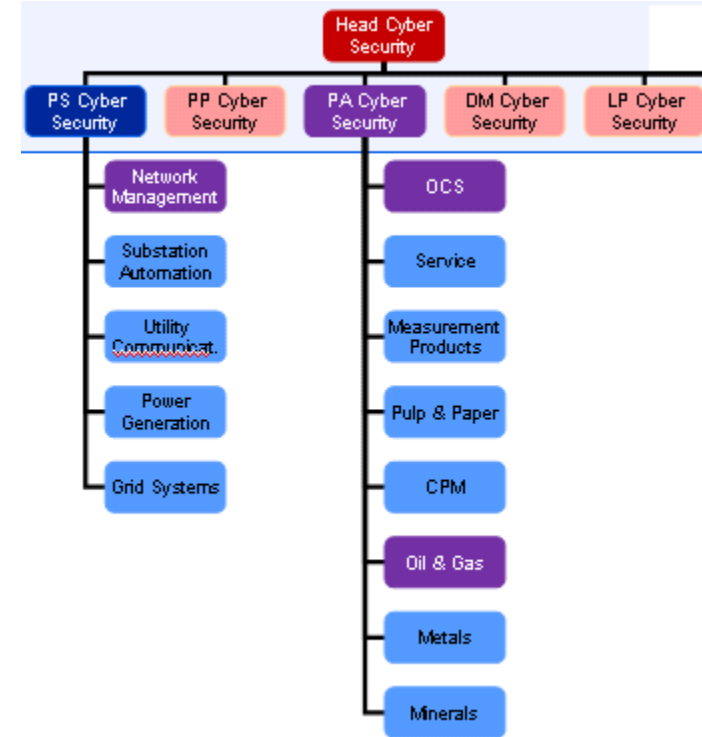
Division Level Security Council

Business Unit Security Team

- Help customers to reduce their business & compliance risks due to Cyber Security
- Enable Business Units to reduce business risks (financial, quality, compliance and market image) due to Cyber Security
- Create enhanced service/consulting offerings to customers in Cyber Security

by

- Capturing and analyzing security requirements from the market & customers
- Developing common security policy, best practices, guidelines, processes and specifications to support Product & Plan Lifecycle
- Raising awareness, developing skills/competencies & knowledge sharing in Cyber Security



Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle

ABB's Preparedness

- External Engagements
 - ABB has established Security Councils acting as the Computer Emergency Response Team (CERT) for ABB
 - Established contacts with ICS-CERT and NERC
 - Expanding network of engaged third-party security researchers, including Idaho National Labs
- Engagement in cyber-security related standards
 - ISA99: Full membership
 - IEC62351: Full membership
 - NERC-CIP: Reviewing member
 - NIST SGIP-CSWG: Full membership
- Strategic partnership with Industrial Defender

Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle

ABB's Objectives

Cyber security embedded

- Embedded in the product lifecycle
- Embedded in our organization
- Embedded in our products and systems

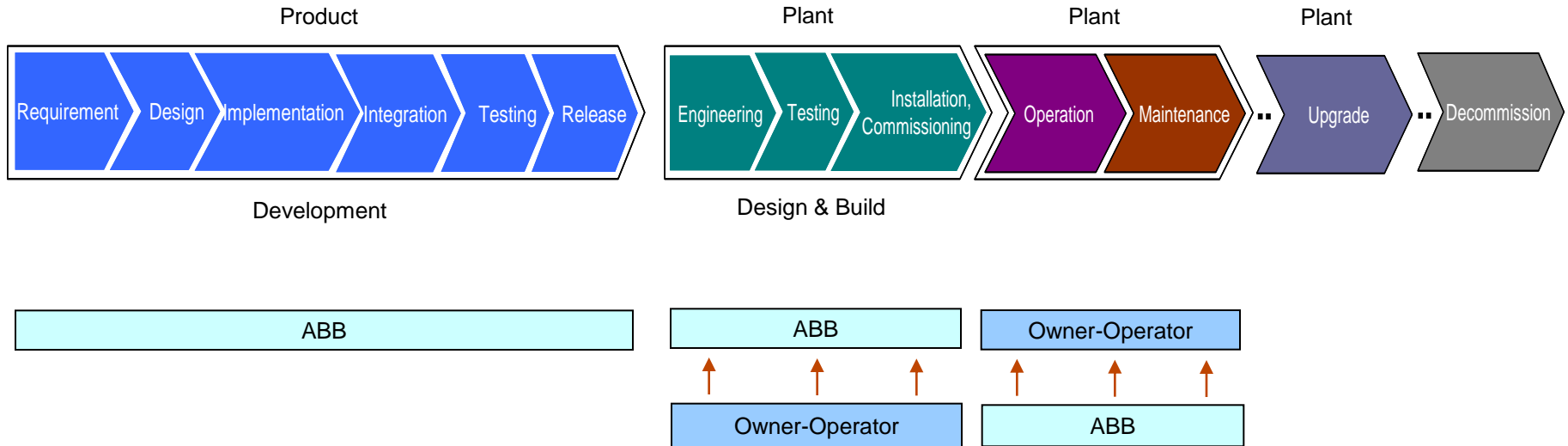
Cyber security without compromises

- No compromise on reliability
- No compromise on interoperability
- No compromise on security

