Operating manual Machine Tending PowerPac

RobotStudio 5.10

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Revision: E

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Overview

About this manual

This manual is to be used when working with Machine Tending PowerPac.

Who should read this manual?

Machine Tending PowerPac can be set up with different user levels:

- Sales engineers can use this tool for demonstrating robot cell to customers.
- Project engineers can use this tool to minimize project risks by being able to select the optimum equipment and layout for an installation.
- RobotStudio experts can use both the Machine Tending PowerPac and RobotStudio base function for detailed engineering solutions.

Organization of chapters

Chapter	Contents
1.	Describes the key features and installation of Machine Tending PowerPac.
2.	Describes how to work with Machine Tending PowerPac.

References

Reference	Document Id
Operating manual - RobotStudio	3HAC028932-001

Revisions

Revision	Description
Е	New section Exporting and Importing Templates added.

1.1. Overview of Machine Tending PowerPac

1 Introduction

1.1. Overview of Machine Tending PowerPac

Machine Tending PowerPac

Machine Tending PowerPac is simulation software that demonstrates the ability of ABB robots in machine tending applications. The Machine Tending PowerPac:

- Provides a five step wizard to create a work cell.
- Gives an estimation of the cycle time (both robot cycle and machine cycle) through the statistics function.
- Provides the cell layout and footprint after the first simulation.
- Identifies any post-processes that a robot can conduct while the machine is moulding a part.

RobotStudio

RobotStudio is the programming and simulation software, which enables the users to perform tasks such as training programming and configuration offline - without disturbing production. Machine Tending PowerPac is an add-in to RobotStudio. It is fully integrated with RobotStudio. A user can use RobotStudio base functions together with Machine Tending PowerPac.

Refer to Operating manual - RobotStudio.

Key features

Machine Tending PowerPac provides the following key features:

Key Features	Description	Described in section
Cell Wizard	To create a three dimensional (3D) robot cell for simulation.	Cell Wizard on page 23.
Scenario based programming	 To edit robot program in the process level rather than in the instruction level. Each station has one or more scenarios that represent how a robot can tend a station in different ways. Each scenario has several actions that can be edited. 	Editing stations on page 35.
Cell simulation	 To simulate states and behaviors of stations, including the robot in the cell: Simulate different actions of a station within a cycle, Simulate a machine cycle, Simulate interactive logic between robot and other stations. 	Editing tools on page 42. Editing stations on page 35. Defining a cycle on page 47.
Parametric station, tool and part	To modify the size of a station, tool, part, or auxiliary devices. It provides a convenient method to switch the tool to be used, and the part to be tended in the current station/cycle.	Customizing Cell Components on page 58. Editing tools on page 42. Defining a cycle on page 47.
Statistics information	 To get information on: Detailed statistics in the station/path level. Both machine cycle and robot cycle and how they are synchronized. Identifying the bottlenecks that influence the cycle time. 	Statistics Information on page 53.

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1.1. Overview of Machine Tending PowerPac

Continued

Key Features	Description	Described in section
Auto-place cell components	To automatically place the cell components for reachability and to prevent collision: • Auto-placing all cell components while creating a 3D cell using the wizard, • Auto-placing a single station, • Changing robot - machine tending position to auto-place the complete cell.	Auto-placing Cell Components on page 49.
Customization library for stations, tools and parts	 To create a station, tool, or part as the library template for Machine Tending PowerPac: Station: to define a station with a SAT model, several paths and one or more tool methods. Tool: to define a tool with a SAT model, customized TCP, or even the full set of the tool data. Part: to define a part with a SAT model. 	Customizing Cell Components on page 58.

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1.2. Installing Machine Tending PowerPac

Overview

This section describes the installation process.

Prerequisites

To start the installation process, the following must be available:

- A computer that fulfils or exceeds the system requirements.
- A log in account with administrator rights on the computer.
- RobotStudio installed on the computer.
- Machine Tending PowerPac installation package.

System requirements

To work with Machine Tending PowerPac, the following are required:

Recommended hardware

- CPU: 2.0 GHz Intel Pentium 4 or faster processor
- Memory: 1 GB RAM or more
- Available disk space: 5+ GB on the system disk, 250+ MB on the installation disk
- Graphics card: High performance OpenGL-compatible graphics card with the corresponding up-to-date drivers installed
- Screen resolution: 1280 x 1024 pixels (Recommended)
- Colors: 256 or higher
- DPI: Normal size (96 dpi)
- Mouse: Three button mouse

Software requirements

- Microsoft Windows XP Professional with Service Pack 2, or
- Microsoft Windows Vista Business or higher



NOTE!

Firewall for Windows XP SP2 may block a few features necessary to run RobotStudio and RobotStudio Online properly. Make sure to unblock these features when required (Industrial Robot Discovery Server, RobotStudio StudioAppFramework module, Virtual Robot

1.2. Installing Machine Tending PowerPac

Continued

Controller (all published by ABB)). The block status of some programs can be viewed and changed through **Start** > **Settings** > **Control Panel** > **Windows Security Center** > **Windows Firewall** in the PC. For details, refer to www.microsoft.com.



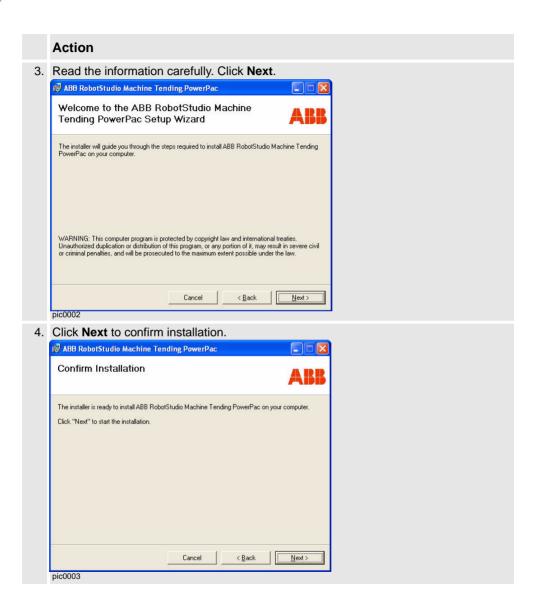
NOTE!

Windows service-packs can be downloaded from www.microsoft.com.

Installing the Machine Tending PowerPac

Action 1. Browse to the Machine Tending PowerPac installation package and double-click the setup.exe file. Installation wizard is displayed. 2. Click Next to continue installation. Welcome to Welcome to Installation Inst

Continued



1.2. Installing Machine Tending PowerPac

Continued



1 Introduction

1.2. Installing Machine Tending PowerPac

2 Working with the Machine Tending PowerPac

2.1. Getting started

Launching Machine Tending PowerPac

In RobotStudio there are two ways to launch the Machine Tending PowerPac:

- Create a new station then launch the Machine Tending PowerPac by choosing
 Machine Tending -> Launch Machine Tending from the RobotStudio menu bar.
- Open a saved station to automatically launch the Machine Tending PowerPac.

