ELDS Brno
Visitors' Guidebook
Dear visitor,

Welcome to the Czech Republic and ELDS Brno. We are very pleased that you have accepted an assignment to the Brno site.

We hope this guidebook will provide you with useful information for your stay.
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Czech Republic
Basic information

Introduction
The Czech Republic is a landlocked European Union member state located in central Europe. The country is bordered to the northeast by Poland; to the northwest and west by Germany; to the south by Austria; and to the east by Slovakia. The capital and largest city is Prague. Prague is the main hub of the Czech Republic and is among the world’s most visited cities. Prague was untouched during WWII and remained relatively free of modern transformation during the communist regime. Only since 1989 have modern developments crept into the city center. There is a large, diverse community of expatriates from around the world who have relocated to Prague.

Climate conditions
The climate in the Czech Republic is moderately continental, with cold winters, during which the temperature is often below freezing, and warm summers, during which the temperature may exceed 30 °C. Precipitation is frequent, but it’s not abundant in most of the country, amounting to around 400/500 millimeters per year.

The People
The total population of the Czech Republic is 10.7 million. Most of the population resides in major industrial and cultural centers. The capital city is home to 1.3 million inhabitants. The remaining urban population resides mostly in other cities - Brno, Ostrava, Pilsen, Liberec and Olomouc.

The official language of the country is Czech, which is a language of the West Slavic subgroup of the Slavic languages. There are slight regional dialect differences between Moravians and Bohemians. Many Czechs, especially in business, speak and understand English; however, the second language for many is German (especially in border regions with Germany and Austria).

The standard greeting is a firm handshake, which should be repeated on departure. Men should wait for a woman to extend her hand first. Czechs tend to remain formal with business and work colleagues. Greetings between close friends and relatives are much less formal but the Czechs are not an overtly “touchy” society.
Czech cuisine
Czech cuisine has both influenced and been influenced by the cuisine of surrounding countries. The most popular meals are roast pork with cabbage and dumplings, sirloin in cream sauce or goulash. Czech snacks, which are served in pubs, include fried cheese, pickled sausage (called ‘drowned men’), and fried potato pancakes. Popular drinks include of course the world-famous beer, plum brandy called Slivovitz, herbal liqueurs Fernet Stock and Becherovka and Czech wine.

Currency
The official currency of the Czech Republic is the Czech crown, abbreviated as Kč, with the international abbreviation CZK. One crown consists of 100 hellers, abbreviated as hal. Heller coins have not been in use as of September 1, 2008, but hellers are still incorporated into merchandise prices. The final price is always rounded off to the nearest crown value. As the official currency, the Czech crown is the best and often the only possible currency to use when paying. Although the Czech Republic is part of the European Union, the euro is not widely accepted here. Some stores, restaurants and hotels accept payments in euros, but the exchange rate may not be very good. In most stores it is possible to pay by credit or debit card.

Safety and security
Most visitors to the Czech Republic experience no difficulties but you should be aware of your surroundings in heavily populated cities, especially Prague, where pickpocketing and petty thefts are common.

Public holidays
There are 13 national public holidays each year.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Public holidays</th>
<th>Date</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New Year’s Eve</td>
<td>January 1st</td>
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<tr>
<td>Good Friday</td>
<td>March/April*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Easter Monday</td>
<td>March/April*</td>
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<tr>
<td>Labor Day</td>
<td>May 1st</td>
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<tr>
<td>Liberation Day</td>
<td>May 8th</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saints Cyril and Methodius Day</td>
<td>July 5th</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jan Hus Day</td>
<td>July 6th</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. Wenceslaus Day</td>
<td>September 28th</td>
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<tr>
<td>Independent Czechoslovak state Day</td>
<td>October 28th</td>
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<tr>
<td>Struggle for Freedom and Democracy</td>
<td>November 17th</td>
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<tr>
<td>Christmas Eve</td>
<td>December 24th</td>
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<tr>
<td>Christmas Day</td>
<td>December 25th</td>
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<tr>
<td>St. Stephen’s Day</td>
<td>December 26th</td>
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</tbody>
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* Easter is traditionally celebrated on the first Sunday after the Paschal full moon, which is the first full moon on or after 21st March

Stores with more than 200 square meters size must be closed on 7 public holidays - New Year’s Eve, Easter Monday, May 8th, September 28th, December 25th and 26th. Only smaller shops, pharmacies, fuel stations stores, airplanes stations and hospital will be open on these days if you require any of their goods or services.