Cyber security - Addressed throughout the system life cycle

Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle

From our Product Lifecycle to your Plant Lifecycle

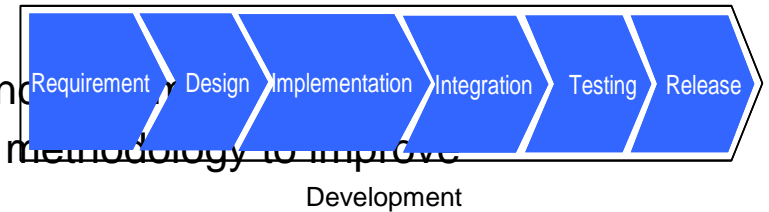


Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle

Security in Product Design & Development

Requires understanding of threats

- Security assessments of products and
- Development of new tool-supported methodology to improve and formalize threat modeling



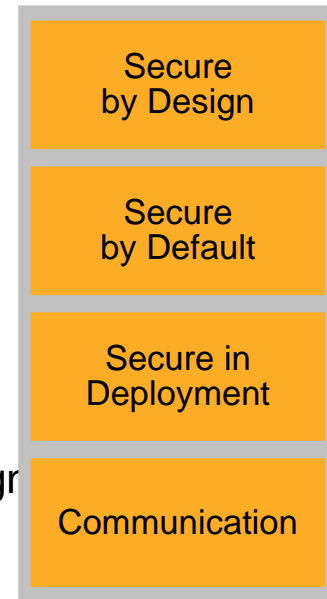
Secure development requires know-how

- Security training for developers

Security design and development for

- Products (e.g. security features)
- Systems (e.g. network architecture)
- As early as possible for new products
- As feasible as possible for existing solutions

Security is an **integrated but explicit** part of our design and development processes



Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle

Product Requirements

Continuously Capturing Requirements from

- Customers
- Industry groups
- Regulatory Bodies
- Standardization Bodies

To develop Products with enhanced security

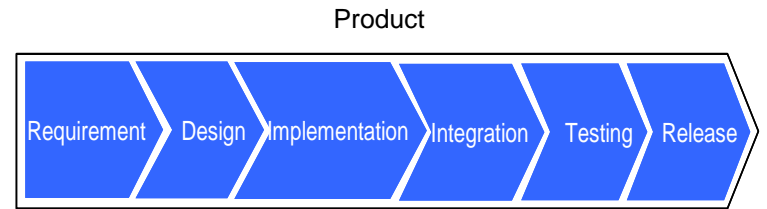


Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle

Product Requirements

Continuously evaluating Products for measurable Improvements based on

- Standards
- Specifications



Product

Development

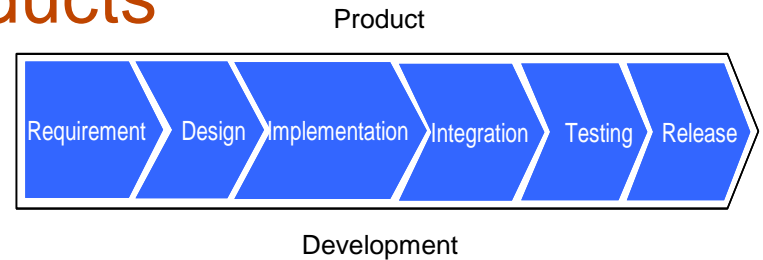
3.00 supported system-wide in an integrated fashion
 2 supported in most parts of the system, but not integrated
 1 supported in some parts of the system, but not integrated
 0 not supported
 n/a not applicable (needs strong justification!)

ISA 99.03.03 System Security Requirements Evaluation		Rating: 2.82
1. Access Control		Rating: 3.00
Identify and authenticate IACS users (incl. human users, processes, and devices), assign them to a pre-defined role, and allow them access to the system or assets.		
1.1 IACS User Identification and Authentication	Comments:	3.00
1.2 Account Management	Comments:	3.00
1.3 Access Enforcement	Comments:	3.00
1.4 Identifier Management	Comments:	3.00
1.5 Authenticator Management	Comments:	3.00
1.6 Authenticator Feedback		
1.7 Unsuccessful Login Attempts	3. Data Integrity	Rating: 3.00
1.8 System Use Notification	Ensure the integrity of information on communication channels and in data repositories to prevent unauthorized manipulation.	
1.9 Previous Logon Notification		
1.10 Session Lock	4. Data Confidentiality	Rating: 3.00
1.11 Remote Session Termination	Ensure the confidentiality of information on communication channels and in data repositories to prevent dissemination.	
1.12 Remote Access		
1.13 Device Identification and Authentication	5. Restrict Data Flow	Rating: 3.00
	Segment the system via zones and conduits to limit the unnecessary flow of data.	
2. Use Control		
Enforce the assigned privileges of an user to perform the requested action on the system and monitor the use of these privileges.		
3. Data Integrity	6. Timely Response to Events	Rating: 2.50
Ensure the integrity of information on communication channels and in data repositories to prevent unauthorized manipulation.		
	Respond to security violations by notifying the proper authority, reporting needed forensic evidence of the violation, and taking timely corrective action when incidents are discovered.	
	7. Network Resource Availability	Rating: 2.54
	Ensure the availability of the system or assets against the denial of essential services.	

Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle

Technology Applications in Products

- Identify/Develop Core Technologies in-house
- Partnering with Industry Security Leader: Industrial Defender
- Adaptation/validation of other 3rd party Technology & Solutions for enhanced security



Integrate security solutions from Enterprise IT
e.g. IPSec, AV, ...

Integrate specialized, tailored or modified security solutions,
e.g. FW, IDS, ...

Develop built-in security features,
e.g. authentication, access control, network filter,
storm filter, data diodes, ...

Test & Verify

Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle

ABB's device security assurance center

Product

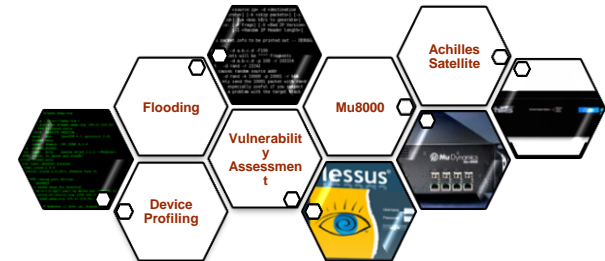
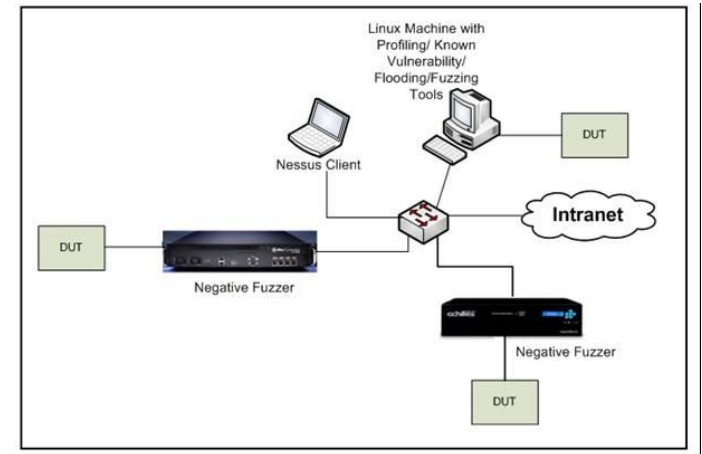
Product Robustness Testing

- Assures consistent approach in carrying-out security/robustness testing for devices
- Formalized part of all device development
- Strengthen quality of communication stacks
- Verify and enhance the security posture of devices
- Around 200 tests planned in 2011
- Results also in guidelines for developers

Testing in System Environment (Simulated/Typical Configuration)