Creating a new station

	Action				Information
1.	In the we		of RobotStudio	o, click Create a	The New Station dialog box opens.
2.	 With Template system: select a system template from the library and then specify the name of the new system and the location where the new system need to be stored. With Existing System: click the Existing System icon -> select a system pool -> select a system from the System Found list box -> select the Cold Start check box. 		Creating a new station is the basic function of RobotStudio. For details, refer to <i>Operating manual - RobotStudio</i> . Note! Machine Tending PowerPac can not be launched with an empty station.		
3.	Click OK .			The selected robot system will be launched.	
4.	Machine Mach Ieli L 40 H	nenu bar, sele e Tending. nine Tending Launch Machin Help About	M <u>u</u> ltiMove]	Inding > Launch	Machine Tending PowerPac will be launched. The toolbar collection and the tab page collection will be displayed after Machine Tending PowerPac is launched. For details, refer to <i>User interface on page 19</i> .

2.1. Getting started

Continued

Opening a saved station

	Action	Information
1.	In the welcome page of RobotStudio, click Browse Your Stations to Open .	
2.	Browse and select a *.rsstn station file created from the Machine Tending PowerPac.	
3.	Click Open .	While loading a saved station, a dialog box appears. It provides an option to update the baseframe definition if a base was added to the used robot system.
4.	Click No . Otherwise the robot in the cell will be placed in the origin of worldframe.	The selected station is loaded. Machine Tending PowerPac
	ABB RobotStudio IRB2400_10_15001_2: The Baseframe definition is not the same as in the Virtual Controller. Do you want to update it to be in accordance with the Virtual Controller? Do not ask again for this mechanism Yes No pic21-03	will automatically launch if the station was saved from Machine Tending PowerPac.

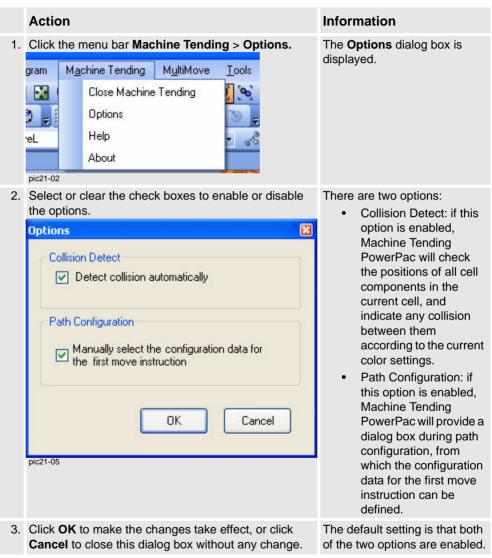
Closing Machine Tending PowerPac

Actio	on	Information
	the menu bar Machine Tending > Clos ine Tending.	Machine Tending PowerPac will be closed.
gram	Machine Tending MultiMove Iools Close Machine Tending Options Help About	Note! The changes that are made after closing Machine Tending PowerPac can not be recognized in the Machine Tending PowerPac environment.
pic21-02		

2.1. Getting started

Continued

Selecting Options



2.1. Getting started

Continued



NOTE!

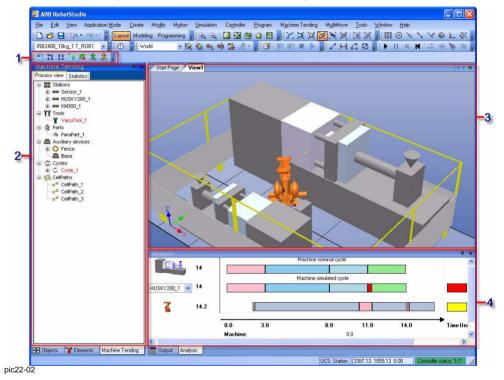
In RobotStudio, the station means the entire work cell including all required equipment. But in Machine Tending PowerPac, the concept of station is defined according to the application. A station includes:

- A geometrical model,
- A work object attached to the geometrical model,
- Two or more robot targets based on the station work object,
- Two or more paths defines the robot motion when robot tends the station,
- One or more tool actions defines the tool method optional,
- One or more I/O signal actions defines the station logic optional.

2.2. User interface

Overview

The Machine Tending PowerPac contains four different parts.



	Part	Description
1	Machine Tending PowerPac toolbar	Provides shortcut to wizard, path auto- configuration, synchronization, automatic cell placement, customization, and templates importing and exporting. <i>Toolbar of Machine Tending PowerPac on page</i> 20.

2 Working with the Machine Tending PowerPac

2.2. User interface

Continued

	Part	Description
2.	Machine Tending tab collection	 There are two tabs: Process view: used to access most of the functions of Machine Tending PowerPac. Refer to <i>Process view on page 29</i>. Statistics: used to view statistics, and launch run time information analysis during simulation. Refer to <i>Statistics Information on page 53</i>.
3.	3D graphical view	To view 3D robot cell and simulation.
4.	Analysis window	To display the runtime information for both machine cycles and robot cycles, and identify the bottlenecks of the production cycle. Refer to <i>Viewing the information in the analysis window on page 54.</i>

Toolbar of Machine Tending PowerPac

When launching the Machine Tending PowerPac, an exclusive toolbar for the Machine Tending PowerPac appears.

Button	Description
Launch Wizard	Launches the work cell setup wizard.
Configure the Path and Synchronize with Virtual Controller	Performs an automatic path configuration for all move instructions according to the active cycle settings, and synchronize the current cell settings to the virtual controller to generate RAPID program for simulation. Furthermore performs simulation set up automatically.
Synchronize with Virtual Controller	Synchronizes the current cell setting to the virtual controller to generate RAPID program for simulation, and performs simulation set up automatically.

2.2. User interface

Continued

Button	Description
Auto-place Cell Component	 Auto-place cell components so that there is no collision between cell components and all targets are reachable: Auto-placing all cell components while creating a 3D cell using the wizard. Auto-placing a single station. Changing the robot position with respect to the machine position type and hence auto placing whole cell.
Customize Cell Components	Launches the customize object wizard to create a station, tool or part as the library item for Machine Tending PowerPac.
Export Template pic2210	 Exports templates to cab files to: backup the customized templates. share the customized templates with other Machine Tending PowerPac users. For details, refer to Exporting and Importing Templates on page 65.
Import Template	Imports cab files that were exported using Machine Tending PowerPac before. For details, refer to Exporting and Importing Templates on page 65.

Operating the Graphics view with the mouse

The Graphics window is RobotStudio base environment. For details, refer to *Operating manual - RobotStudio*.