Useful phrases
Hello   Ahoj
Good morning   Dobré ráno
Good afternoon   Dobré odpoledne
Good evening   Dobrý večer
Good night   Dobrou noc
Goodbye   Nashledanou
Yes   Ano
No   Ne
Please   Prosím
Thank you   Děkuji
Do you speak English?   Mluvite anglicky?
ABB CZ

All ABB divisions represented in the Czech Republic

ABB has been operating in the Czech Republic through its products and services since 1970, but the formal establishment of the company dates to 1992, when the first Czech company called ABB was founded. During the 1990s, the ABB group of companies in the Czech Republic gradually expanded to include other companies to today’s form, ABB s.r.o.

ABB Czech Republic not only monitors trends, but also contributes to setting them through its innovation and research activities. Among other things, it is also a pioneer of e-mobility and charging infrastructure solutions. An expression of appreciation for efforts in this area is, for example, the prestigious Golden Amper 2019 Honorable Mention awarded this year for a high-performance 175 kW charging station for electric vehicles.

Currently, you can find it in 7 locations, with the most important engineering, research and development centers and production plants in Brno, Prague, Ostrava and Jablonec nad Nisou. ABB employs around 3,000 people in the Czech Republic, of which more than 2,100 are from ELDS Brno.

All ABB divisions are represented in the country - Electrification in Brno, Prague and Jablonec nad Nisou, Industrial Automation in Prague, Brno, Most, Pilsen and Ostrava, Motion and Robotics & Discrete automation in Prague and Ostrava. The Power Grids business, which is now in a process of transfer to Hitachi, was located in Trutnov, Prague and Brno.
Brno
City introduction

Introduction
Brno, lying between the Bohemian-Moravian forested highlands and the fertile South Moravian lowlands with vineyards, offers its residents and visitors a high-quality and attractive natural environment for living, business and recreation. The population is almost 400 000 people and Brno is also known as “a city of universities” with more than 86 000 students at 14 universities and 3 university campuses.

Culture
The city is a unique cultural center of the whole region. There are permanent theatre ensembles, opera, ballet and musical stages, a philharmonic orchestra, and you can also visit a number of museums, galleries and libraries, a recently modernized observatory and planetarium, a zoo and a botanical garden. More than 20 festivals of culture and theatre take place in the city each year. Brno is remarkable for its unique functionalist architecture including an icon of functionalism – Villa Tugendhat, which is inscribed on the UNESCO World Heritage List.

Architecture
Dominating historical features of the city are the fortress of Špilberk castle and the Cathedral of Saint Peter and Paul. The unique medieval Ossuary under the St. James Church is a new tourist attraction, as well as a complex of underground corridors and cellars running underneath the whole downtown. Within the reach of public transport (tram and boat) you may visit Veveri castle on the side of the Brno dam.

Sports
Brno is also an important center for team sports, namely hockey, football, basketball, volleyball and others. Brno citizens can use a wide range of cycling trails, sports and fitness centers, indoor and outdoor swimming pools, multipurpose halls and playgrounds, gym halls, ice rinks and the Brno lake. Each year, the Brno Racing Circuit hosts the World Road Bike Championship, MotoGP of the Czech Republic.

Science
Brno is a place where science resonates. It is home to a number of scientific institutions and research institutes, 13 universities and, what is essential and pleasant, science is reflected in the cultural and social life of the city and there are several popular educational institutions, which throughout the year approach in a comprehensible and attractive form of science to the general public.
History

Man has lived in the Brno basin since prehistoric times, and there was a settlement on the site of today’s city at the time of the Great Moravian Empire. Around the year 1000, a settlement was established on a ford across the River Svratka, now known as Old Brno, and it was this that gave the city its name.

In the 14th century, the city became the seat of the Moravian Margraves and underwent a period of great expansion; at this time there were about 1,000 buildings and 11,000 inhabitants.

In 1643 and 1645, Brno was the only city to successfully defend the Swedish besiegement, thereby allowing the Austrian Empire to reform their armies and to repel the Swedish pressure.