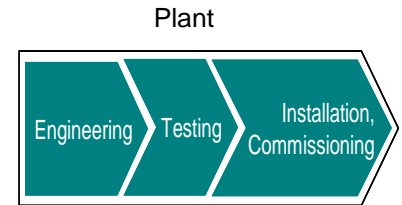
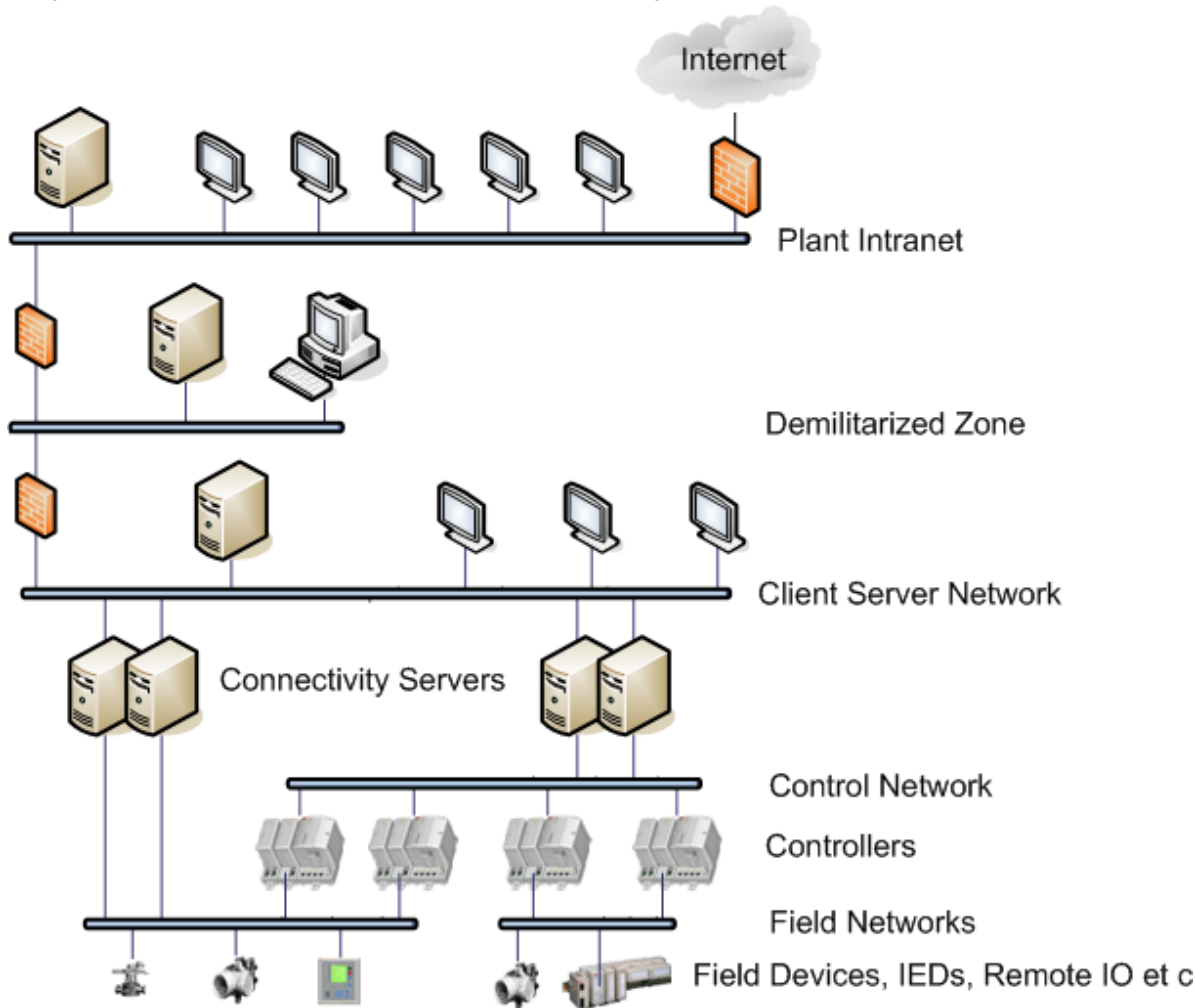
Development



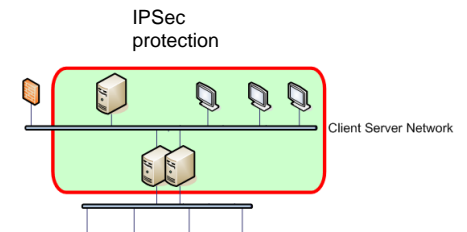
Cyber Security in the Plant Lifecycle

Product to Plant System Design (System 800xA)