Select

Place the mouse pointer above the Graphics window and click to select objects.



2.2. User interface

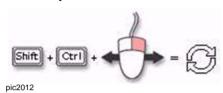
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Rotate

Use these buttons to rotate the station around the current view center.

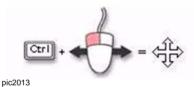
Using a 3-button mouse: Click and hold down the middle and the right mouse button.

Using a 2-button mouse: Click and hold down the right mouse button and the CTRL and SHIFT keys.



Pan

Drag to pan the view. Hold down left mouse button and the CTRL key.



Zoom

Drag to the left to zoom out, drag to the right to zoom in.

Using a 3-button mouse: Click and hold down the middle mouse button.

Using a 2-button mouse: Click and hold down the right mouse button and the CTRL key.



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2.3 Cell Wizard

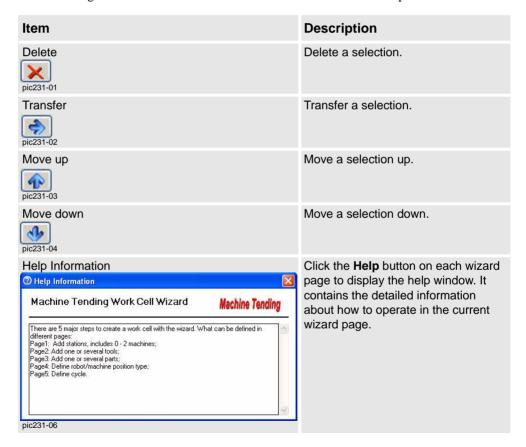
2.3.1. The Cell Wizard interface

Overview

The Cell Wizard guides the user to create a machine tending robot cell.

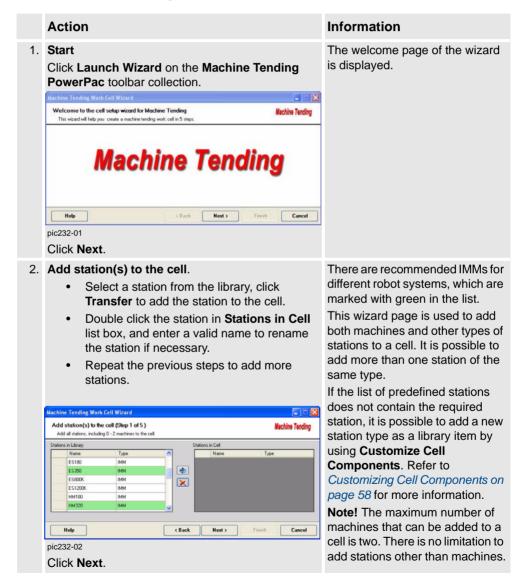
Cell Wizard items

The following buttons are used in the cell wizard and referred to in the procedures.

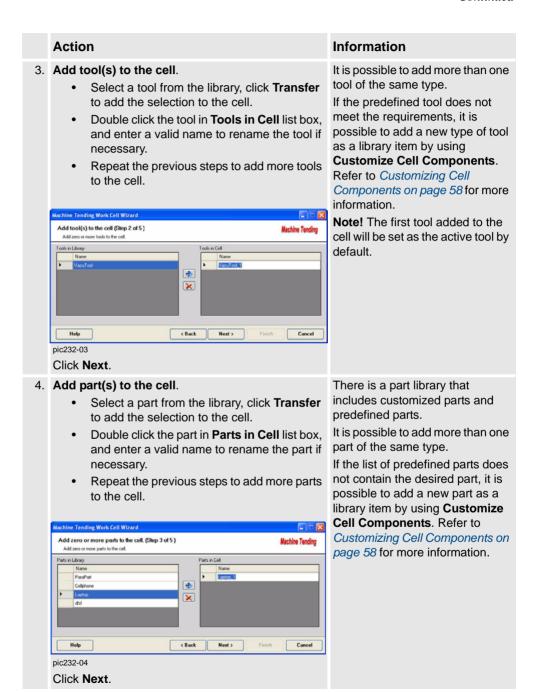


Creating a cell

The Cell Wizard has five steps. The table below describes the wizard.



Continued



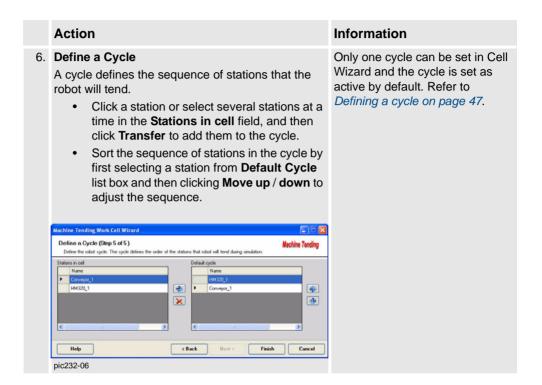
Continued

Action Information 5. Define Cell Placement. There can be different situations. If there is: Click Robot/Machine Position Type list to choose a robot position type relative to the no machine in the cell. machine. there is no need to consider robot position All the stations in cell are listed in the relative to IMM, Stations in Cell table. one machine in the cell. Select the Add fence and/or Add Robot there are three different base check box (s) to add a fence and/or a ways to position the robot, robot base to the cell. Front of Machine, Back of Machine (default), On top ine Tending Work Cell Wizard of Machine. Define Cell Placement (Step 4 of 5) Machine Tendino two machines in the cell, Robot/Machine Position Type only one robot position Back of Machine type is available. An image will show what the robot position type looks like. Add Robot Rase Help ← Back Next > Cancel Other stations will automatically pic232-05 be placed relative to the robot so Click Next. that they are reachable and there will not be any collisions.

2 Working with the Machine Tending PowerPac

2.3.2. Creating a cell with the Cell Wizard

Continued



Continued

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- 7. Click Finish, the Machine Tending PowerPac will:
 - add stations with default geometrical parameters, targets and paths to the 3D cell,
 - add tools to the 3D cell. If there are more than one tool in the cell, the active tool will be attached to the robot, the others will be placed next to the cell,
 - · add parts to the 3D cell,
 - position all the stations including the machine(s) in the cell for reachability and to prevent collision.

After that, a message box appears asking "Do you want to do automatic path configuration and then synchronize with Virtual Controller?".

Click Yes, the Machine Tending PowerPac will:

- Configure paths.
- Synchronize all the settings to virtual controller.

Click **No**, it will take a few seconds to build the 3D cell. The path configuration and synchronization can be executed with the Machine Tending PowerPac toolbar collection.

Information

It is possible to edit the cell from the Process View, refer to section *Process view on page 29.*

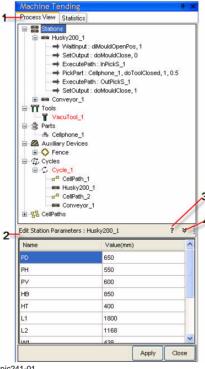
After the cell is created, simulation can be ran after necessary operations, refer to *Running a Simulation on page 51*.