During the Thirty Years’ War Brno became the only capital of Moravia, and from 1641 the regional Moravian records were held in Brno. Following the Thirty Years’ War the city became an impregnable baroque fortress. In 1742, the Prussians vainly attempted to conquer the city, and the position of Brno was confirmed with the establishment of a bishopric in 1777.

In the 18th century development of industry and trade began to take place, which continued into the next century. In Brno there was a concentration of textile and engineering industries, which rapidly adopted the most modern technology.

During the First Republic Brno was the second city after Prague – both in terms of its population and also in importance, as it was the capital city of the Moravia/Silesia Province. It was during this period that the Masaryk University was established (1919). The city was not only a center of industry and commerce, but also of education and culture.

The Second World War caused serious damage to Brno. During the Nazi occupation many Czech citizens were executed in the city.

At the beginning of the Communist era in Czechoslovakia, in 1948, the government abolished Moravian autonomy and Brno hence ceased to be the capital of Moravia. Since then Moravia has been divided into administrative regions and Brno is the administrative center of the South Moravian Region.

Considerable political and economic changes came after 1989. The Velvet Revolution or Gentle Revolution was a non-violent transition of power in what was then Czechoslovakia, occurring from November 17th to December 29th, 1989. Popular demonstrations against the one-party government of the Communist Party of Czechoslovakia combined students and older dissidents. The result was the end of 41 years of one-party rule in Czechoslovakia, and the subsequent dismantling of the planned economy and conversion to a parliamentary republic.

In 1993 the country peacefully split into the independent countries of the Czech Republic and Slovakia. The Czech Republic joined NATO on 12 March 1999 and the European Union on 1st May 2004. On 21st December 2007, the Czech Republic joined the Schengen Area.
Špilberk Castle
For over seven centuries, Špilberk Castle has dominated the skyline of Brno, a reminder of the safety and protection it provided. However, there have been times in the history of Brno when the fortress inspired fear and represented oppression for the citizens of the city.

Cathedral of St. Peter and Paul
It would be difficult to imagine the panorama of Brno without the two towers of the Cathedral of Saint Peter and Paul. Petrov stands on a hill in the historical center of the city and thus already welcomes all visitors to the city from afar.

Villa Tugendhat
The Villa of Greta and Fritz Tugendhat, designed by the architect Ludwig Mies van der Rohe and built in 1929–1930, is a monument of modern architecture, and is the only example of modern architecture in the Czech Republic inscribed in the list of UNESCO World Cultural Heritage sites.

St. James Church
One of the country’s most valuable late Gothic buildings, the Church of St James in Brno was first mentioned in writing in 1228. Originally a Romanesque building, it was later replaced by a Gothic church.

Freedom Square
Brno’s most significant square located in its historic center. The beating heart of Brno.

Cabbage market and Parnas fountain
The square has been a place where the local citizens buy fruit, vegetables, flowers, etc. The square is dominated by a monumental Baroque fountain, called ‘Parnas’, by Johann Bernhard Fischer von Erlach. Another point of interest is Reduta, one of the oldest theatre buildings in central Europe.

Labyrinth under the Cabbage market
The passageways in the Labyrinth under the Vegetable Market lead to unique and mysterious places, including medieval cellars hidden six to eight meters below ground. Visitors learn how food, wine, and beer were once stored and how this underground space used to be lit, and also see a collection of archaeological findings.
Old Town Hall
Today, the Old Town Hall serves mainly cultural purposes, as it houses a gallery, an information center, and a permanent exhibition on its history. In summer, you can visit its historical halls and climb up the 63-metre tower to enjoy an impressive view of Brno from the top.

Ossuary underneath the Church of St. James
After Paris, Brno has the second-largest ossuary in Europe. The number of people buried here is estimated to exceed 50 000.

The Brno Dam
The Brno Dam is a hydraulic structure on the Svatka River. These days, the body of water around it is a favorite get-away spot for sport, relaxation, and recreation.

Veveří Castle
One of the oldest castles in Moravia and the entire country. Veveří Castle is a short trip by car from Brno, and it’s also easy to reach by public transportation. The castle itself is situated on a rocky promontory towering over the Svatka River near the Brno Dam. It is best viewed from the boats that regularly cruise the river below it.