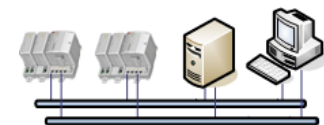
Security Zones: Multiple Network layers



Design & Build

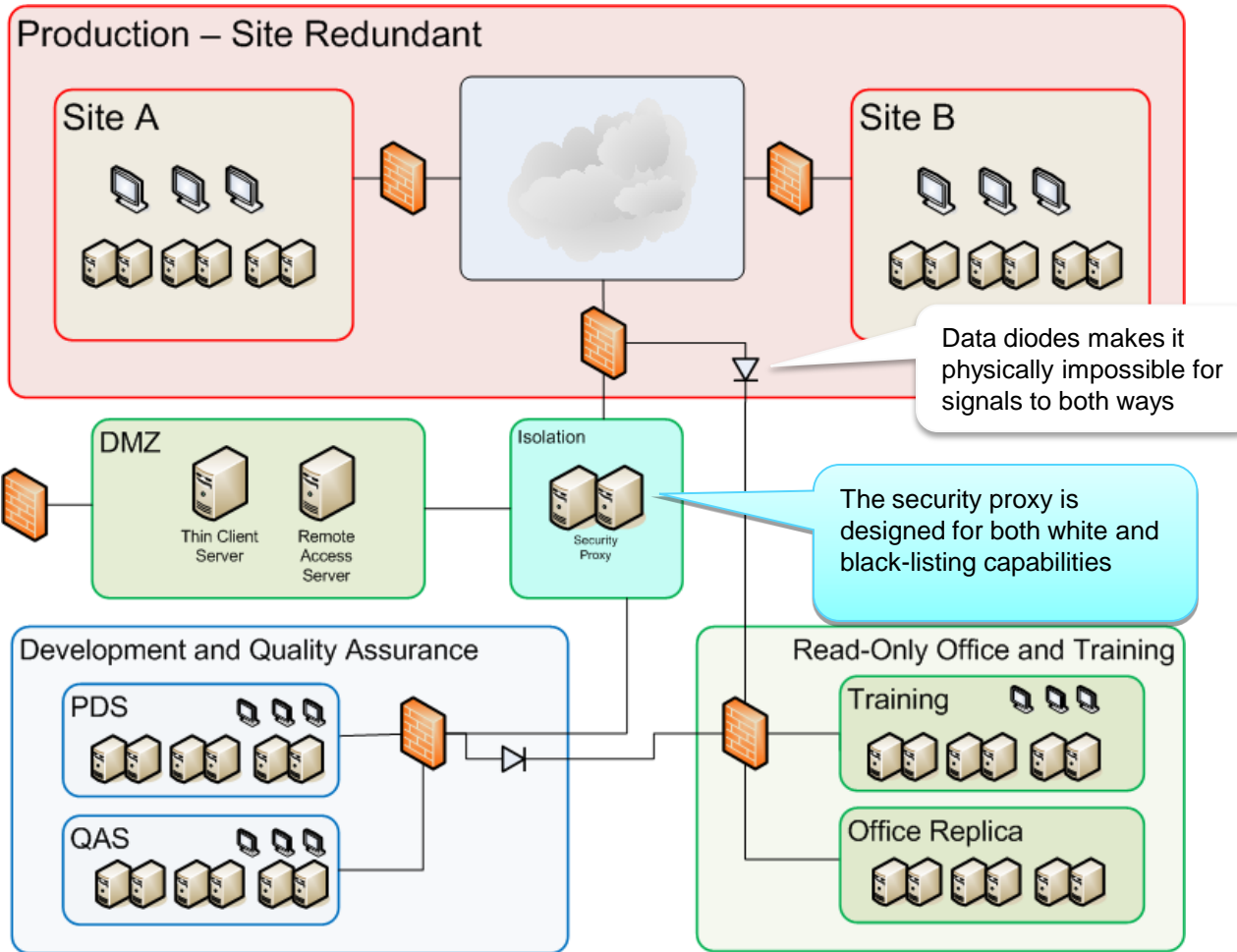
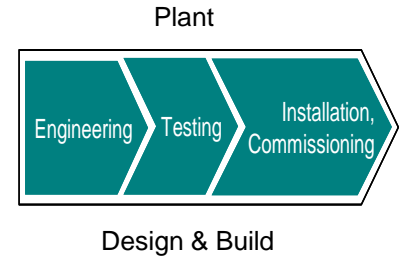


Redundancy with Separated networks



Cyber Security in the Plant Lifecycle

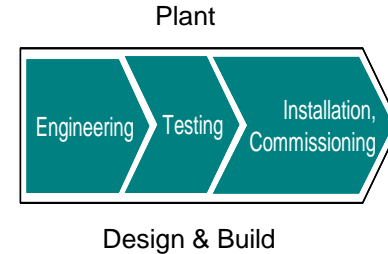
Product to Plant System Design (Network Manager)



Cyber Security in the Plant Lifecycle Installation & Deployment

Installation/Deployment Guidelines to ensure system is properly configured using available security

- Capabilities
- Features
- Support



System 800xA Network Configuration

Section 5 - Network Security

Establish a Network Security Policy	
The Onion Approach	
Firewalls	
Connections to 800xA Systems through Firewalls	
Connect Inside-out Instead of Outside-in	
Network Address Translation in Firewalls	
Single Firewall or a Demilitarized Zone	
Connecting a single Firewall to a Redundant Network	
Using an Extra Network for Remote Access	
Redundant connection to external network	
Virtual Private Networks (VPN) for Secure Connections	

Section 6 - Domain Setup and Name handling

Node name handling and DNS	
Choosing Names for Domains and PCs	
Allocating 800xA Systems to Domains	
Configuring Name Resolution and DNS	
Which Nodes use host names	
Location of Domain Controllers	
Maintaining Redundant Domain Controllers	
DeDiag: Domain Controller Diagnostics	
Backups of Domain Controllers	
Recovering after a Crash of the First Installed Domain Controller	