2.4 Process view

2.4.1. Overview

Overview

When Machine Tending PowerPac is launched, the Machine Tending window displays two different tabs for Process View and Statistics.



pic241-01

Description Item

- 1. Tabs in Machine Tending:
 - Process view: to edit stations, tools, parts, cell paths, auxiliary devices and cycles.
 - Statistics: to view statistics information during simulation. Refer to Statistics Information on page 53.

2 Working with the Machine Tending PowerPac

2.4.1. Overview

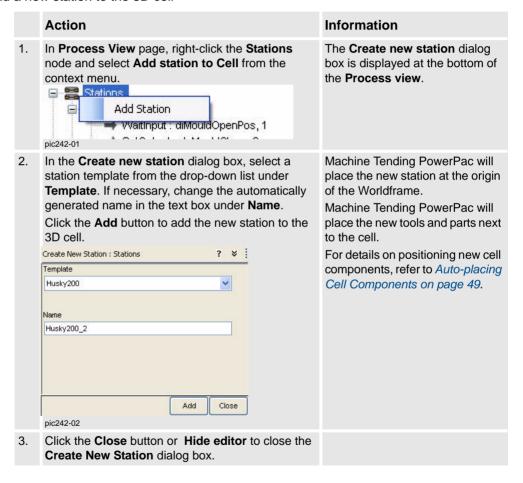
Continued

Item	Description
2.	Editing window: to modify the cell components based on the selection from the browser.
3.	Information: click this button to show help information.
4.	Hide editor: click this button to close the editing window.

Procedures

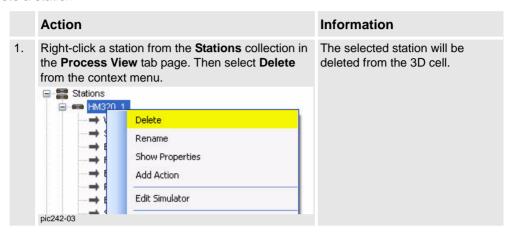
This section describes the general operations available in the **Process view** tab page.

How to add a new station to the 3D cell

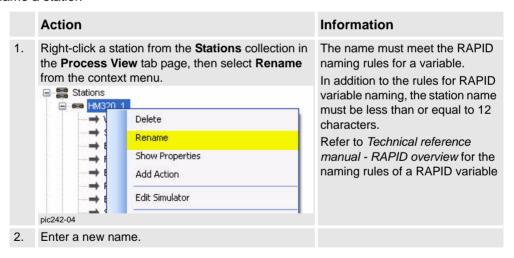


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How to delete a station

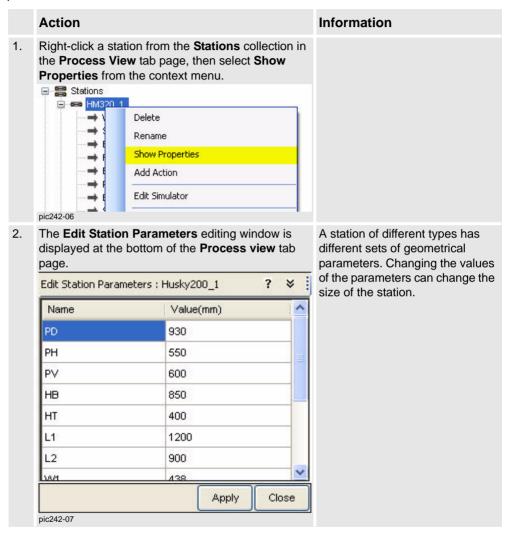


How to rename a station



Continued

How to edit parameters



Continued

Action Information Click the "?" in the upper right corner of the Edit An image is displayed in a pop-up window to illustrate the meanings station Parameter dialog box. of different parameters. ₩ Husky200_1 If there is no description for the selected item, no information available message is displayed. Click **OK** to close this box. pic242-08 4. Click the Value (mm) text box to change one or An invalid input is not accepted. more parameters, click the Apply button. Click the Close button or Hide Editor button to 5. When the editor is closed, the close the editor. pop-up window will automatically be closed.

2.4.3. Editing stations

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Procedures

This section describes the procedures of editing stations.

How to add, delete, rename, and show properties of a station

For details, refer to Editing cell components on page 31.

2.4.3. Editing stations

Continued

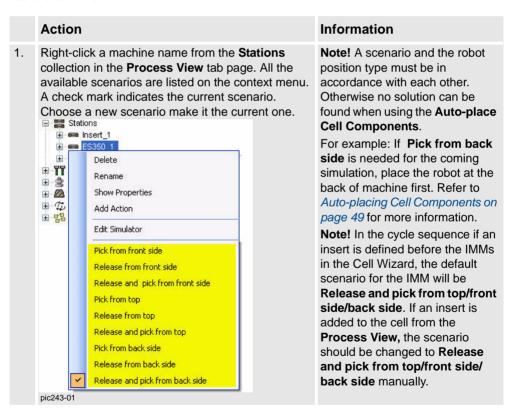
How to switch scenarios (Only for machine types)

A scenario represents how a robot tends a station. Several scenarios can be defined for a machine station to show how a robot can tend a station in different ways.

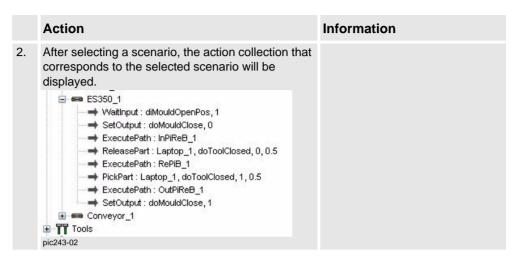
A scenario consists of several actions that are used to define the robot motion, tool method and I/O logics.

When a station has more than one scenario, it is possible to switch from one scenario to another. But only one scenario can be used for a station at a time. The chosen scenario can be customized by editing the variables of the associated actions.

Note! In this version, only a machines have several scenarios. A station of other types only has one scenario.



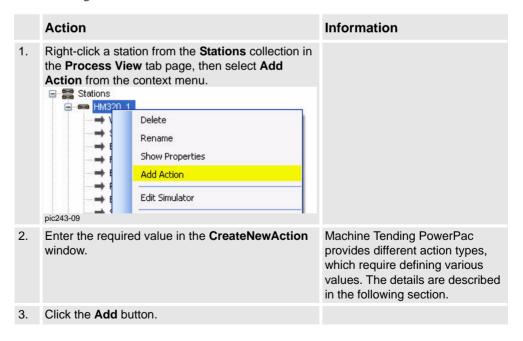
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How to edit an action

The action collection defines how a robot will tend a station with respect to robot motion, tool method and I/O logics.