Brno Observatory and Planetarium
To fly into space, investigate the micro world, discover the secret of life, immerse yourself into the realm of fantasy, partially reveal the future and live a science-fiction story. All of that (and much more) can be found at the Brno Observatory and Planetarium.

The Brno Zoo
The Brno Zoo has been serving the public for over 60 years. Funded by the city of Brno, the Brno Zoo had its opening ceremony on 30th August 1953. Located on an attractive site on Monk’s Hill in Brno-Bystrc, the Zoo covers an area of over 65 hectares. Its polar bear breeding program, as well as its unique breeding program for endangered Warren’s galliwasps, distinguish it among the zoos of Europe.

Moravian Karst
The Moravian Karst is one of the most important karst areas of Central Europe. In the area of the Moravian Karst, there are more than 1100 caverns and gorges.

Theatres
Mohen Theatre, Janáček Theatre, Reduta, Goose on a String Theatre, Brno City Theatre and Radost Theatre – the possibilities are quite wide.

Brno Technical Museum
Moravia’s largest technical museum. The direct predecessor of the Technical Museum in Brno was the Archive for History of Industry, Commerce, and Technical Works, established in 1936.
ELDS Brno
Factory information

General information
With more than 2,100 employees, ELDS Brno is the biggest ABB venue in the Czech Republic and one of the biggest employers in Brno. The production of both medium-voltage and low-voltage air insulated switchgear is the biggest in Europe and the production of instrument transformers and sensors the biggest in the world. The plant’s Technology center has leading competence in ABB’s development of MV, LV AIS and IT&S worldwide.

History
The company was founded by Robelt Bartelmus in 1887. Two years later, Josef Donát joined the company and the factory achieved its first successes under the name Bartelmus-Donát.

In 1894, the company registered its first patent for an improved arc lamp design. It was the very first patent in the entire Austro-Hungarian monarchy.

Production of the first instrument transformer dates to 1919 and in 1927 the company reacted to increasing competition and became part of the Škoda concern.

During World War II, specifically in 1945, the plant was bombed. However, all technical documentation was located on the ground floor with a reinforced concrete ceiling and important know-how was preserved. The factory managed to start producing again in the same year and made a significant contribution to the renewal of electricity supplies for war-torn Brno.

In 1949, the plant was separated from the Škoda Group. The newly independent plant had to be named. In the highest political circles, the decision was made that the company would bear the name of a martyred journalist - Julius Fučík. It was then known as the Electrical Engineering Plant of Julius Fučík, or EJF for short.

In 1993, ABB bought 100% of the plant’s shares. Significant capital investments, which are now in the order of billions of CZK, have enabled its growth and significant modernization of production.

Units
ELDS Brno is divided into the Technology Center and five Local Product Groups:
- Switchgear
- Instrument Transformers & Sensors
- Packaging & E-houses
- Digital Solution Center
- Service

Locations
The plant is located in two areas. Management, IT&S, Packaging & E-houses, the Digital Solution Center, Service, the medium-voltage R&D and medium-voltage part of Switchgear production are located on Vídeňská street. Production and R&D of low-voltage switchgear is located a few kilometers north on Heršpická street.
ELDS Brno
Factory’s units

**MV & LV Switchgear**

The Switchgear unit is the largest in the entire Brno plant in terms of sales, production area and number of employees. Both LV and MV switchgear productions are the biggest AIS plants in Europe. MV switchgears are supplied to approximately 100 countries and LV switchgears to 50 countries.

The unit focuses on the production of MV air insulated switchgear for primary applications up to 24 kV and low voltage front access switchgear s up to 690 V and 100 kA based on IEC 61439 2 type MNS 3.0 since 1997.

All main types of UniGear family including UniGear Digital solution are produced in ABB Brno, namely UniGear ZS1, UniGear 550, UniGear 500R and UniGear MCC. UniGear ZS3.2 and Is limiter are the products offered in cooperation with other ABB factories.

In the LV field, ELDS Brno is ABB’s only production factory of MNS IS and NeoGear state of the art products.

**Instrument Transformers & Sensors**

IT&S is the second biggest ELDS Brno unit and the biggest instrument transformers and sensors production in the world. The unit can benefit from know-how obtained over more than 100 years since the first produced piece. Its products are supplied to approximately 90 countries. Since 1993, when the plant became part of ABB, more than 2 million pieces were produced.