Cyber Security Installation Guide

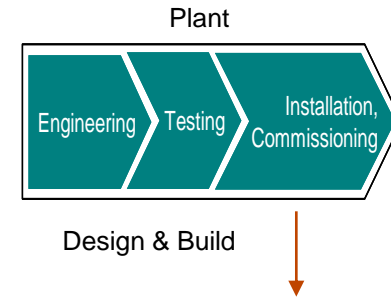
Implementation Manual

2	Prepare and Plan Installation	
2.1	Determine network architecture	
2.2	Typical zones	
2.2.1	The Main Trusted Zone	
2.2.2	The DMZ	
2.3	IP Plan	
2.4	Determine Name Resolution Strategy	
3	Software Preparation	
3.1	Windows Server Version	
3.2	Support Tools	
3.2.1	Active Directory Tools	
3.2.2	SSH Tools	
4	Active Directory	
4.1	First Time Install	
4.1.1	Installation of primary Domain Controller	
4.1.2	Scrubbing the primary Domain Controller	
4.1.3	Installation of secondary Domain Controller	
4.1.3.1	Setup the Act 5	
4.1.3.2	Setup Read-C	
4.2	Install UNIX Ident	
4.3	Install and Config	
4.4	Population of Act	
4.4.1	Install Security Ci	
4.4.2	Run Security Cor	
4.4.3	Completion of the 6	
4.4.3.1	Authentication	
4.4.3.2	Setting Acces	
4.5	Windows Integral 7	
4.5.1	Configure Name	
4.5.2	Install MIT Kerbe	
4.5.3	Configure Kerber	
4.5.4	Increase Ticket L	
4.5.5	Test configuration	
4.6	Increase Ticket L 8	
	Network Partitioning (Zones)	
	Overview	
	SpiConf Considerations	
	Security Configuration Tool Considerations	
	Kerberos Considerations	
	Setting up Trust between Domain Controllers	
	Verify DNS Settings	
	Configure Trust	
	Network Time Configuration	
	Overview	
	Configuration of Windows Time Service (WTS)	
	Base Level Hardening	
	Vulnerability Scanning – Before	
	Hardening of Windows hosts	
	Hardening of Linux hosts	
	Installation of OSSEC	
	Vulnerability Scanning – After	
	Troubleshooting	
	8.1 Configuration Verification Checklist	
	8.2 Problems during installation of Domain Controller and/or roles	
	8.2.1 OS Version not Standard Edition	
	8.2.2 OS Version not R2	
	8.2.3 OS Version not Service Pack 2	
	8.2.4 Other hosts are unable to connect to the Domain Controller	
	8.3 Problems related to UNIX Identity Management integration	
	8.3.1 The getent command does not return expected information	

Cyber Security in the Plant Lifecycle Installation & Deployment

Checklist for Project & Services to ensure Installation is done

- Following Installation/Deployment Guidelines
- Based on Security Policy
- With proper hand-over to Owner-Operator for Secured Operation & Maintenance



2.1 Deployment in Projects & Services

Item #	OK: checked and ok NO: checked and not ok	NA: not applicable Blank not checked	Status	Reference															
1	Process Engineering																		
1.1	Does the customer have a Security Policy document for process control systems, and has this document been reviewed? If yes, can it be used as is or is there a need to make a specific document with exceptions or additions for this project?			<table border="1"> <tr> <td>4</td> <td colspan="3">Testing (FAT/SAT)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.1</td> <td colspan="3">Have you verified that the functions for protection against malicious code (e.g. viruses) work without affecting the system's normal functionality?</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4.2</td> <td colspan="3">Has a complete scan of the system been</td> </tr> </table>	4	Testing (FAT/SAT)			4.1	Have you verified that the functions for protection against malicious code (e.g. viruses) work without affecting the system's normal functionality?			4.2	Has a complete scan of the system been					
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4.1	Have you verified that the functions for protection against malicious code (e.g. viruses) work without affecting the system's normal functionality?																		
4.2	Has a complete scan of the system been																		
1.2	Have all project members been trained in basic IT security as specified by this checklist, or in the Security Policy provided by the customer?			4.2															
1.3	Have you checked for any relevant international process control security standards that need to be complied with in the project? If yes, provide a list of references.			<table border="1"> <tr> <td>5</td> <td colspan="3">Commissioning</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5.1</td> <td colspan="3">Have all mechanisms for automatic update, patching and remote access been reconfigured to use the operations solutions, rather than the engineering solutions?</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5.2</td> <td colspan="3">Are there any temporary solutions that has been</td> </tr> </table>	5	Commissioning			5.1	Have all mechanisms for automatic update, patching and remote access been reconfigured to use the operations solutions, rather than the engineering solutions?			5.2	Are there any temporary solutions that has been					
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5.2	Are there any temporary solutions that has been																		
1.4	Has a security risk assessment been carried out and a mitigation plan been made?			5.2															
2	Detailed Engineering																		
2.1	Is security addressed & described in a design specification document? If yes, provide a reference to the document(s).			<table border="1"> <tr> <td>6</td> <td colspan="3">Customer Handover</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6.1</td> <td colspan="3">Have you identified an ABB security contact to interact with the customer on IT security issues and providing the customer with: - timely information about cyber security vulnerabilities - timely support and advice to the customer in the event of cyber security incidents If yes, please provide the contact information for reference</td> </tr> </table>	6	Customer Handover			6.1	Have you identified an ABB security contact to interact with the customer on IT security issues and providing the customer with: - timely information about cyber security vulnerabilities - timely support and advice to the customer in the event of cyber security incidents If yes, please provide the contact information for reference									
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2.2	Is all communication between different systems, devices and domains well defined? Are there security perimeter protection devices (e.g. firewalls) in place to segregate the systems and control the communication?																		
2.3	Have common mechanisms for clock																		
3	Build																		
3.1	Has anti-virus software been installed and configured according to the guidelines from the system manufacturer? Is there a strategy for handling updates of this system?			<table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="3">Confirmation:</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Date</td> <td>:</td> <td>:</td> </tr> <tr> <td><ABB></td> <td><Customer></td> <td><Other supplier></td> </tr> <tr> <td>Signature</td> <td>Signature</td> <td>Signature</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Printed name</td> <td>Printed name</td> <td>Printed name</td> </tr> </table>	Confirmation:			Date	:	:	<ABB>	<Customer>	<Other supplier>	Signature	Signature	Signature	Printed name	Printed name	Printed name
Confirmation:																			
Date	:	:																	
<ABB>	<Customer>	<Other supplier>																	
Signature	Signature	Signature																	
Printed name	Printed name	Printed name																	
3.2	Has a patch management system been installed																		