The following table describes how to add a new action to the current scenario:



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2 Working with the Machine Tending PowerPac

2.4.3. Editing stations

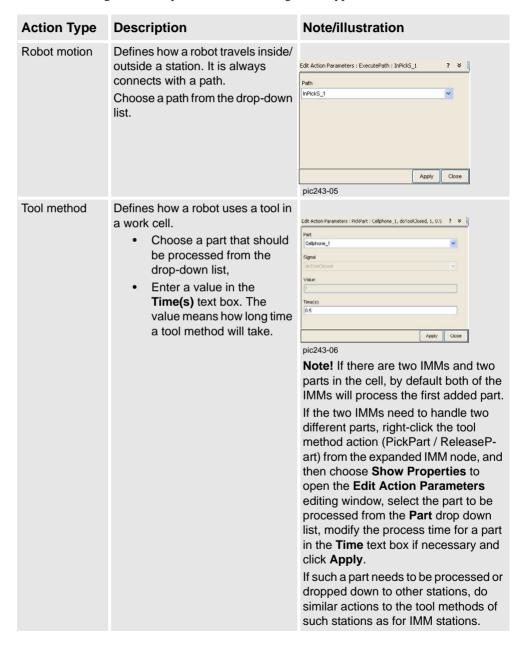
Continued

The following table describes how to edit an existing action in the current scenario:

	Action	Information
1.	Right-click an action item, select the Show Properties .	The action editor is displayed at the bottom of Process view tab page.
2.	Enter the required value, click the Apply button.	

Continued

Machine Tending PowerPac provides the following action types:



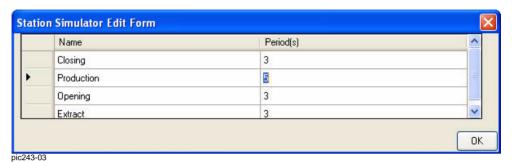
Continued

Action Type	Description	Note/illustration
Logics for station tending	Defines the application related logical conditions between a robot and a workstation.	Edit Action Parameters : WaltInput : diMouldOpenPos, 1 ? Signal [diMouldOpenPos Value 1 Apply Close pic243-07
Wait time	Defines how long time the robot will wait for before tending the station. • Enter the time in the Time text box.	S_CreateNewAction: HM320_1 ? \$:: Type WatTine Time 2 Add Close pic243-08

Note! In this version it is not possible to edit signals in the Machine Tending PowerPac.

Continued

How to edit the simulator (Only for machine types)



	Action	Information
1.	Right-click a machine from the Station collection and select Edit Simulator from the context menu.	The Station Simulator Edit Form is displayed.
2.	Double-click the value in the Period text box and enter a new value. Click OK .	Closing is the time required by the mould to close completely. Production is the time used for moulding the parts.
		Opening is the time required by the mould to open after completing the production process.
		Extract is the time from when the robot starts going into the machine, until the robot comes out of the machine.

2.4.4. Editing tools

Procedure

This section describes how to edit tools.

How to add, delete, rename, and show properties of a tool

For details, refer to *Editing cell components on page 31*.

How to set an active tool

Information Action Right-click a tool from the **Tool** collection and select The active tool will be used during Set Active from the context menu. simulation. Once a tool is set as ■ TT Tools active, the existing active tool will be demounted from the robot, and the new tool will be mounted. The Delete TCP of the new tool will be used ± 🕗 Rename for all move instructions. H 7 H % **Show Properties** Note! There should be only one active tool in one cycle. Set Active pic244-01 The tool name will be displayed in red color and the Note! Only the tool that is set as tool is set to active state. active can be used in the simulation.

2.4.5. Editing parts

Procedure

This section describes how to edit parts.

How to delete, rename, and show properties of a part

For details, refer to *Editing cell components on page 31*.

How to add a part

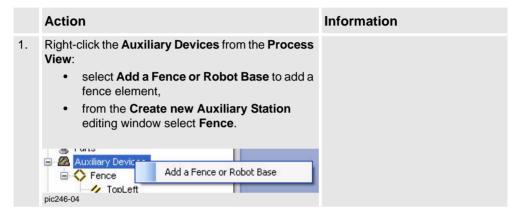
Information Action Right-click the Parts collection. Parts + 2 Add part from library Add part from RS pic245-03 2. Select Add part from library to launch the Create Note! Only when using Add part new part dialog box. from RS, the part that is imported using RobotStudio basic function Select a part from the drop-down list under can be used in Machine Tending **Template** in the dialog box. PowerPac. If necessary, change the automatically Refer to Operating manual generated name in the text box under Name. RobotStudio for how to import Click the Add button to add the new part to parts with RobotStudio. the 3D cell. Or select Add part from RS, a part that is imported Machine Tending PowerPac will using RobotStudio basic function will be added to place the new parts next to the the current cell. cell.

2.4.6. Editing auxiliary devices

Procedure

This section describes how to edit auxiliary devices.

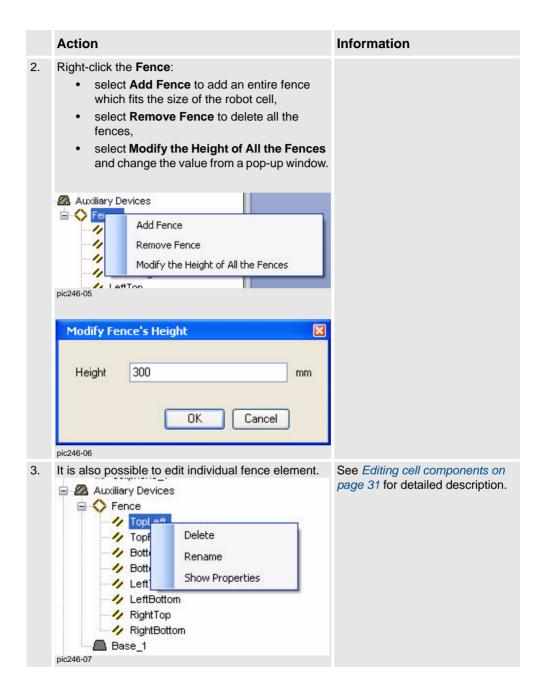
How to edit fences



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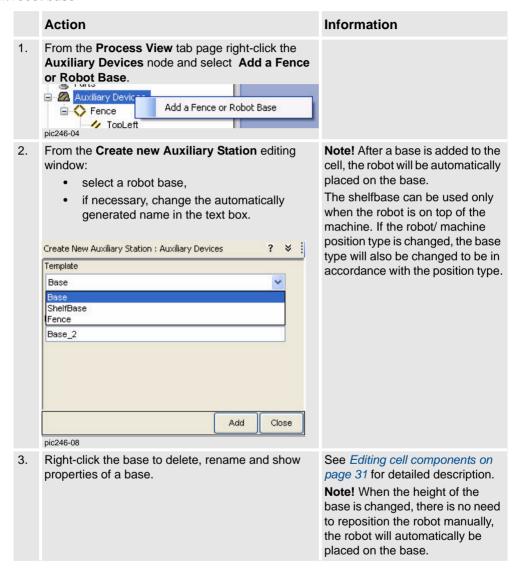
2.4.6. Editing auxiliary devices