The portfolio contains 82 types and ca. 1,400 subtypes of instrument transformers and 30 types of sensors.

The offering consists of indoor and outdoor conventional instrument transformers, indoor and outdoor cable current transformers, current transformers for special application and current, voltage and combined sensors.

**Packaging & E-houses**

Packaging & E-houses are the fastest growing unit of the Brno plant. The unit was established in 2015 and since then has delivered more than 300 modular systems to 30 countries and has become one of ABB’s most important e-house plants in the world.

The portfolio consists of a modular station with a portfolio of LV/MV switchgear with a full auxiliary service system including engineering, project management, testing and site activities.

The typical project with a full design up to 40,5 kV consists of the eHouse/SKID modular system, a complete switchgear portfolio (MV/LV, AIS/GIS), distribution transformers, complex engineering with full solution delivery, HVAC, Fire&Gas system, UPS, DC system with battery rooms and other auxiliary systems, commissioning/pre-commissioning, supervision, installations at site, site project management and others upon agreement.
Digital Solution Center

Established in 2020, the Digital Solution Center is the youngest unit in Brno. DSC provides protection and communication within substations, remote data transmission to control rooms, control systems and more. The goal is the widest possible digitization of primary energy distribution and data centers.

Service

The Service unit helps customers keep their equipment operational and safe, increase their reliability and extend their service life, or improve their operating and safety parameters. For this they use state-of-the-art tools, including a customer training center or augmented reality.

The service employees spend roughly around 40,000 manhours a year on sites of customers in approximately 100 countries.

Technology Center

Within ABB ELDS Brno’s Technology Center is the worldwide leader in development of air insulated MV switchgears, instrument transformers and sensors. It is also one of the most important developers of LV switchgears. The local technology center has a state-of-the-art laboratory, enabling the creation and testing of prototypes and various simulations.

The local Technology Center can benefit from expertise in reactive molding, mechanical analysis, dielectric and mechanical (dynamic) simulations, a state-of-the-art technical laboratory and membership in IEC/IEEE committees.

Besides product development, the R&D unit offers sales configurator development and technical lead coordination and coordination of engineering tools development.
Arrival details and transport

Arrival to the plant

**Vídeňská area**

**Arriving by car:**
- Visitor’s parking spaces are located under the Infocenter building (see area plan on page 12). Come to the entrance to the right of the Infocenter. The security staff will direct you to the assigned parking space and show you the way to the reception to check-in.

**Arriving by public transport:**
- You can get to the plant directly from the center of Brno (from Hlavní nádraží station) by tram number 2. Get off at the Ořechovská stop and follow the plan below.

**Heršpická area**

**Arriving by car:**
- Arrive to the gatehouse and follow the instructions of the security staff who will give you permission to access the area and direct you to the parking space in front of the main building. Right after entering the building you will reach the reception to check-in.

**Arriving by public transport:**
- From the city center you can use tram number 2 from Hlavní nádraží or tram number 5 from the Česká station. Get off at the Ústřední hřbitov station and follow the plan in the next column.

Transport from/to the airport

**Brno Airport**

Brno-Tuřany International Airport is a public international airport located 7.5 km southeast of the center of Brno. In 2019, the Airport handled 543,633 passengers on scheduled and charter flights. For more information visit the website www.brno-airport.cz/en.

**Taxi:**
- We will be happy to assist with the booking of a reliable taxi service for a better price and with the possibility of a Wi-Fi connection (password: 11111111).

**Public transport:**
- Use bus E76 (during day) and N89 (during nights). It will take you directly to the city center in 20 minutes (the Hlavní nádraží station). Don’t forget to buy and mark your ticket (for more information, see the section ‘Other Useful Information’ on page 18).

**Car rentals:**
- You can find six car rentals located in the connecting corridor between the arrival and departure halls.
Vienna International Airport

Vienna International Airport is located in Schwechat, 18 km from the center of Vienna and 40 km from the center of Bratislava. It is the busiest and largest airport in Austria. The airport handles around 27 million passengers a year. Apart from the airport directly in Brno, this is the most convenient airport for the journey to us. For more information visit www.viennaairport.com.