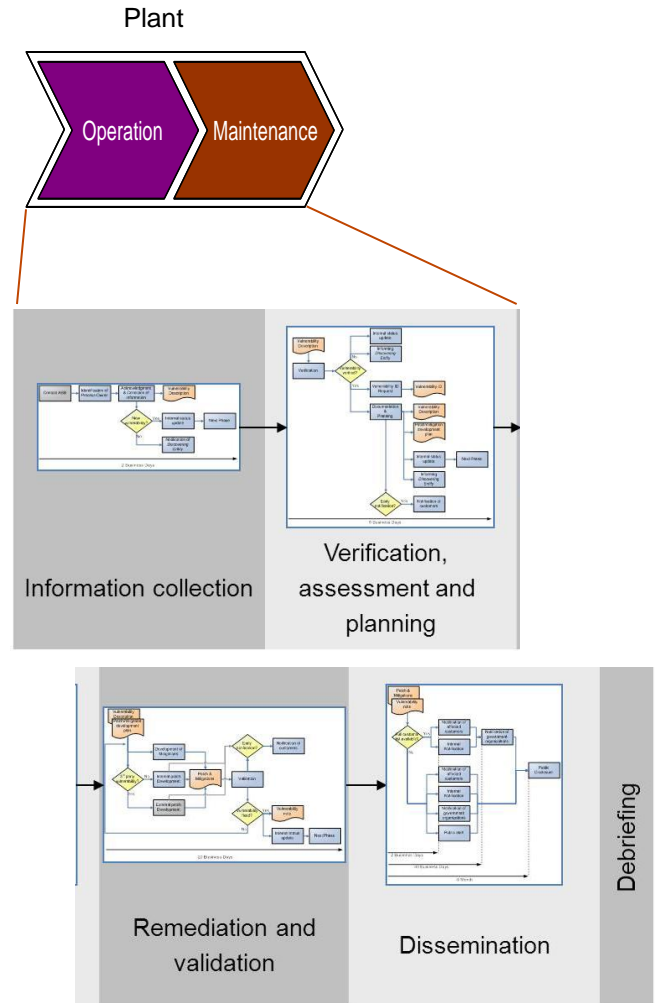
Cyber Security in the Plant Lifecycle

Vulnerability/Incident Response

Provide Response & Mitigation measures to customers/discovering entities with

- Plan for analysis, validation and mitigation measures for the vulnerability
- Security advisory (general and/or product/service specific)
- Product/service bulletin/alert/update
- Security validation status of products/services with respect to related 3rd party system/software
- Security update on specific customer/use-case
- Update of ABB product/service with fixes/mitigation measures
- Final closure of the vulnerability case

ABB has an Emergency Response team with all necessary skills and authorities to respond to any critical Cyber Security vulnerability or incident and to provide faster mitigation measures.