Continued



Continued

How to edit robot base



2.4.7. Defining a cycle

Procedure

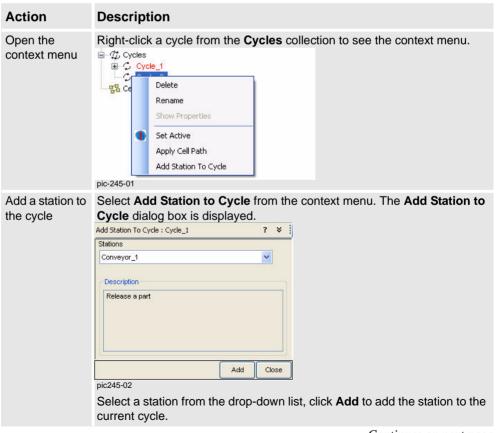
A cycle includes a list of stations which defines how a robot sequentially visits these stations. Several cycles can be defined, but only one cycle can be executed during simulation. This one is called the active cycle. Refer to *Creating a cell with the Cell Wizard on page 24*.

It is possible to edit the current cycle, or add a new cycle from the **Process View**. The sections below describe how to define cycles from the **Process View**.

How to add, delete, and rename a cycle

For details, refer to *Editing cell components on page 31*.

How to define a cycle



Continued

Action	Description
Remove a station from the cycle	Right-click a station name from the current cycle collection, click Delete from the context menu.
Sort sequence	Drag the station up/down to sort the sequence of stations in the cycle.
Add cell path	A cell path is the path from one station to the next station according to the cycle.
	Right-click the cycle and select Apply Cell Path to create cell paths between every two stations according to the station sequence in the cycle settings. The cell paths will be displayed both in the cycle and the cell path collections.
	Note! Once a cycle is changed, the cell path previously created can not work properly. In such cases, it is necessary to apply the cell path for the second time to ensure correct robot motions.
Delete a cell path from a cycle	Right-click a cell path from the cycle and select Delete . The cell path still exists in the cell path collection, but will not be executed in this cycle.
Delete a cell path from cell path collection	Right-click a cell path from the cell path collection and select Delete . The cell path will automatically be removed from the cycle that uses this cell path.

How to set a cycle as active

Active cycle is the cycle to be executed during simulation. Only one cycle can be active at a time.

Right-click a cycle from the **Cycle** collection and select **Set Active**. The selected cycle is set as the active cycle and the cycle name is displayed in red color.

Note! By default, the cycle defined from the cell wizard is set as the active cycle.

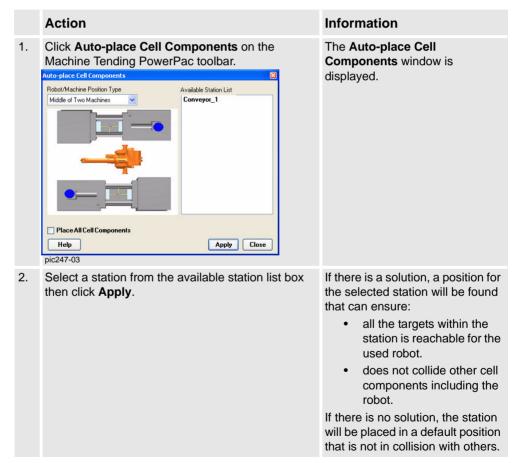
2.4.8. Auto-placing Cell Components

2.4.8. Auto-placing Cell Components

Auto-place cell components

The Machine Tending PowerPac provides a function called auto-place cell components, which can either position a station, or place all stations, including the machine used in the cell considering collision free environment in the cell and reachability for the robot. This function is available from the Machine Tending PowerPac toolbar collection.

Auto-place one station



Continued

Auto-place all cell components

Action	Description	
Manually select the Place all Cell Components check box	 Click the Auto-place Cell Components on the Machine Tending PowerPac toolbar. The Auto-place Cell Components window is displayed. 	
	Select the Place all Cell Components check box.	
	Click the Apply button to place all stations in the cell. A progress bar will indicate the progress.	
Automatically select Place	The check box will be selected automatically while:	
all Cell Components check box	 changing the robot position type from the Robot/ Machine Position Type drop down list, 	
	 changing the number of the machine used in the cell. 	
	Click Apply to place all the stations in the cell.	

Note! When choosing **Place all Cell Components**, an individual station can not be placed separately.

2.5. Running a Simulation

Running a simulation

Simulates how a robot tends a cell, including states and behaviors of stations. It will:

- Simulates robot motions for the active cycle.
- Simulates different actions of stations within a cycle.
- Simulates interactive logics between the robot and other stations.

For details on editing simulation, refer to *Editing stations on page 35*.

How to start a simulation

Click **Play** from the simulation toolbar collection to run the simulation.

The graphics window will display how the robot tends the cell.

Note! The **Play** button will be enabled only after a successful synchronization to the virtual controller.

Refer to *Toolbar of Machine Tending PowerPac on page 20* for how to configure the path and synchronize with virtual controller.

How to stop a simulation

Click **Stop** any time the simulation should be stopped.

Note! When the simulation ends, click **Jump home** to get the robot its original position from current position.

Viewing run time information

During simulation, view statistics information from the **Statistics** tab page. Refer to *Statistics Information on page 53*.

How to change part handling behavior

It is possible to customize a tool method action when the simulation is stopped. For example, to set which part will be picked/released for a station, or how long time for a pick/release action. For details, refer to *Editing stations on page 35*.

How to edit machine simulator

For a machine, the time for different stages, i.e., time for machine closing, production, opening and allowed time for extraction, can be changed. For details on changing time for machine simulator, refer to *Editing stations on page 35*.

2.5. Running a Simulation

Continued



NOTE!

When RobotStudio reports "Safety guard stop state" in the **Output** window, all the tasks related to the virtual controller can't be implemented. It is recommended that use **System Control Panel** to solve the "Safety guard stop state" problems. For details, refer to *Operating manual - RobotStudio* in *Dialog boxes on the Controller menu/ The System Control Panel: My System dialog box*.