Taxi:
• We will be happy to assist with the booking of a reliable taxi service for a better price and with the possibility of a Wi-Fi connection (password: 11111111).

Public transport:
• Flixbus or RegioJet busses will take you directly to the Brno city center. Book your ride on www.regiojet.com or www.flixbus.com.

Car rentals:
You can find fourteen car rentals in level 0 of the multi-store car park 4 (P4) which can be reached by a short covered underground passage.

Prague Airport

Vaclav Havel Prague International Airport or Prague/Ruzyně is a public international airport located on the northwestern outskirts of Prague. In 2019, it handled a record 17.8 million passengers on more than 154,000 aircraft take-offs and landings. For more information visit www.prg.aero/en.

Taxi:
• We will be happy to assist with the booking of a reliable taxi service for a better price and with the possibility of a Wi-Fi connection (password: 11111111).

Public transport:
• Flixbus or RegioJet busses will take you directly to the Brno city center. Book your ride on www.regiojet.com or www.flixbus.com.

Car rentals:

Car rentals:
• There are seven car rentals located at the airport.

Bratislava International Airport

Bratislava International Airport or M. R. Štefánik International Airport Bratislava is the main international airport in Slovakia in Bratislava. It is located on the northeastern outskirts of Bratislava, 9 km from the center, in the town Ružínov. The airport handles around 2 million passengers a year. For more information visit www.bts.aero/en.

Taxi:
• We will be happy to assist with the booking of a reliable taxi service for a better price and with the possibility of a Wi-Fi connection (password: 11111111).

Public transport:
• There is no direct line between the airport and Brno. Use the day bus number 61 or 96 or night bus N61 to get to the city center and transfer to RegioJet bus or Czech Railways train to Brno. Use the Idos website or app to see the departures (see the ‘Other Useful Information’ section on the following page) and book your ride on www.cd.cz/en or www.regiojet.com.

Car rentals:
• There are nine car rentals located in the public area of the Arrivals terminal.

Recommended hotels

• Best Western Premier Hotel International Brno
• Hotel Continental Brno
• Courtyard by Marriott Brno
• Quality Hotel Brno Exhibition Centre
• Grandhotel Brno
• Barceló Brno Palace
• OREA Hotel Voronez I
Useful information

Emergency information

**Emergency numbers**
- Universal emergency number: 112
- Fire department: 150
- Ambulance: 155
- Police of the Czech Republic: 158
- Metropolitan Police: 156

**ELDS Brno fire station:** +420 547 152 441

**Hospitals**
- Fakultní nemocnice Brno
  - Jihlavská 20, 625 00 Brno
- Fakultní nemocnice u sv. Anny
  - Pekařská 53, 656 91 Brno
- Úrazová nemocnice
  - Ponávka 6, 602 00, Brno
- Fakultní nemocnice Milosrdných bratří
  - Pohlí 3, 639 00 Brno
- Vojenská nemocnice
  - Zábrdovická 3, 636 00 Brno

Other useful information

**Public transportation**
All the connections and departures within the Czech Republic including actual delays are available on:
- [Idos.cz mobile app](https://idos.cz)

The basic tickets for one travel in Brno cost 20 CZK for 15 minutes or 25 CZK for 60 minutes. You can use both in two zones which comfortably cover most of the city, including travel to both ELDS Brno locations. If you decide to use the public transportation more frequently, you can buy a one day ticket for 90 CZK or five days for 250 CZK. You can buy the tickets in the yellow slot machines on most bus stops or in the transport company sales points. Newly you can also simply use MasterCard, Visa, GooglePay or ApplePay, tap your card against the reader every time you board a vehicle and after the whole day of travel, price for the most cost efficient ticket combination will be charged.

For more information see the websites:

**Tourist information centers**
- +420 542 427 111
- **Offices:**
  - Panenská 712/1
  - Radnická 368/8
  - Main Railway Station (Nádražní 418/1)
  - Airport (Brno-Tuřany 904/1)
  - The Brno Dam (Přístavní - Bystrc Port)

**Food delivery**
- Dáme jídlo mobile app od damejidlo.cz
- Wolt mobile app or Wolt.com

**Roaming Partners**
- O2
- T-Mobile
- Vodafone
Additional information

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