Cyber Security in the Plant Lifecycle

Enhancing/Maintaining Security

Diagnose (Fingerprints)

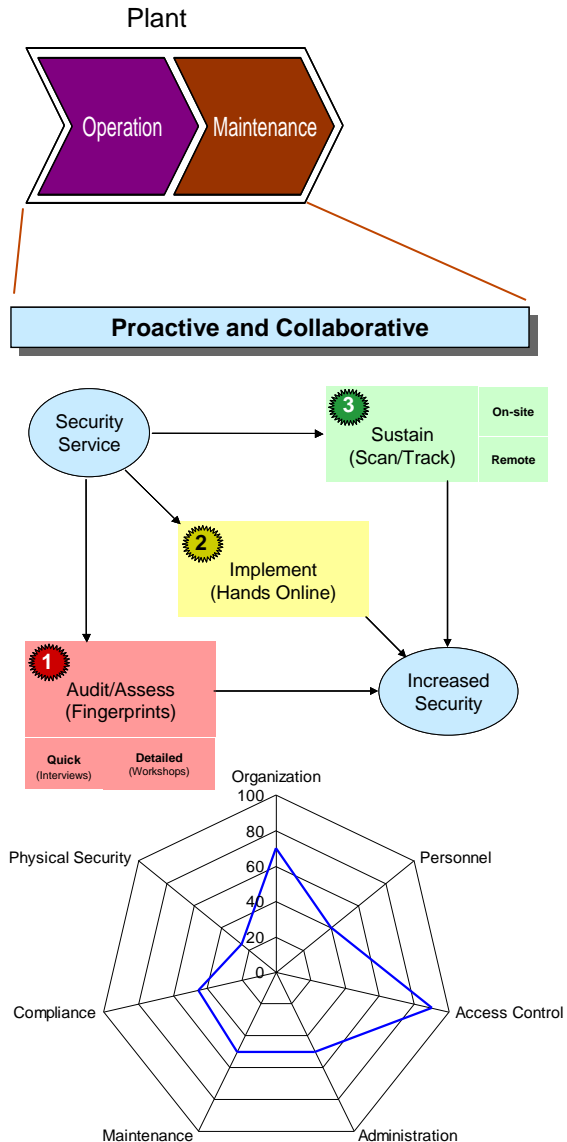
- Benchmark policy: define gap
- Forecast compliance
- Define action plan

Implement

- Apply action plan: fix gap
- Define monitor plan

Sustain (Scan/Track)

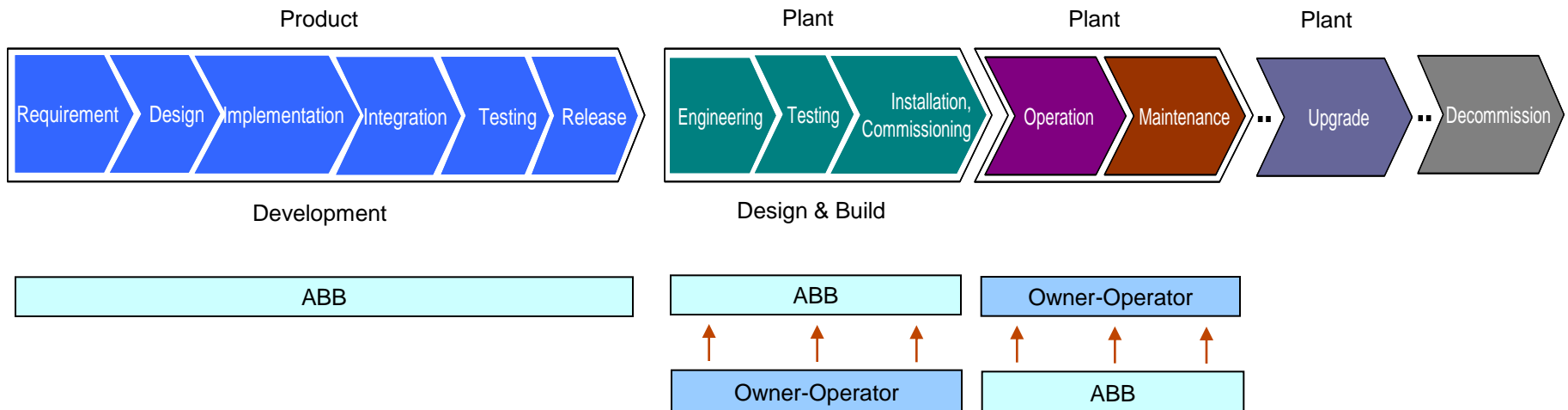
- Maintain compliance: keep fixed
- Proactive improvements
- Define vulnerability triggers
- Vulnerability-triggered improvements



Cyber Security in the System Lifecycle

ABB's Commitment

- As technology leader, ABB fully understands the importance of and its role in Cyber Security for industrial control systems.
- ABB is actively anticipating the security challenges imposed by the changing landscape of the markets.
- ABB is constantly adapting its systems to the latest developments in security and is engaging with external partners for security testing and consulting.
- ABB has been involved in cyber security for control systems for over a decade - long before the hype.



Reminders

Automation & Power World 2011

- Please be sure to complete the workshop evaluation
- Professional Development Hours (PDHs) and Continuing Education Credits (CEUs):
 - You will receive a link via e-mail to print certificates for all the workshops you have attended during Automation & Power World 2011.
 - **BE SURE YOU HAVE YOUR BADGE SCANNED** for each workshop you attend. If you do not have your badge scanned you will not be able to obtain PDHs or CEUs.

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