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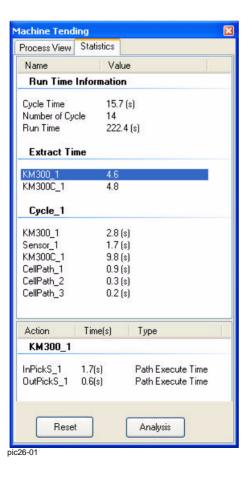
2.6. Statistics Information

Viewing run time information from Statistics tab page

While running a simulation, click the **Statistics** tab in the **Machine Tending** tab page collection to view the runtime statistics information:

Note!

- During simulation, statistics information is updated at the end of each cycle.
- Statistics information will be reset when a new cell is created or the simulation is restarted.



2 Working with the Machine Tending PowerPac

2.6. Statistics Information

Continued

Item	Description
Run Time Information	Provides statistics information for: Cycle time: time for the last cycle. Number of cycles: how many cycles runs from the simulation start. Run time: total simulation time from the simulation start.
Extract Time	Provides statistics information for: • Extract Time of each IMM in the cell. Extract Time is the time from the robot starts going into IMM, until the robot comes out of IMM after necessary processing inside a machine.
Cycle Information	Provides statistics information for: Cycle name: name of the active cycle. Station list: station name and the execute time for each station in the active cycle.
Path information	Click a station name in station list to show the execute time of each path in the selected station. Meaning of each column: Path name. Execute time for the path in the selected station. Description.
Reset and Analysis	 Click Reset to reset all the statistics information. This can be done only when no simulation is running. Click Analysis to display the Analysis window. Refer to Viewing the information in the analysis window on page 54 for more information.

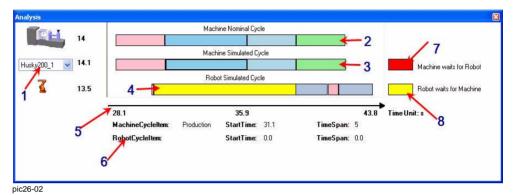
Viewing the information in the analysis window

The analysis window graphically displays:

- Both machine cycles and robot cycles.
- Nominal machine cycles and simulated machine cycles.
- How a robot cycle fits with the simulated machine cycle,
- The bottlenecks in terms of synchronization of machine and robot.

Click Analysis from Statistics tab page to show the analysis window.

Illustration



The table below describes all the items in the analysis window:

Item	Description	Action
1.	Drop down list All the used machines in the active cycle.	if no machine is used, there is nothing to be selected here, if only one machine is used, only this machine can be chosen, if two machines are used, select one from the drop down list, both the machine cycle and robot cycle will be updated to show how the selected machine synchronized with the robot along the time line.
2	Machine Nominal Cycle The time for different stages of a machine cycle specified by the user. Refer to <i>Editing stations</i> on page 35. Different portions of time are marked in different colors.	

Continued

Item	Description	Action
3	Machine Simulated Cycle The actual machine cycle time during simulation.	Click any item in this line, the detailed information about the selected stage will be displayed in the first line in the Description area.
4	Robot Simulated Cycle The actual robot cycle time during simulation. Time for a robot tending different stations, as well as the cell path time between two stations, are marked with different colors. The sequence of stations and cell paths in this line is in accordance with those in the active cycle.	Click any item in this line, the detailed information will be displayed in the second line in the Description area.
5	Time axis Indicates the time of the active cycle, which is updated after each cycle.	
6	Description Detailed information for different portions of a cycle. The first line shows different portions of the simulated machine cycle. The second line shows different portions of the robot cycle. For each portion, it reports the starting time and the duration of the portion.	
7	Machine waits for the Robot (in red) Indicates the time from when the machine is fully opened until the robot is ready to tend the machine.	If there is a red block in Machine Simulated Cycle , it means that the machine waits for the robot. Click the block to show the exact waiting time.
8	Robot waits for the Machine (in yellow) Indicates the time from when the robot is ready to tending the machine until the machine is ready for tending.	If there is a yellow block in Robot Simulated Cycle , it means that the robot waits for the machine. Click the block to show the exact waiting time.

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2.6. Statistics Information

Continued



NOTE!

During simulation, analysis information are updated at the end of each cycle.



NOTE!

All the items on the **Process view** page are unavailable during simulation. To improve the cycle time for machines and robots, stop the simulation first, then do necessary modifications from the **Process view**. The changes will take effect in the next simulation. Refer to *Editing stations on page 35*.

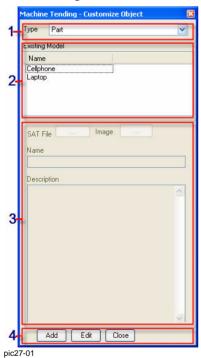
2.7. Customizing Cell Components

Overview

The Machine Tending PowerPac provides a library containing several types of stations, one vacuum tool and several kinds of parts that can be used directly.

In case the library does not contain the required station types, tools or parts, it is possible to create new types of station, tool or part by using **Customize Cell Components** in the Machine Tending PowerPac toolbar collection. The customized items can be saved as a library that a user can use in the coming work.

Note! Once the **Customize Cell Components** window is launched, the current Machine Tending cell must be cleaned up besides the robot system. It is recommended to save the work before starting to use this function.



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2.7. Customizing Cell Components

Continued

Item	Description
1.	 Type drop down list. Click the drop down arrow to show the list, select a type for customization. The Machine Tending PowerPac provides the following types of objects for customization: Station: includes a CAD model, a workobject, paths includes several targets, and scenarios defining how a robot will tend this station. Tool: includes a CAD model and tool data. Part: only includes a CAD model.
2.	Existing Model list box. After selecting an object type, the existing models of the selected type will be listed here.
3.	Customization working area. Available only after the Add or Edit button is clicked. It will appear differently depending upon the object type.
4.	 Buttons. Click Add to create a new model. Select an existing model, from the Existing Model list box and click Edit. Click Close to close the editor without any changes.

Procedures

Follow the procedure below to create a new model:

	Action	Information
1.	Click the Customize Cell Components in the Machine Tending PowerPac toolbar collection to launch the Customize Object window.	
2.	Select a type from the Type drop down list.	
3.	 Click Add to create a new object model. Select an existing model from the Existing Model list box. The corresponding model will be loaded to the 3D view. Then click Edit. 	
4.	The customization working area will be activated after the Add or Edit button is clicked.	How to customize different types of models is described below.

2 Working with the Machine Tending PowerPac

2.7. Customizing Cell Components

Continued

How to create a customized part

The following procedure details how to create a part model.

	Action	Information
1.	Enter a name in the Name text box.	
2.	Click the SAT file button and a file browser will open for selecting a CAD model of SAT format. The CAD model is displayed in the graphics window.	In order to create a customized object, there should be a model in the format of *.sat.
3.	Click the Image button and an file browser will open for selecting an image as the representation of the selected part model.	Adding an image for a model is optional. The supported image formats are displayed in the file selection browser.
4.	Enter description for the new part (optional).	
5.	Click Save to save the part to the library. Click Cancel to ignore all the changes.	

How to create a customized tool

The following procedure details how to create a tool model.

	Action	Information
1	Select tool from the Type drop down list.	
2	Add sat file, picture and description for the new tool; provide a name for the new tool	Refer to How to create a customized part on page 60.

2 Working with the Machine Tending PowerPac

2.7. Customizing Cell Components

Continued

	Action	Information
3.	Edit tool data. If the Only TCP check box is selected, only the TCP data will be displayed in the tool data list box. If this is unchecked, the full set of the tool data can be defined. But there is no validation check for the user input. Specify the values by clicking the text box and entering a new value, or Drag or rotate the indicator ball (the small green ball) in the 3D view to change the TCP value. Repositioning the indicator ball will only influence the TCP value.	The indicator ball (the small green ball) is only for facilitating the define of TCP. It is not a portion of the tool that will be created. When rotating the indicator ball to change the orientation of a TCP, make sure the rotation is based on the Local coordinate system, otherwise the results can be unpredictable.
4.	Click Save to save the customized tool to the library. Click Cancel to ignore all the changes.	

2.7. Customizing Cell Components

Continued

How to create a customized station

The following procedure explains how to create a customized station.



	Action	Information
1.	Select Station from the Type drop down list.	
2.	Enter a name for the new station. Add SAT file, picture, and provide description for the new station.	Refer to How to create a customized part on page 60.

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2 Working with the Machine Tending PowerPac

2.7. Customizing Cell Components

Continued

	Action	Information
3.	After adding the SAT file, a station model with an indicator ball (a small green ball) is displayed in the 3D view.	The indicator ball is only for facilitating manual operation in the 3D view. It is not a portion of the station that will be created. Refer to Operating manual - RobotStudio.
4.	 Edit the path and the targets in the station: Drag the indicator ball to reposition all targets in the station. Use RobotStudio base functions to add new targets. See Operating manual - RobotStudio. Use RobotStudio base functions to add new paths. See Operating manual - RobotStudio. 	The targets added must be based on the work object of the customized station, which is called as "TempWorkObj", and the new paths must be formed only by such targets, otherwise the targets and paths will not be recognized.
5.	After importing a model, the default action for this station will be displayed in the Action list box. This includes two ExecutePath actions that describe how a robot goes in and comes out of the station.	

Continued

	Action	Information
6.	 Edit an action. Double-click an action to show the Customize action editor. Select an action type from the drop down menu. Change the name for the selected action if necessary. Select a path that the robot will perform for this action (Only when the ExecutePath is selected). Click OK. 	The available robot action types are: PickPart: Pick a part. ReleasePart: release a part. ExecutePath: Let robot move along a path.
	Machine Tending - Customize Station	
	Action Type ExecutePath Action Name Inpath execute Path InPath OK Cancel pic27-03 Add a new action to a station.	
7.	Click the Add button to show the customize action editor. Edit the new action. Click OK to add the new action to the list.	
8.	Adjust the sequence of the action in the station by selecting the action and then clicking the move up and move down buttons.	The robot will execute the actions in sequence.
9.	Click Delete to remove the action from the action box.	
10.	Click Save to save the model to the library. Click Cancel to ignore all the changes.	After Save or Cancel is performed, the modified component will be removed from the cell.

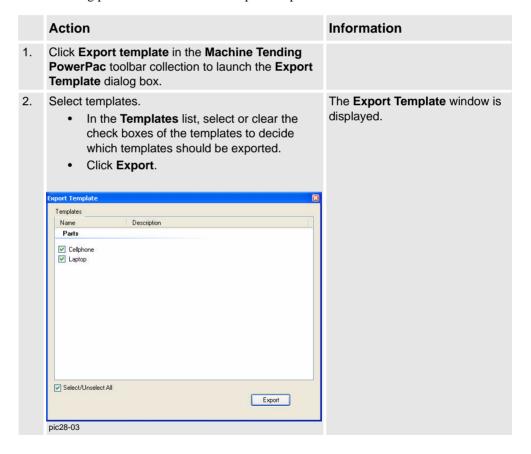
2.8. Exporting and Importing Templates

Overview

The Machine Tending PowerPac provides a library containing several types of templates that can be used directly. And it is also possible to share customized stations, tools and parts between different users by exporting and importing templates.

Exporting templates

The following procedure details how to export templates.



2.8. Exporting and Importing Templates

Continued

	Action	Information
3.	 Save the templates as a cab file. Specify the location in Save in. Enter a name for the cab file in the File name text box. Click Save. All the selected templates will be saved in a cab file at the specified location.	

Importing templates to Machine Tending PowerPac

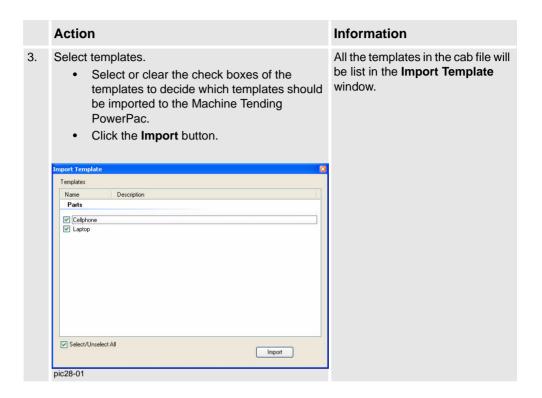
The following procedure details how to import templates.

	Action	Information
1.	Click Import template in the Machine Tending PowerPac toolbar collection to launch the Import Template window.	
2.	 Select a cab file. In Look in, browse to the location where the cab have been stored. Select a desired cab file. Click the Open button. The Import Template window is displayed. 	Note! Only the cab files that are exported by Machine Tending PowerPac can be imported.

2 Working with the Machine Tending PowerPac

2.8. Exporting and Importing Templates

Continued



2.8. Exporting and Importing Templates

Click OK.

Continued

Action Information If a selected template has existed in Machine Tending PowerPac, there are three options: • Overwrite: the existed template will be replaced by the new imported one. • Change Name: enter a name in the **New** Name text box for the template. The template will be import with the new name. Skip: the template will not be imported. Click OK. Machine Tending Cellphone Has exist in your computer, how do you want to Proceed it? Overwrite Change Name O Skip New Name 0K pic28-02

A message box appears to inform that all the templates have been imported successfully.

Next time launching the work cell wizard, the imported templates will be display in the library and can be used directly.

Α Action action type 39 edit action 37 Analysis window 54 Auto-place cell components 49 C Cell Wizard create a cell 24 interface 23 Customize cell components 58 Cycle 47 M Machine Tending PowerPac installation 11 key features 8 launching 15 toolbar 20 user interface 19 S Scenario 36 Simulation 51 Simulator 41 Station concept 18 edit stations 35 Statistics information 53